

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS**

EASTERN DIVISION

MATTHEW J. SHARP, individually and on behalf
of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; and BANK OF
AMERICA CORPORATION,

Defendants.

Case No. 1:19-cv-5223

CLASS ACTION

(JURY TRIAL DEMANDED)

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Matthew J. Sharp, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, complains and alleges as follows based on personal knowledge as to himself, on the investigation of his counsel, and on information and belief as to all other matters:

NATURE OF ACTION

1. Plaintiff brings this Class Action Complaint against Bank of America, N.A. and Bank of America Corporation (collectively, “Bank of America” or “Defendant”) for legal and equitable remedies resulting from Bank of America’s practices of improperly assessing \$35.00 fees to its customers for overdrafts triggered by non-recurring transactions initiated with “decoupled” debit cards issued by Target, Speedway, and numerous other convenience stores, grocery stores, retailers, and other companies nationwide.

2. At all times relevant to this action, Bank of America’s relationship with Plaintiff and all of its other personal deposit account holders has been governed by a standardized set of contractual documents, comprised of the “Deposit Agreement and Disclosures” and the incorporated “Personal Schedule of Fees” and “Card Agreement and Disclosures” – the terms of which are drafted by Bank of America, amended by Bank of America from time to time at its convenience and complete and sole discretion, and uniformly imposed by Bank of America on all

of its accountholders. *See* Compl., Exhibit A (“Deposit Agreement and Disclosures” (hereinafter, the “Deposit Agreement”)), at 2 (“You understand that these terms, as we may change or supplement them periodically, are a binding contract between you and us for your deposit account and your deposit relationship.”); *see id.*, Exhibit B (“Personal Schedule of Fees” (hereinafter, the “Schedule of Fees”)), at 1 (“Your account and deposit relationship with us are governed by this schedule of fees and the Deposit Agreement and Disclosures. . . . These agreements are part of the binding contract between you and us for your account and deposit relationship.”); *see id.*, Exhibit C (“Card Agreement and Disclosure” (hereinafter “Card Agreement”)), at 1 (“This Card Agreement and the applicable Schedule of Electronic Fees and Dollar Limits on Transactions are a contract between you and us (‘Card Agreement’) regarding your Bank of America debit card or ATM card, Business ATM card, or Access Device. It describes the electronic banking services you can use with your Card (defined below) and includes information about our rights and obligations. This Card Agreement, which is part of the Deposit Agreement and Disclosures and related Personal Schedule of Fees or Business Schedule of Fees (collectively, the ‘Deposit Agreement’) apply to each Bank of America deposit account that you link to your Card.”).

3. Since June of 2010, in the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement, Bank of America has promised its accountholders that any “non-recurring” transaction initiated with any type of “debit card” is absolutely immune from the assessment of an overdraft fee – and yet over that same period of time has systematically assessed \$35.00 fees to its accountholders for overdrafts triggered by numerous types of “non-recurring” transactions initiated with numerous types of “debit cards.” By assessing fees for overdrafts caused by one-time, “non-recurring” transactions initiated with “debit cards,” Bank of America breached the Deposit Agreement and Schedule of Fees, the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and various other legal obligations owed to its accountholders, and unjustly enriched itself.

4. For people living paycheck to paycheck, like Plaintiff and other members of the Class (defined below), the improper overdraft fees at issue in this case not only damaged them monetarily but have had a serious effect on their everyday lives.

5. On behalf of themselves and the other members of the Class, Plaintiff brings this action to recover all of the improperly-assessed overdraft fees at issue in this case, and for other legal and equitable remedies.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. The Court has original jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d)(2) & (6), because there are greater than 100 members of the putative class; because the claims of the putative class members far exceed \$5 million in the aggregate, exclusive of interest and costs; and because at least one of the members of the proposed class is a citizen of a state different from Bank of America.

7. Personal jurisdiction and venue are proper in Illinois and within this District because Plaintiff Sharp is a resident and citizen of Illinois and maintains a personal deposit account with Bank of America at a Bank of America financial institution located in Glendale Heights, Illinois, within this District; because Plaintiff's claims alleged herein arose in substantial part in Illinois and within this District; and because Bank of America does substantial business in Illinois and throughout this District.

PARTIES

8. Plaintiff Sharp is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a resident and citizen of Illinois. At all times mentioned herein, Plaintiff Sharp maintained a personal checking account with Bank of America that was opened at a Bank of America branch in Glendale Heights, Illinois.

9. Bank of America is a national bank with its headquarters and principal place of business in Charlotte, North Carolina. Bank of America provides, inter alia, retail banking products and services to consumers, including personal deposit accounts. Bank of America operates banking centers throughout Illinois and the United States.

BACKGROUND

10. Fee-based overdraft programs cost American consumers at least \$23.7 billion each year in the aggregate — more than the loans extended in exchange for such fees, which amount to

approximately \$21.3 billion annually.¹ Transactions initiated with debit cards, the most common triggers of overdraft fees, cause an average overdraft of approximately \$17.00 yet trigger an average fee of approximately \$35.00.² Most consumers do not learn of an overdraft for two or more days, exposing them to heightened risks of additional overdraft fees in the interim.³

11. The overwhelming majority of overdraft fees are paid by chronic overdrafters, who are typically those least able to afford such fees or recover from them once incurred.⁴ These “heavy overdrafters” generally have household incomes below the U.S. average and pay nearly a full week’s worth of those incomes on overdraft fees each year.⁵

12. Seniors, young adults, military families, and the unemployed are hit particularly hard.⁶ Americans aged 55 and older pay over \$6.2 billion in overdraft fees annually⁷ — \$2.5

¹ Leslie Parrish, *Overdraft Explosion: Bank fees for overdrafts increase 35% in two years*, Center for Responsible Lending, Oct. 6, 2009, available at <http://www.responsiblelending.org/overdraftloans/research-analysis/crl-overdraft-explosion.pdf>.

² Eric Halperin, Lisa James, and Peter Smith, *Debit Card Danger: Banks offer little warning and few choices as customers pay a high price for debit card overdrafts*, Center for Responsible Lending, at 25, Jan. 25, 2007, available at <http://www.responsiblelending.org/overdraftloans/research-analysis/Debit-Card-Danger-report.pdf>.

³ The Pew Charitable Trusts, *Overdrawn: Persistent Confusion and Concern About Bank Overdraft Practices*, June 2014, at 9-10, available at http://www.pewtrusts.org/~media/assets/2014/06/26/safe_checking_overdraft_survey_report.pdf.

⁴ Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, *Data Point: Checking Account Overdraft*, at 18, July 2014, available at http://files.consumerfinance.gov/f/201407_cfpb_report_data-point_overdrafts.pdf.

⁵ The Pew Charitable Trusts, *Heavy Overdrafters: A Financial Profile*, at 1, Apr. 2016, available at <http://www.pewtrusts.org/~media/assets/2016/04/heavyoverdrafters.pdf>.

⁶ See FDIC Study of Bank Overdraft Programs (Nov. 2008), at v.; Leslie Parrish, *Consumers Want Informed Choice on Overdraft Fees and Banking Options*, CRL Research Brief, Apr. 16, 2008, available at <http://www.responsiblelending.org/overdraft-loans/research-analysis/final-caravan-survey-4-16-08.pdf>; see also Comments of the Center for Responsible Lending to Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on Proposed Rule to Amend Regulation E—Overdraft Practices, Part II.B.1(b), pp. 10-12, Mar. 30, 2009, available at http://www.responsiblelending.org/overdraft-loans/policylegislation/regulators/comments-regulation-e_overdraft-practices.pdf.

⁷ Leslie Parrish and Peter Smith, *Shredded Security: Overdraft practices drain fees from older Americans*, Center for Responsible Lending, June 18, 2008, available at <http://www.responsiblelending.org/overdraftloans/research-analysis/shredded-security.pdf>.

billion for transactions initiated with debit cards and ATM transactions alone.⁸ Those who depend the most on Social Security pay \$1.4 billion in overdraft fees each year.⁹

13. As the financial toll of fee-based overdraft programs has increasingly and disproportionately fallen on the shoulders of our most vulnerable citizens, big banks have steadily become more and more reliant on overdraft fees as a revenue source. By way of illustration, big banks in the United States with assets exceeding \$1 billion reported \$11.16 billion in overdraft fee revenue in 2015 – a sum that constituted nearly two-thirds of all consumer deposit account revenue for those banks that year.

14. For Bank of America in particular, overdraft has evolved from an occasional courtesy into a product that it depends upon for revenue. In 2016, for instance, Bank of America generated more than \$1.7 billion in revenue attributable to \$35.00 overdraft fees, paid largely by its poorest customers (as discussed above). On average, each Bank of America deposit account holder pays \$497.18 on overdraft fees each year.¹⁰

15. Faced with heightened regulatory scrutiny in recent years, Bank of America has implemented various new strategies to feed its insatiable appetite for overdraft fee and other fee-based revenue.¹¹ This case concerns one such strategy, executed by Bank of America in clear breach of its standardized contract with (as well as various other legal obligations owed to) its accountholders over the past decade.

⁸ *Id.*

⁹ *Id.* At 6, Table 1.

¹⁰ Byrne, John, *Bank Fees rise to all-time high – and nobody can stop them*, New York Post, Mar. 12, 2017, available at <https://nypost.com/2017/03/12/bank-fees-rise-to-all-time-high-and-nobody-can-stop-them/>.

¹¹ See, e.g., *Farrell v. Bank of America, N.A.*, Case No. 3:16-cv-00492-L-WVG (S.D. Cal.) (\$66.6 million settlement for improper extended overdraft fees); *Bodnar v. Bank of America, N.A.*, Case No. 5:14-cv-3224-EGS (E.D. Pa.) (\$27.5 million settlement for improper overdraft fees charged despite sufficient available funds); *Pantelyat v. Bank of America, N.A.*, Case No. 1:16-cv-8964-AJN (S.D.N.Y.) (\$22 million settlement for improper overdraft fees charged on non-recurring transactions with Uber).

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

I. Decoupled Debit Cards Linked to Personal Deposit Accounts at Bank of America

16. Bank of America issues “debit cards” to its personal deposit account holders. These devices are linked to account holders’ deposit accounts at Bank of America and may be used to initiate transactions from the personal deposit accounts to which they are linked, including to initiate transactions for the purchase of goods and services at stores where such devices are accepted.

17. Additionally, over the past decade, numerous merchants throughout the country (including many retail stores, gas stations, grocers, and convenience stores) have also issued “debit cards” to their customers that are capable of being linked to personal deposit accounts at Bank of America and other financial institutions. This “decoupled” type of “debit card” is also a device capable of being linked to an account holder’s deposit account at Bank of America and may likewise be used to initiate transactions from the personal deposit account at Bank of America to which it is linked, including to initiate transactions for the purchase of goods and services at stores where such device is accepted. Companies that have issued such “debit cards” to their customers since 2010 include, by way of example and without limitation, Speedway, Target, Citgo, 7-Eleven, Royal Farms, Murphy USA, Flash Foods, Ricker’s, Cumberland Farms, and CircleK, among numerous others.

18. Between June 2010 and the present, millions of Bank of America account holders have linked such companies’ decoupled “debit cards” to their personal deposit accounts at Bank of America.

II. The Deposit Agreement and Incorporated Documents Govern the Assessment of Fees for Overdrafts Triggered by any Transactions Initiated with any “Debit Cards”

19. The Deposit Agreement defines “debit card” as, inter alia, any card “use[d] . . . to pay for purchases at merchants that accept debit cards[.]” (Ex. A at 1.)

20. Likewise, the document titled “Card Agreement and Disclosure,” which is provided to all personal deposit account holders at Bank of America, defined “Card” as follows: “‘Card’

means a personal Bank of America debit card, personal ATM card, Business ATM Card, mini card, mobile tag or any other Access Device that is linked to at least one deposit account with us.” (Ex. C at 1 (hereinafter, the “Card Agreement”) (emphasis added).) “Access Device” is in turn defined in the Card Agreement and Disclosures as follows: “‘Access Device’ means a card, code or other means of access to a customer’s account or any combination that may be used to initiate electronic funds transfers. Electronic Funds Transfers include all transfers resulting from debit cards, ATM cards, electronic payments, credits and transfers, telephone transfers, and online banking transactions.” (*Id.* (emphasis added).)

21. Thus, any type of “debit card” linked to and capable of initiating a transaction that debits a Bank of America personal deposit account constitutes a “Card” within the meaning of the Card Agreement and a “debit card” within the meaning of the Card Agreement, Deposit Agreement, and Schedule of Fees. (*See id.* at 1 (definitions of “Card” and “Access Device”); *see also id.* (“This Card Agreement and the applicable Schedule of Electronic Fees and Dollar Limits on Transactions are a contract between you and us (‘Card Agreement’) regarding your Bank of America debit card or ATM card, Business ATM card, or Access Device. It describes the electronic banking services you can use with your Card (defined below) and includes information about our rights and obligations. This Card Agreement, which is part of the Deposit Agreement and Disclosures and related Personal Schedule of Fees or Business Schedule of Fees (collectively, the ‘Deposit Agreement’) apply to each Bank of America deposit account that you link to your Card. If this Card Agreement and any other provisions of the Deposit Agreement are inconsistent, this Card Agreement governs. . . . You agree to the terms of this Card Agreement by activating, using a Card or allowing another person to use a Card.”) (emphasis added).)

III. In Early 2010, Bank of America Publicly Promises its Customers, in Articles in *The New York Times* and Elsewhere, that “Non-Recurring” Transactions Initiated with “Debit Cards” Would Henceforth be Immune from Overdraft Fees

22. In early 2010, Bank of America suddenly promised its account holders that, effective June 1, 2010, it would cease charging \$35.00 overdraft fees as a result of “one-time,” “non-recurring” transactions initiated with a “debit card” where there are insufficient available

funds to cover any such transactions in the personal deposit accounts linked to any such card. At the same time, however, Bank of America told its account holders that it would continue charging \$35.00 overdraft fees as a result of “recurring” transactions initiated with a “debit card” where there are insufficient available funds to cover any such transactions in the personal deposit accounts linked to any such card. Thus, in early 2010, Bank of America for the first time adopted a radical distinction, which had significant implications on its overdraft fee-assessment policies, between two categories of transactions initiated with a “debit card”: (1) transactions initiated on a one-time “non-recurring” basis with a “debit card” (which it promised would be absolutely protected from overdraft fees); and (2) transactions initiated on a “recurring” basis with a “debit card” (which it said could be subjected to overdraft fees).

23. Bank of America seized upon the distinction it had draw between non-recurring transactions initiated with “debit cards” and recurring transactions initiated with “debit cards” to publicly tout, through a massive media effort at the time, its supposedly pro-consumer decision not to assess fees as a result of overdrafts triggered by the former category of transactions. Susan Faulkner, an executive at Bank of America, was quoted by CNN in 2010 as follows: “Our customers have been clear that they want to know if a purchase is going to overdraw their account.”¹²

24. Around the same time, an article in *The New York Times* stated: “In a move that could bring an end to the \$40 cup of coffee, Bank of America said on Tuesday that it was doing away with overdraft fees on purchases made with debit cards[.] Bank [of America] officials said that effective this summer, customers who try to make purchases with their debit cards without enough money in their checking accounts will simply be declined.”¹³ Faulkner was quoted in the

¹² Hibah Yousuf, *BofA to scrap overdraft fees on debit purchases*, CNN Money, Mar. 10 , 2010, *available at* http://money.cnn.com/2010/03/10/news/companies/Bank_of_America_overdraft_fees/ (emphasis added).

¹³ Andrew Martin, *Bank of America to End Debit Card Overdraft Fees*, The New York Times, Mar. 9, 2010, *available at* <http://www.nytimes.com/2010/03/10/your-money/credit-and-debit-cards/10overdraft.html> (emphasis added).

piece in *The New York Times* as well: “What our customers kept telling me is ‘just don’t let me spend money that I don’t have’. . . . We wanted to help them avoid those unexpected overdraft fees.”¹⁴ Critically, Bank of America’s promises of immunity for one-time, non-recurring transactions initiated with “debit cards” were not limited solely to such transactions initiated with Bank of America-issued “debit cards,” but rather broadly encompassed any and all one-time, “non-recurring” transactions initiated with any and all “debit cards” linked to personal deposit accounts at Bank of America.

25. Accordingly, as Bank of America clearly intended, the new distinction it had publicly announced between “non-recurring” and “recurring” “debit card”-initiated transactions led its customers nationwide to begin initiating one-time, “non-recurring” transactions with various types of “debit cards” linked to their deposit accounts with the expectation, given to them by Bank of America, that such transactions could not possibly trigger any overdraft fees.

IV. In June 2010, Bank of America Amends the Deposit Agreement to Incorporate its Promise of Overdraft-Fee Immunity for Non-Recurring Transactions Initiated with “Debit Cards”

26. On or about June 1, 2010, after repeatedly making these promises to the American public, in *The New York Times* and elsewhere, Bank of America took pen to paper and memorialized these significant, material promises in its standardized Deposit Agreement with its personal deposit account holders, including Plaintiff and members of the Class. Specifically, Bank of America revised the Deposit Agreement, effective June 1, 2010, to include the following contractual provisions:

OVERDRAFT AND DECLINED OR RETURNED ITEMS

When we determine that you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover a check or other item, then we consider the check or other item an insufficient funds item. If you have enrolled in one of the optional Overdraft Protection plans and have enough available funds in the linked account under the Overdraft Protection plan, we transfer funds to cover the item. Otherwise, without notice to you, we either authorize or pay the insufficient funds item and

¹⁴ *Id.* (emphasis added).

overdraw your account (an overdraft item) or we decline or return the insufficient funds item without payment (a returned item). . . .

PERSONAL ACCOUNTS - OVERDRAFT PRACTICES AND SETTINGS

With our Standard Overdraft Setting, we do not authorize overdrafts for everyday non-recurring debit card transactions and ATM transactions. This means that we decline everyday non-recurring debit card transactions and ATM transactions when we determine that at the time of the transaction you may not have enough available funds in your account (or in any applicable Overdraft Protection plan) to cover the transaction With this overdraft setting, we may authorize and pay overdrafts for other types of transactions. Other types of transactions include checks and other transactions made using your checking account number, recurring debit card transactions, ACH transactions, preauthorized payments, and automatic and online bill payments.

Ex. A at 11-13, 21-22 (emphasis added). Thus, consistent with its public statements in *The New York Times* and elsewhere, the immunity for non-recurring transactions initiated with “debit cards” that Bank of America had incorporated into the Deposit Agreement was not limited solely to such transactions initiated with Bank of America-issued “debit cards,” but rather broadly encompassed any and all one-time, “non-recurring” transactions initiated with any and all “debit cards” linked to personal deposit accounts at Bank of America.

27. At all times since June 1, 2010, the Deposit Agreement explained this distinction between “non-recurring” and “recurring” transactions initiated with “debit cards” as follows:

What are everyday non-recurring debit card transactions and what are recurring debit card transactions? Everyday non-recurring debit card transactions are usually purchases made with your debit card or debit card number on a one-time or day-today basis. As examples, you use your debit card for purchases of groceries, gas, or coffee in the morning. Recurring debit card transactions are usually transactions that you set up to occur automatically, such as automatic bill payments. As examples, you give merchants your debit card number to use for rent, mortgage, car, or utility payments.

Id. at 12.

28. Similarly, at all times since June 1, 2010, the Schedule of Fees has stated in pertinent part:

We do not charge you an Overdraft Item fee on an everyday non-recurring debit card transaction. We also do not charge you an Overdraft Item fee on a ATM transaction unless you agreed to our

overdraft practices for that particular ATM transaction. We do charge you an Overdraft Item fee each time we authorize and pay any other type of overdraft transaction. These other types of transactions include checks and other transactions made using your checking account number, recurring debit card transactions, Online and automatic bill payments, and ACH transactions.

See Ex. B, at 13 (emphasis added). Again, Bank of America's promise of immunity for one-time, non-recurring transactions initiated with "debit cards" was not limited solely to such transactions initiated with Bank of America-issued "debit cards," but rather broadly encompassed any and all one-time, "non-recurring" transactions initiated with any and all "debit cards" linked to personal deposit accounts at Bank of America.

29. And notably, at all times since June 1, 2010, the Card Agreement has expressly and unequivocally promised accountholders that "everyday non-recurring debit card purchases," initiated with the "use of your Card" (Ex. C at 4-5) – i.e., any type of "Access Device" linked to a Bank of America personal deposit account, including any type of "card" that "may be used to initiate electronic funds transfers" (*id.* at 1) – "will not be subject to overdraft fees" (*id.* at 4-5). Here too, Bank of America's promise of immunity for one-time, non-recurring transactions initiated with "debit cards" was not limited solely to such transactions initiated with Bank of America-issued "debit cards," but rather broadly encompassed any and all one-time, "non-recurring" transactions initiated with any and all "debit cards" linked to personal deposit accounts at Bank of America.

30. Thus, at all times since June 1, 2010, in the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement, Bank of America has promised its personal checking account holders, including Plaintiffs and the other members of the Class defined below, that it would only assess fees for overdrafts triggered by "recurring" transactions initiated with "debit cards," and that it would under no circumstances assess fees for overdrafts triggered by "non-recurring" transactions initiated with "debit cards."

V. Since June 2010, Bank of America has Systematically Assessed Fees for Overdrafts Caused by “Non-Recurring” Transactions Initiated with Decoupled “Debit Cards” Linked to Personal Bank of America Deposit Accounts

31. Despite these contractual promises in effect between June 1, 2010 and the present, Bank of America has systematically assessed fees for “non-recurring” transactions initiated with decoupled “debit cards” that have resulted in overdrafts over that same period of time.

32. For example, on or about May 7, 2018, Plaintiff Sharp used a debit card issued by Speedway and linked to his personal deposit account at Bank of America to initiate a one-time transaction in the amount of \$31.62 at Speedway. This purchase constituted a “non-recurring” transaction made with a “debit card” within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement in effect at that time because the transaction occurred on a one-time, day-to-day basis and had not been set up to occur automatically at a pre-set interval of time, and because the purchase had been initiated with a “card” linked to a Bank of America personal deposit account that was capable of being “used to initiate electronic funds transfers” (Ex. C at 1). Because the \$31.62 purchase that Plaintiff Sharp initiated at Speedway with a “debit card” linked to his Bank of America personal deposit account on or about May 7, 2018 constituted an “everyday non-recurring debit card transaction” within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement (Ex. B at 13), Bank of America was prohibited from assessing a fee to Plaintiff Sharp’s personal deposit account as a result of an overdraft caused by this purchase pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement. Nevertheless, on May 7, 2018, Bank of America assessed a \$35.00 fee to Plaintiff Sharp’s checking account attributable to an overdraft caused by the \$31.62 purchase he had initiated with his Speedway-issued “debit card” linked to such account.

33. As another example, on or about January 3, 2017, Plaintiff Sharp used a debit card issued by Target and linked to his personal deposit account at Bank of America to initiate three one-time transactions in the amounts of \$68.91, \$34.26, and \$20.41 at Target. Each of these purchases constituted a “non-recurring” transaction made with a “debit card” within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement in effect at that time because

each of these transactions occurred on a one-time, day-to-day basis and had not been set up to occur automatically at a pre-set interval of time, and because each of these purchases had been initiated with a “card” linked to a Bank of America personal deposit account that was capable of being “used to initiate electronic funds transfers” (Ex. C at 1). Because the \$68.91, \$34.26, and \$20.41 purchases that Plaintiff Sharp initiated at Target with a “debit card” linked to his Bank of America personal deposit account on or about January 3, 2017 constituted “everyday non-recurring debit card transactions” within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement (Ex. B at 13), Bank of America was prohibited from assessing a fee to Plaintiff Sharp’s personal deposit account as a result of an overdraft caused by any of these three purchases pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement. Nevertheless, on January 3, 2017, Bank of America assessed three separate \$35.00 fees to Plaintiff Sharp’s checking account attributable to overdrafts caused by the \$68.91, \$34.26, and \$20.41 purchases he had initiated with his Target-issued “debit card” linked to such account.

34. As a further example, on or about June 13, 2016, Plaintiff Sharp used a debit card issued by Target and linked to his personal deposit account at Bank of America to initiate a one-time transaction in the amount of \$102.54 at Target. This purchase constituted a “non-recurring” transaction made with a “debit card” within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement in effect at that time because the transaction occurred on a one-time, day-to-day basis and had not been set up to occur automatically at a pre-set interval of time, and because the purchase had been initiated with a “card” linked to a Bank of America personal deposit account that was capable of being “used to initiate electronic funds transfers” (Ex. C at 1). Because the \$102.54 purchase that Plaintiff Sharp initiated at Target with a “debit card” linked to his Bank of America personal deposit account on or about June 13, 2016 constituted an “everyday non-recurring debit card transaction” within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement (Ex. B at 13), Bank of America was prohibited from assessing a fee to Plaintiff Sharp’s personal deposit account as a result of an overdraft caused by this purchase pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement. Nevertheless, on June

13, 2016, Bank of America assessed a \$35.00 fee to Plaintiff Sharp's checking account attributable to an overdraft caused by the \$102.54 purchase he had initiated with his Target-issued "debit card" linked to such account.

35. As a final example, on or about November 2, 2015, Plaintiff Sharp used a debit card issued by Target and linked to his personal deposit account at Bank of America to initiate a one-time transaction in the amount of \$66.25 at Target. This purchase constituted a "non-recurring" transaction made with a "debit card" within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement in effect at that time because the transaction occurred on a one-time, day-to-day basis and had not been set up to occur automatically at a pre-set interval of time, and because the purchase had been initiated with a "card" linked to a Bank of America personal deposit account that was capable of being "used to initiate electronic funds transfers" (Ex. C at 1). Because the \$66.25 purchase that Plaintiff Sharp initiated at Target with a "debit card" linked to his Bank of America personal deposit account on or about November 2, 2015 constituted an "everyday non-recurring debit card transaction" within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement (Ex. B at 13), Bank of America was prohibited from assessing a fee to Plaintiff Sharp's personal deposit account as a result of an overdraft caused by this purchase pursuant to the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, and Card Agreement. Nevertheless, on November 2, 2015, Bank of America assessed a \$35.00 fee to Plaintiff Sharp's checking account attributable to an overdraft caused by the \$66.25 purchase he had initiated with his Target-issued "debit card" linked to such account.

36. The practices alleged above were not only directly contrary to Bank of America's contractual obligations to its account holders, they also flew in the face of its so-called "consumer friendly" overdraft fee policies, which were supposedly designed "to help [customers] avoid . . . unexpected overdraft fees" by "[not] let[ting] [them] spend money that [they] don't have."¹⁵

¹⁵ Andrew Martin, *Bank of America to End Debit Card Overdraft Fees*, The New York Times, Mar. 9, 2010, available at <http://www.nytimes.com/2010/03/10/your-money/credit-and-debit-cards/10overdraft.html> (quoting Bank of America officer Susan Faulkner).

37. By assessing \$35.00 fees for overdrafts caused by one-time, “non-recurring” transactions initiated with decoupled “debit cards” linked to Bank of America deposit accounts, including debit cards issued by such companies as Speedway, Target, Citgo, 7-Eleven, Royal Farms, Murphy USA, Flash Foods, Ricker’s, Cumberland Farms, and CircleK, Bank of America breached the Deposit Agreement and the other documents incorporated therein and the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, engaged in substantively and procedurally unconscionable practices, unlawfully converted funds belonging to its accountholders, and unjustly enriched itself, damaging Plaintiff Sharp and the members of the Class (defined below) monetarily.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

38. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, Plaintiff Sharp brings this action on behalf of himself and all other similarly-situated individuals (the “Class”), defined as follows:

All individuals in the United States who, at any time between June 1, 2010 and the date of any order granting class certification, held a personal deposit account with Bank of America that was assessed a \$35.00 fee (or any other then-applicable overdraft fee amount) by Bank of America for an overdraft caused by a transaction that (1) the individual had initiated using a decoupled debit card linked to his or her personal deposit account; and (2) the individual had not set up in advance to occur automatically at a preset interval of time.

39. Excluded from the Class are Bank of America, its parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, officers and directors, any entity in which Bank of America has a controlling interest, all customers who make a timely election to be excluded, governmental entities, counsel for the parties, and all judges assigned to hear any aspect of this litigation, as well as their immediate family members.

40. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify or amend the definition of the proposed Class before the Court determines whether certification is appropriate.

41. This action satisfies the numerosity, commonality, typicality, adequacy, predominance, and superiority requirements of Rule 23.

42. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder is impractical. On information and belief, the Class consists of at least tens of thousands of members, the identities

of whom are within the knowledge of Bank of America and can be ascertained only by resort to Bank of America's records.

43. The claims of the representative Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the Class in that the representative Plaintiff, like all Class members, was assessed one or more fee by Bank of America between June 1, 2010 and the present as a result of an overdraft caused by a non-recurring transaction initiated through the use of a decoupled debit card. Plaintiff, like each Class member, has been damaged by Bank of America's misconduct in that he was assessed unlawful overdraft fees in breach of the governing Deposit Agreement and related contractual documents and in breach of various other legal obligations owed by Bank of America to its accountholders. Furthermore, the factual basis of Bank of America's misconduct is common to all Class members and represents a common thread of unlawful, unfair, and unconscionable conduct resulting in injury to all members of the Class.

44. There are numerous questions of law and fact common to the Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class members. Among the questions of law and fact common to Class are:

- (i) whether Bank of America assessed fees as a result of overdrafts caused by "non-recurring" transactions (i.e., transactions not set up in advance to occur automatically at preset intervals of time) initiated with decoupled debit cards;
- (ii) whether Bank of America assessed any such fees between June 1, 2010 and the present;
- (iii) whether Bank of America's assessment of such fees breached the Deposit Agreement and Schedule of Fees;
- (iv) the proper method or methods by which to measure damages;
- (v) whether Class members are entitled to interest that have accrued on any improperly assessed fees and/or withheld interest; and
- (vi) the declaratory relief to which Class members are entitled.

45. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of other Class members in that they arise out of the same overdraft fee policies governed by Bank of America's Deposit Agreement and other related contractual documents in effect from June 1, 2010 through the present, and out of the same conduct and practices of Bank of America in assessing fees as a result of "non-recurring" transactions initiated with "debit cards" within the meaning of the Deposit Agreement and other related contractual documents in effect over that period of time. Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to the interests of any other Class member.

46. Plaintiff is committed to the vigorous prosecution of this action and has retained competent counsel experienced in the prosecution of consumer class actions. Accordingly, Plaintiff is an adequate representative and will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class.

47. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Since the amount of each individual Class member's claim is small relative to the complexity of the litigation, and due to the enormity of the financial resources of Bank of America, no Class member could afford to seek legal redress individually for the claims alleged herein, such that, absent a class action, Class members would lose their rights by attrition.

48. Even if Class members could afford such individual litigation, the court system could not. Given the complex legal and factual issues involved in this action, individualized litigation would significantly delay and cause expense to all parties and the Court. Individualized litigation would also create the potential for inconsistent or contradictory rulings. By contrast, a class action presents far fewer management difficulties, allows claims to be heard which might otherwise go unheard because of the relative expense of bringing individual lawsuits, and provides the benefits of adjudication, economies of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

**FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF
BREACH OF CONTRACT**

(By Plaintiff Individually and On Behalf of the Class)

49. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates herein all allegations from paragraphs 1-48 above.

50. Plaintiff and all members of the Class contracted with Bank of America for personal deposit account services, as embodied in Bank of America's Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and other related account documentation in effect between June 1, 2010 and the present.

51. In plain, clear, and simple language, in the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and other related account documentation in effect between June 1, 2010 and the present, Bank of America promised Plaintiff and all other members of the Class (1) that it would not assess a fee for any overdraft caused by a "non-recurring" transaction initiated with a "debit card"; and (2) that it would assess a fee for any overdraft caused by a "recurring" transaction initiated with a "debit card." *See* Ex. A, at 12-13.

52. Between June 1, 2010 and the present, Bank of America systematically breached these contractual promises to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class by routinely assessing fees for overdrafts caused by "non-recurring" transactions initiated with decoupled "debit cards" linked to personal Bank of America deposit accounts between June 1, 2010 and the present, including "non-recurring" transactions initiated with decoupled "debit cards" issued by the following non-exhaustive list of companies: Speedway, Target, Citgo, 7-Eleven, Royal Farms, Murphy USA, Flash Foods, Ricker's, Cumberland Farms, and CircleK.

53. At all times between June 1, 2010 and the present, the transactions at issue in this case, to such companies as Speedway, Target, Citgo, 7-Eleven, Royal Farms, Murphy USA, Flash Foods, Ricker's, Cumberland Farms, CircleK, and numerous other companies, and initiated with decoupled debit cards issued by these companies that were linked to Bank of America personal deposit accounts, constituted "non-recurring" transactions initiated with "debit cards" within the

meaning of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and other related account documentation in effect between June 1, 2010 and the present.

54. At no time between June 1, 2010 and the present did any contractual provision exist authorizing Bank of America to charge fees to Plaintiff or any other member of the Class for overdrafts caused by “non-recurring” transactions initiated with any type of “debit cards,” including without limitation the decoupled “debit cards” at issue in this case that were linked to personal deposit accounts at Bank of America.

55. Plaintiff and the other members of the Class have performed all of the obligations imposed on them under the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and other related account documentation in effect between June 1, 2010 and the present.

56. Plaintiff and the other members of the Class sustained monetary damages between June 1, 2010 and the present as a result of Bank of America’s breaches of the Deposit Agreement and related account documentation in effect between June 1, 2010 and the present.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF
BREACH OF THE COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING
(By Plaintiff Individually and
On Behalf of the Class)

57. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates herein all allegations from paragraphs 1-48 above.

58. Under the laws of the states where Bank of America does business, good faith is an element of every contract pertaining to the assessment of overdraft fees. Whether by common law or statute, all such contracts impose upon each party a duty of good faith and fair dealing. Good faith and fair dealing, in connection with executing contracts and discharging performance and other duties according to their terms, means preserving the spirit—not merely the letter—of the bargain. Put differently, the parties to a contract are mutually obligated to comply with the substance of their contract in addition to its form. Evading the spirit of the bargain and abusing the power to specify terms constitute examples of bad faith in the performance of contracts.

59. Subterfuge and evasion violate the obligation of good faith in performance even when an actor believes his conduct to be justified. Bad faith may be overt or may consist of inaction, and fair dealing may require more than honesty. Examples of bad faith are evasion of the spirit of the bargain, willful rendering of imperfect performance, abuse of a power to specify terms, and interference with or failure to cooperate in the other party's performance.

60. Between June 1, 2010 and the present, Bank of America systematically breached the covenant of good faith and fair dealing in the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and related account-related documentation through its overdraft policies and practices as alleged herein.

61. Plaintiff and the members of the Class have performed all, or substantially all, of the obligations imposed on them under the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and related account-related documentation between June 1, 2010 and the present.

62. Plaintiff and members of the Class have sustained damages as a result of Bank of America's breaches of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing between June 1, 2010 and the present.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF
UNCONSCIONABILITY
(By Plaintiff Individually and On Behalf of the Class)

63. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates herein all allegations from paragraphs 1-48 above.

64. Bank of America's overdraft policies and practices are substantively and procedurally unconscionable in the following respects, among others:

- a. Bank of America does not adequately disclose or reasonably disclose to customers the circumstances in which they will be assessed overdraft fees, including that they will be assessed fees as a result of overdrafts caused by non-recurring transactions initiated with decoupled "debit cards," or that non-recurring transactions initiated with such "debit cards" may be processed as ACH transactions;

b. The Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and other account-related documentation provided to customers are ineffective, ambiguous, deceptive, unfair, and misleading in that they do not unambiguously state that the Bank will assess fees as a result of overdrafts caused by non-recurring transactions initiated with decoupled “debit cards,” or that non-recurring transactions initiated with such “debit cards” may be processed as ACH transactions;

c. Bank of America does not obtain affirmative consent from checking account customers prior to processing a non-recurring transaction initiated with a decoupled “debit card” that will overdraw the account, including any such transactions initiated with any such “debit cards” that may be processed as ACH transactions;

d. Bank of America does not alert its customers that a transaction initiated with a “debit card” will trigger an overdraft, and does not provide the customer the opportunity to cancel that transaction, before assessing an overdraft fee; and

e. The Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and other account-related documentation are contracts of adhesion in that they are standardized forms, imposed and drafted by Bank of America, which is a party of vastly superior bargaining strength, and only relegates to the customer the opportunity to adhere to them or reject the agreement in its entirety.

65. Considering the great business acumen and experience of Bank of America in relation to Plaintiffs and the members of the Class, the great disparity in the parties’ relative bargaining power, the inconspicuousness and incomprehensibility of the contract language at issue, the oppressiveness of the terms, the commercial unreasonableness of the contract terms, the purpose and effect of the terms, the allocation of the risks between the parties, and similar public policy concerns, these provisions are unconscionable and, therefore, unenforceable as a matter of law.

66. Plaintiffs and members of each of the Classes have sustained damages as a result of Bank of America's unconscionable policies and practices between June 1, 2010 and the present as alleged herein.

**FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
CONVERSION**

(By Plaintiff Individually and On Behalf of the Class)

67. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates herein all allegations from paragraphs 1-48 above.

68. Bank of America had and continues to have a duty to maintain and preserve its customers' checking and savings accounts and to prevent their diminishment through its own wrongful acts.

69. Bank of America has wrongfully collected overdraft fees from Plaintiff and the members of the Class, and has taken specific and readily identifiable funds from their accounts in payment of these fees in order to satisfy them.

70. Bank of America has, without proper authorization, assumed and exercised the right of ownership over these funds, in hostility to the rights of Plaintiff and the members of the Class, without legal justification.

71. Bank of America continues to retain these funds unlawfully without the consent of Plaintiff or the members of the Class.

72. Bank of America intends to permanently deprive Plaintiff and the members of the Class of these funds.

73. These funds are properly owned by Plaintiff and the members of the Class, not Bank of America, which now claims that it is entitled to their ownership, contrary to the rights of Plaintiff and the members of the Class.

74. Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to the immediate possession of these funds.

75. Bank of America has wrongfully converted these specific and readily identifiable funds.

76. Bank of America's wrongful conduct is continuing.

77. As a direct and proximate result of this wrongful conversion, Plaintiff and the members of the Class have suffered and continue to suffer damages.

78. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to recover from Bank of America all damages and costs permitted by law, including all amounts that Bank of America has wrongfully converted.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
UNJUST ENRICHMENT
(By Plaintiff Individually and On Behalf of the Class)

79. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates herein all allegations from paragraphs 1-48 above.

80. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the members of the Class, asserts a common law claim for unjust enrichment.

81. By means of Bank of America's wrongful conduct alleged herein, Bank of America knowingly provides banking services to Plaintiff and members of the Class that are unfair, unconscionable, and oppressive.

82. Bank of America knowingly received and retained wrongful benefits and funds from Plaintiff and members of the Class. In so doing, Bank of America acted with conscious disregard for the rights of Plaintiff and members of the Class.

83. As a result of Bank of America's wrongful conduct as alleged herein, Bank of America has been unjustly enriched at the expense of, and to the detriment of, Plaintiff and members of the Class.

84. Bank of America's unjust enrichment is traceable to, and resulted directly and proximately from, the conduct alleged herein.

85. Under the common law doctrine of unjust enrichment, it is inequitable for Bank of America to be permitted to retain the benefits it received, and is still receiving, without justification, from the imposition of overdraft fees in an unfair, unconscionable, and oppressive

manner. Bank of America's retention of such funds under circumstances making it inequitable to do so constitutes unjust enrichment.

86. The financial benefits derived by Bank of America rightfully belong to Plaintiff and members of the Class. Bank of America should be compelled to disgorge in common funds for the benefit of Plaintiff and members of the Class all wrongful or inequitable proceeds received by them. A constructive trust should be imposed upon all wrongful or inequitable sums received by Bank of America traceable to Plaintiff and the members of the Class.

87. Plaintiff and members of the Class have no adequate remedy at law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Matthew J. Sharp, individually and on behalf of the proposed Class, demands a trial by jury on all claims so triable and judgment as follows:

A. Declaring Bank of America's overdraft fee assessment practices between June 1, 2010 and the present, as described above, to be wrongful, unfair, and unconscionable, and in breach of the Deposit Agreement, Schedule of Fees, Card Agreement, and other account-related documentation;

B. Certifying the proposed Class;

C. Awarding restitution of all improperly-collected fees attributable to the wrongful conduct alleged herein;

D. Awarding actual damages in amounts according to proof;

E. Disgorgement of the ill-gotten gains derived by Bank of America from its misconduct alleged herein;

F. Awarding punitive and exemplary damages;

G. Awarding pre-judgment interest at the maximum rates permitted by applicable law;

H. Awarding costs and disbursements assessed by Plaintiffs in connection with this action, including reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to applicable law; and

I. Awarding such other relief as this Court deems just and proper.

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the Class, hereby demand a trial by jury pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b) on all claims so triable.

Dated: August 1, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

MCGUIRE LAW, P.C.

By: s/ Eugene Y. Turin

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* *Pro Hac Vice* Application Forthcoming

Counsel for Plaintiff and the Putative Class

EXHIBIT A

Deposit Agreement and Disclosures

Effective November 10, 2017



bankofamerica.com

Applies in all states.

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Welcome to Bank of America

Thank you for opening and keeping an account with us.

Please read this entire agreement carefully so you understand your rights and obligations for your deposit account and deposit relationship with us and keep it in a convenient place for future reference.

In this agreement, “Bank of America”, “Bank”, “we”, “us” and “our” means Bank of America, N.A. “You” and “Your” means each and every owner of the account and each and every other person with authority to withdraw funds from the account or otherwise operate the account.

Our accounts and services are generally available through all of our channels - in our financial centers, through telephone banking and online. However, some accounts and services may not be available at all times, in all locations, or through all channels.

How to Get Started

After you open your account, please consider these optional services. They can help you manage your account.

- **Debit card** – use your debit card to pay for purchases at merchants that accept debit cards, to make deposits at Bank of America ATMs, and to withdraw cash from ATMs.
- **Direct Deposit** – have your paycheck, retirement benefits, or other source of income deposited electronically into your checking or savings account.
- **Online Banking** – helps you manage and keep better track of your finances. Here are some of the things you can do using Online Banking:
 - Check your account balances and review transaction history.
 - Transfer funds between your accounts or to other Bank of America customers' accounts.
 - Receive your statements and posted checks online, then review or print them at your convenience.
 - Reorder checks and change your address.
- **Online Bill Pay service** – pay your bills electronically.
- **Online Alerts** – provide an electronic notice through email or text message about account activity, such as when a direct deposit posts or when your balance drops below an amount you set.
- **Scheduled Savings Transfers** – helps make saving easier by automatically transferring money from your checking account to your savings account.
- **Keep the Change®** – helps you grow your savings by automatically transferring money from your personal checking to your savings with each eligible debit card purchase.
- **Overdraft Protection Service** from another linked account, such as your savings or credit card account – helps you avoid overdrafts and declined or returned checks and other items by automatically transferring available funds from your linked account to your checking account.

How to Access Your Account

You can access your account and get information about our accounts and services:

- At our **financial centers** and at **Bank of America ATMs**.
- Through our **Online Banking Service** at bankofamerica.com
- By calling **customer service** at the number on your account statement.
- You can locate our nearest financial center or ATM on our website at bankofamerica.com

The Agreement for Your Account

Binding Contract

This *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*, the applicable *Schedule of Fees*, the signature card and other account opening documents for your account are part of the binding contract between you and us (this “Agreement”) for your deposit account and your deposit relationship with us. They contain the terms of our agreement with you. Please read all of these documents carefully.

This *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* also summarizes certain laws and regulations that apply to common transactions, provides some disclosures for deposit accounts required by federal law, and establishes terms that cover some transactions or situations that the law either does not cover or allows us to change by this contract. The *Schedule of Fees* lists our accounts and account fees.

When you complete our account opening documents (as an example, you sign our signature card), request an account, or keep your account open, you acknowledge that you have reviewed and understand the terms of this Agreement and you agree to be governed by these terms. You understand that these terms, as we may change or supplement them periodically, are a binding contract between you and us for your deposit account and your deposit relationship.

Our deposit relationship with you is that of debtor and creditor. This Agreement and the deposit relationship do not create a fiduciary, quasi-fiduciary or special relationship between us. We owe you only a duty of ordinary care. Our internal policies and procedures are solely for our own purposes and do not impose on us a higher standard of care than otherwise would apply by law without such policies or procedures.

We give this Agreement to you when we open your account. You may obtain additional copies of this Agreement at a financial center or by calling the number on your statement.

Changes to This Agreement

We may change this Agreement at any time. We may add new terms. We may delete or amend existing terms. We may add new accounts and services and discontinue existing accounts or services. We may convert existing accounts and services into new accounts and services.

We ordinarily send you advance notice of an adverse change to this Agreement. However, we may make changes without prior notice unless otherwise required by law. We may, but do not have to, notify you of changes that we make for security reasons or that we believe are either beneficial or not adverse to you.

When we change this Agreement, the then-current version of this Agreement supersedes all prior versions and governs your account.

If you continue to use your account or keep it open, you are deemed to accept and agree to the change and are bound by the change. If you do not agree with a change, you may close your account as provided in this Agreement.

See the *Notices, Statements and Other Communications* section for information about how we provide notice.

Closing an Account

You or we may close your checking or savings account at any time without advance notice, except that we may require you to give us seven days advance notice when you intend to close your savings or interest bearing checking account by withdrawing your funds. See *Notice of Withdrawal* in the *Other Terms and Services* section. You or we may close your time deposit account at maturity without advance notice. Bank of America may close your account or convert your account to another account type at its discretion due to excessive overdrafts.

If an account was closed and then we reopen it, the account is subject to our standard terms and fees for that type of account. Any waiver that applied before the account was closed does not apply when we reopen the account.

If your account reaches a zero balance, or you apply for an account but never deposit funds into it, we may either keep the account open or close the account without notice.

Sometimes after an account is closed, we receive a deposit for credit to the account or a check or other item for payment from the account. If this happens, we may at our option and without any liability to you: either return the deposit, check or other item; or we may reopen the account and accept the deposit, check or other item for you, even if this overdraws your account.

Sometimes after an account which had funds in it is closed, and while we are still holding the funds from the account, we receive a withdrawal request, check or other item for payment from the account. We may refuse the withdrawal request and return the check or other item. We are not liable for any losses or damage that may result from refusing the withdrawal or dishonoring the check or other item, even if we are still holding funds that would cover the withdrawal, check or other item.

When you ask us to close your account, we may continue to pay transactions as we receive them while we process your closure request. When we complete our closure process, we may close your account, even if your account has a balance and transactions you've told us about are still pending.

If your account is overdrawn when closed, you agree to pay immediately all amounts you owe us. If your account had funds in it when closed, we may:

- hold the funds for your pick up or to pay outstanding or expected items or claims;
- deposit the funds in another of your accounts with us; or
- mail the funds to any of you by check at the address in our records for the account.

If your account earned interest before it closed, your funds stop earning interest when you ask us to close your account, even if we continue to hold the funds. As an example, if we mail funds from an interest bearing account to you by check, then your funds do not earn interest, even if the check is returned to us or is not cashed.

This Agreement continues to govern matters related to your account even after your account closes.

Governing Law

This Agreement, and your and our rights and obligations under this Agreement, are governed by and interpreted according to federal law and the law of the state where your account is located. However, your rights and obligations for Remittance Transfers shall be governed by and interpreted as described in the *Funds Transfer Services* section. We ordinarily maintain your account at the financial center where we open your account. However, we may transfer your account to another financial center in the same state or in a different state. If state and federal law are inconsistent, or if state law is preempted by federal law, federal law governs.

Explanation of Some Terms

Definitions

Please keep in mind the following definitions as you review the Agreement.

Annual Percentage Yield (APY) is a percentage rate reflecting the total amount of interest paid on the account, based on the interest rate and frequency of compounding.

Average daily balance for a statement cycle – we take the balance that we determine is in the account for each day in the statement cycle, add those balances together, and then divide that sum by the number of days in the statement cycle.

Bank of America, Bank, we, us and our mean Bank of America, N.A.

Financial Center means a branch of Bank of America.

Business days – our business days are Monday through Friday, excluding bank holidays. Hours of the business day for a financial center are available at that financial center.

Collected balance is the ledger balance for the account minus that portion of funds deposited for which we have not received credit based on the availability schedule we apply to the account. We ordinarily apply the availability schedule provided to us by the Federal Reserve Bank to determine the time that we receive credit for deposited funds.

Item includes all orders and instructions for the payment, transfer or withdrawal of funds from an account. As examples, item includes: a check, substitute check, purported substitute check, electronic transaction (including an ACH transaction, ATM withdrawal or transfer, or point of sale transaction), draft, demand draft, remotely created check, remotely created consumer check, image replacement document, indemnified copy, preauthorized draft, preauthorized payment, automatic transfer, telephone-initiated transfer, Online Banking transfer or bill payment instruction, withdrawal slip, in-person transfer or withdrawal, cash ticket, deposit adjustment, or other order of instruction for the payment, transfer, or withdrawal of funds, or an image, digital image or a photocopy of any of the foregoing. *Item* also includes any written document created or authorized in your name that would be a check or draft but for the fact that it has not been signed. *Item* may also include a cash-in ticket and a deposit adjustment. *Item* may also include a check, draft, warrant, or other item deposited to your account, including a deposited item that was returned unpaid.

Minimum daily balance – the lowest balance that we determine is in the account during a statement cycle.

You and your means each and every owner of the account and anyone else with the authority to deposit, withdraw, or exercise control over the funds in the account.

Headings and Interpretation

We include section and paragraph headings in this Agreement to help you find terms and provisions. The headings are for convenience or reference only. They do not limit the term or provision.

Unless it would be inconsistent to do so, words and phrases used in this document should be construed so the singular includes the plural and the plural includes the singular.

In some sections we give examples. The examples cover some, but not all, of the situations or items that are covered by the section.

Information About You and Your Account

Information You Give Us

When you open a deposit account with us, you give us information about yourself and confirm that it is correct. We enter the information into our records. We may rely on that information until you notify us of a change and we have had a reasonable time to act on the new information.

Identification

Federal law, including the USA PATRIOT Act, requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each customer who opens an account with that financial institution.

When you apply for an account, we will ask for your legal name, address, date of birth and your Tax Identification Number (TIN). We may require one or more forms of unexpired photo identification. We may validate the information you provide to us to ensure we have a reasonable assurance of your identity. We may contact you for additional information. If your account is funded before we verify your information, you may not have access to your funds. If we are not able to verify your identity to our satisfaction, we will not open your account or we may close the account if it was previously funded.

Bank of America's Privacy Policy for Consumers

Our privacy policy for consumers is described in our publication, *U.S. Consumer Privacy Notice*. We provide our privacy policy to consumers who open a personal account with us. The privacy policy describes our policy on handling customer information and describes the situations when we may disclose information, including some examples.

You can also review our privacy practices on our website at bankofamerica.com/privacy.

Sharing Information with Affiliates

Accounts Held by Consumers We may share information that we have about you and your accounts among the Bank of America family of companies. Please refer to our publication, *U.S. Consumer Privacy Notice*, for information about the categories of information we may share among the Bank of America family of companies and how you may tell us not to share certain types of information among our family of companies.

Accounts Held by Businesses We may share information about our experiences with you with Bank of America Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliated companies ("Bank of America Affiliates") and selected third parties. We may also share information that you have provided to us on applications or that we receive from outside sources among the Bank of America Affiliates. However, individuals may tell us not to share information about them from applications or outside sources compiled for purposes of determining eligibility for credit, insurance or other services by either calling us at 1.888.341.5000 or by notifying us at bankofamerica.com/privacy.

Consumer Reports and Other Inquiries

We may make any inquiries that we consider appropriate to help us verify your identity and determine if we should open, maintain, collect or close your account. This may include verification of employment and consumer reports or other reports from account information services and other consumer reporting agencies.

If you ask, we will tell you whether we requested such a report and, if we did request a report, we will tell you the name, address and telephone number of the reporting agency.

Disclosing Information About You and Your Account

This section applies to both business and personal accounts. We may disclose information about your accounts to consumer reporting agencies and to other persons or agencies who, in our judgment, have a legitimate purpose for obtaining information.

For example, subject to any applicable financial privacy laws or other laws or regulations, we may provide information on you and your accounts:

- to consumer reporting agencies, such as ChexSystems, Inc.;
- to anyone who we reasonably believe is conducting a legitimate credit inquiry, including inquiries to verify the existence or condition of an account for a third party such as a lender, merchant or consumer reporting agency;
- in response to any subpoena, summons, court or administrative order, or other legal process which we believe requires our compliance;
- in connection with collection of indebtedness or to report losses incurred by us;
- in compliance with any agreement between us and a professional, regulatory or disciplinary body;
- in connection with potential sales of businesses;
- to service providers who help us meet your needs by assisting us in providing or offering our products or services; and
- to other third parties as is described in our publication *U.S. Consumer Privacy Notice* or as required under applicable law or regulation.

For personal accounts, the terms of our *U.S. Consumer Privacy Notice* governs in the event of a conflict between the terms of this section and the terms of our *U.S. Consumer Privacy Notice*.

Account Information Services/Consumer Reporting Agencies If we close your account because of your unsatisfactory handling, we generally report to consumer reporting agencies such as ChexSystems, Inc. your name, address, Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN), driver's license number and the date and reason we closed the account. The consumer reporting agency may supply this information to others. This may adversely impact your ability to establish an account at any financial institution for up to five years from the date of the report.

We may report information about your account to credit bureaus. Late payments, missed payments or other defaults on your account may be reflected in your credit report.

Telephone Calls: Calling, Monitoring and Recording

When you give a telephone number directly to us, or place a telephone call to us, you authorize us to place calls to you at that number. You understand that a "telephone number" includes a cell phone number and "calls" include both telephone calls and text messages to or from your phone or cell phone. As examples, we may place calls to you about fraud alerts, deposit holds, and amounts you owe us (collection calls) on your account. When we place calls to you, we may use automatic dialers and artificial, text, or prerecorded messages.

You authorize us to monitor, and to record, telephone conversations and other electronic communications you have with us and with our representatives for reasonable business purposes, including security and quality assurance. We will not remind you that we may be monitoring or recording a call at the outset of the call unless required by law to do so.

You consent and agree in advance to these terms and conditions.

Release of Information

You can obtain information about your account by many methods, including at a financial center, by telephone, by mail and through Online Banking. We believe we have adopted reasonable security measures for each method, but we cannot ensure against unauthorized inquiries or intrusions. You agree that we are not responsible for the release of information to anyone who has gained possession of your ATM card, debit card or other code or access device or who has learned your identifying characteristics such as personal identification number (PIN), account number or social security number, even if you have not authorized them to obtain the information.

Account Ownership

Some General Terms

When you open an account, we may rely on information you give us and we maintain in our records. We determine the type and ownership of the account from this information. When you ask us to make a change to this information or your account, and we agree to the change, the change is not effective until we have had a reasonable time to act on the new information. As an example, if you ask us to change the signers on your account, your requested change is not effective until we have a reasonable time to act on it. If we ask you to give us additional documents or information, and you do not do so promptly, we may close your account.

When we accept a deposit to an account or permit a withdrawal or payment from an account, we may rely upon the form of the account and the terms of this Agreement at the time we process the transaction. We do not have to inquire about the source or ownership of any funds we receive for deposit or about the application of any withdrawal or payment from an account. When we permit a withdrawal or payment from an account at the request of any signer, or the agent of any signer, in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the withdrawal or payment is a complete release and discharge of the Bank from all claims regarding the withdrawal or payment.

If you instruct us to open an account in the names of two or more people, and we do so, but later determine that one or more of them have not completed our account opening documents or other requirements, you agree to hold us harmless for reliance on your instruction. We may in our discretion for all purposes and circumstances (including determining ownership of the account following the death of any person in whose name the account was opened) either treat the account as being owned by all persons in whose names the account was opened or treat the account as being owned solely by the persons who have signed or completed our account opening documents or other requirements. If we treat the account as owned by all persons in whose names the account was opened, we may permit the non-signing person to withdraw funds or take other action on the account without any liability to you.

We may open an account without regard to whether you are married and without regard to whether the funds on deposit are your community or separate property. We may require you to close the account in order to remove a co-owner, terminate a joint ownership or change a payable on death or trust designation.

Some Basic Terms for Joint Accounts

If more than one person's name appears in the title of an account without a fiduciary, beneficiary or other designation, then the account is a joint account. All persons whose names appear on the account are co-owners of the account, regardless of whose money is deposited in the account.

Each co-owner acts as the agent of each other co-owner. Each co-owner authorizes each other co-owner to operate the account without the consent or approval of any other co-owner. We may

act and rely on the instructions of one co-owner without liability to any other co-owner. So as examples, one co-owner may without the consent or approval of the others:

- add additional persons as co-owners;
- deposit funds and withdraw or transfer part or all of the funds in the account;
- endorse for deposit to the joint account on behalf of any other co-owner an item payable to another co-owner;
- instruct us to stop payment on a check or other item that another co-owner wrote on the account;
- obtain an ATM card or a debit card;
- draw upon an overdraft or other line of credit connected to the account;
- obtain information about the account, including transactions conducted by other co-owners;
- pledge the account as security for any debts; and
- close the account.

Each co-owner is jointly and severally liable to us for all fees, charges and other amounts owed to us on, and all costs, losses and liabilities related to, this Agreement or the account. Note that our right of setoff described in the *Right of Setoff* section of this Agreement applies to joint accounts.

All joint accounts are presumed to be joint accounts with the right of survivorship, unless the applicable state law does not permit this presumption or we have agreed with you in writing that the account is owned in another capacity. **Right of survivorship means that when a co-owner dies, the funds in the account belongs to the surviving co-owner(s)**, subject to our right to charge the account for any amount the deceased co-owner or a surviving co-owner owes us. The rights of survivorship continue between surviving co-owners and we may pay the funds in the account to any surviving co-owner. The applicable state law may impose requirements that must be met to create a joint account with right of survivorship. You are solely responsible for meeting these requirements.

Some Basic Terms for “Payable on Death” Accounts

For an individual or joint account, you may choose to make your account payable on your death to one or more payable on death (“POD”) beneficiaries. You can make your account a POD account by instructing us to list each POD beneficiary on the account and complying with the applicable state law. The applicable state law usually imposes requirements that must be met to create a POD account. As an example, you may have to include certain words or letters in the account title to create a POD account, such as: “payable on death,” “POD,” “in trust for,” “ITF,” “as trustee for,” “ATF,” “transfer on death,” “TOD,” or “Totten Trust.” You are solely responsible for meeting these requirements. We may treat an account which names a POD beneficiary as a POD account. However, if the applicable requirements are not met, we may treat your account as though there is no POD beneficiary.

During your lifetime, a POD account belongs to you. You may close the account, remove or add one or more POD beneficiaries, change the account type or ownership, and withdraw all or part of the funds in the account. When the account owner or last co-owner dies, we may pay any funds remaining in the account to the then surviving (if any) POD beneficiary(ies), subject to our right to charge the account for any amount a deceased owner, co-owner or POD beneficiary owes us. We may distribute the account balance, subject to any bank claims, to such beneficiaries payable to one or all surviving beneficiaries jointly, or payable individually, in equal shares, to each surviving beneficiary. A POD beneficiary does not acquire an interest in the account until after the death of the account owner or the last co-owner. A POD beneficiary may acquire an interest in the account at that time but only if the POD beneficiary is alive.

Some Basic Terms for Business and Other Non-Personal Accounts

If the account owner is a corporation, unincorporated association, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, fiduciary, partnership, sole proprietorship or other entity holding an account in any capacity other than an individual capacity, each person signing the signature card or completing other account opening requirements represents and agrees that they:

- are fully authorized to execute all documents or otherwise complete our requirements in their stated capacity;
- have furnished all documents or other information necessary to demonstrate that authority; and
- will furnish other documents and complete other requirements as we may request from time to time.

We may refuse to recognize any resolution affecting the account that is not on our form or that appears to us to be incomplete or improperly executed.

Transferring Ownership

Your account is for your use only. It is non-transferable and non-negotiable. Ownership of your account is transferable only on our records with our consent.

- You may not grant, transfer or assign any of your rights to your account without our written consent.
- Even if we consent, we may require that you close the account and that the new account owner open a new account in their name.
- We may refuse to acknowledge or accept your attempted pledge or assignment of your account or any interest in it, including a notice of security interest.

Checking and Savings Accounts

Types of Accounts

We offer several different types of checking and savings accounts for personal and business customers.

- The *Personal Schedule of Fees* describes our personal accounts and lists applicable fees.
- The *Business Schedule of Fees* describes our business accounts (other than Commercial accounts) and lists applicable fees. The *Business Schedule of Fees* does not apply to Commercial accounts.

Eligibility for NOW Accounts

NOW accounts are commonly called interest checking accounts. Federal law provides that NOW accounts may only be opened and used by the following customers:

- individuals (including sole proprietors),
- certain nonprofit organizations,
- federal, state or local governmental entities, and
- fiduciaries (such as a bank trust department) where one or more individuals hold the entire beneficial interest in the funds.

If we believe that you are not eligible to own a NOW account, we may either close the account or convert it to another type of account. When we refer in this agreement to checking accounts, the reference includes NOW accounts.

Demand Deposit Accounts

Demand deposit accounts are commonly called checking accounts. All types of customers can open a demand deposit account. Most demand deposit accounts do not earn interest.

We do offer an interest bearing demand deposit account to business customers. Please ask us for details.

When we refer in this agreement to checking accounts, the reference includes demand deposit accounts.

How We Calculate Interest on Interest Bearing Checking and Savings Accounts

If you have an interest bearing checking or savings account, then please note the following.

- Your funds earn a variable rate. Your interest rate and annual percentage yield ("APY") may change. At our discretion, we may change the interest rate for your account at any time without notice or limit.
- We compound and credit interest to your account monthly.
- We use the daily balance method to calculate the interest on your account. The daily rate is $\frac{1}{365}$ — or in a leap year we may use $\frac{1}{366}$ — of the interest rate.
- For personal checking accounts and personal and business savings accounts, the daily balance method applies a daily periodic rate to the collected balance in the account each day.
- For business checking accounts, the daily balance method applies a daily periodic rate to the collected balance in the account each day (less an amount that we determine applies for reserves applicable generally to transaction accounts under the rules of the Federal Reserve).

- For Public Service Trust Accounts, the daily balance method applies a daily periodic rate to the collected balance in the account each day (less an amount that we determine is required to offset service charges).
- When you deposit a non-cash item (such as a check), interest begins to accrue on the non-cash item no later than the business day on which we receive credit for the non-cash item.

Some checking and savings accounts do not earn interest. The checking and savings accounts that earn interest are described in the *Schedule of Fees* as interest bearing accounts. Other checking and savings accounts do not earn interest. We pay interest only in whole cents.

We set interest rates at our discretion. We may set the interest rate based on a specific account, customer, customer relationship, or based on the location or channel through which we open the account. This means that the interest rate and APY we offer on the same type of account may be higher or lower based on these factors. For example, an account opened through our Online Banking channel may earn a different rate (either higher or lower) than the same type of account opened in a financial center or by mail.

We may also offer interest rate bonuses and other special promotions based on these factors. Interest rate bonuses and other special promotional offers may not apply to all accounts, customers, customer relationships, locations or methods of account opening.

When we consider your customer relationship with us, that may include whether you have other accounts with us, your balances with us in your other accounts and how you use services that we offer with accounts.

You may obtain current interest rates for your account by calling us at the number for customer service on your statement or by asking a financial center associate.

Balance Tiers The daily interest rate we pay on some accounts depends on the tier into which the balance in the account falls. A tier is a range of account balances. If you have one of these accounts, your balance earns the interest rate and APY in effect that day for the balance tier associated with your end-of-day balance. We may set the rate for each tier in any amount. The interest rate for one tier may be the same rate, or a higher or lower rate, than the rate for a lower tier. We may change the tiers that apply to an account at any time without notice. Different tiers apply to different types of accounts.

Combined Balance Service

With some checking accounts you can designate your checking account as your primary checking account and then link many of your other accounts to it for pricing. When you link another account for pricing, you can use the balances in the other account to help you meet the combined balance required to avoid the monthly maintenance fee on your primary checking account. The *Schedule of Fees* lists the required combined balance for each checking account to which the service applies and the types of accounts that can be linked for pricing.

You must tell us what other accounts you want us to link to your checking account for pricing. We do not link your other accounts for pricing unless you tell us to do so. To determine what accounts are linked for pricing, please call us.

When an existing account is closed and a new account is opened to replace the existing account, we do not automatically link the new account to your checking account for pricing, even if the existing account was linked. You must tell us to link the new account for pricing.

When we calculate a balance or combined balance, we may ignore accrued interest, funds subject to a hold of any type, and each loan or line of credit that is in default. For each linked account, the period of time that we use as the basis for calculating the balance, and the day that we use to determine the balance, in the linked account may be different from the statement cycle for the primary checking account.

You still need to meet the balance requirements, if applicable, in each linked account to avoid the monthly maintenance fees on those accounts.

You understand that the statement for your primary checking account may include information about each linked account, including the account name, number and balance. We may make this information available to each owner and signer of any linked account. We may also send you a single combined statement that reports activity for your checking account and each deposit account linked to that account, instead of separate statements for each account. See *Combined Statements* in the *Statements and Notices* section.

Limits on Linking Accounts

Some restrictions apply to what accounts can be linked to checking for pricing, including the following. You may only link an account to one checking account at a time. At least one of the owners of the linked account must also be an owner of the checking account. You may not link personal and business accounts together. You may not link a loan or line of credit that is in default.

We may in our discretion place other restrictions on what accounts can be linked.

Limits on Withdrawals and Transfers from Savings Accounts

This Agreement and federal law impose limits on the number of certain types of withdrawals and transfers you can make each month from a savings account. Please note that these limits do not apply to withdrawals and transfers you make at one of our financial centers, by mail or at an ATM.

You can make no more than a total of six transactions each monthly statement cycle (or each month if you have a quarterly statement cycle) from among the following:

- Preauthorized transfers from your savings account (including transfers for overdraft protection).
- Telephone transfers or other electronic transmissions from your savings account.
- Online Banking and Mobile Banking transfers or bill payment transfers from your savings account.
- Transfers by check, draft or debit card, if allowed on your savings account.

We count a transaction on the date that we post it to your savings account. This date may be different from the date you authorize, transfer or write the transaction, which means a transaction made during one statement cycle may not be counted until a later statement cycle.

If you exceed the transaction limits on more than an occasional basis, we may revoke your privileges on that account or we may convert your savings account to another type of account, such as a checking account. Your funds may no longer earn interest after we convert your account.

When you use our Online Banking bill payment service, we recommend that you do not use a savings account as your bill payment account because of these limits on transfers.

Note: Even if you make no more than 6 transactions, a fee may still apply to some withdrawals or transfers. Please see the *Schedule of Fees* for your account.

Time Deposit or CD Account

When you open a time deposit account, you agree to leave your funds in the account until the maturity date of the account. We often refer to a time deposit account as a “CD” or a “Certificate of Deposit”, even though we do not issue a “certificate”.

This Agreement applies to CDs you open under your Individual Retirement Account (IRA) or Coverdell Education Savings Account (CESA) plans. Please see the *Traditional/Roth Individual Retirement Custodial Accounts and Disclosure Statements* and the *Coverdell Education Savings Custodial Account and Disclosure Statement* for additional terms of these plans.

A time deposit account is neither transferable nor negotiable.

Types of CDs

We offer several different types of CDs for personal and business customers.

The *Personal Schedule of Fees* describes our personal CDs.

The *Business Schedule of Fees* describes our business CDs.

How we Calculate Interest on CDs

Your funds earn interest during the term of the time deposit account. We calculate interest as follows:

- Time deposits earn interest at a fixed rate except for Opt-Up® CDs and Variable Rate IRAs. Fixed rate means that the interest rate that we apply to your account on the day we open it will not change for the term of the account.
- For an Opt-Up CD, your interest rate and annual percentage yield may change. The interest rate that we apply to it on the day that we open your Opt-Up CD remains fixed throughout the term of your Opt-Up CD unless you exercise your one time option to reset the interest rate. This reset option is described in the *Schedule of Fees*.
- For a Variable Rate IRA, your funds earn a variable rate. Your interest rate and annual percentage yield may change. At our discretion, we may change the interest rate for your account at any time without notice or limit.
- For terms of 27 days or less, we credit interest to your account at maturity. For terms of 28 days or more, we compound interest monthly and we credit interest to your account monthly and at maturity or disburse it to you according to the interest disbursement option you select.
- We use the daily balance method to calculate the interest on your account. This method applies a daily periodic rate to the ledger balance that we determine is in the account each day. The daily rate is $1/365$ — or in a leap year we may use $1/366$ — of the interest rate.
- When you deposit a non-cash item (such as a check), interest begins to accrue on the non-cash item on the business day the deposit is received. Deposits you give us on a weekend or bank holiday are treated as received the next business day.
- The annual percentage yield for your account assumes that interest will remain on deposit until maturity. A withdrawal will reduce earnings.

We generally set interest rates for new time deposit accounts based on the type of CD, the amount you deposit, and the term you select. We set interest rates at our discretion. Rates for new accounts may change daily. We pay interest only in whole cents.

We may also set interest rates based on a specific account, customer, customer relationship or based on the location or channel through which we open the account. This means that the

interest rate and APY we offer on the same type of CD may be higher or lower based on these factors. For example, a CD opened through our Online Banking channel, may earn a different rate (either higher or lower) than the same type of CD opened in a financial center or by mail. We may also offer interest rate bonuses and other special promotions based on these factors. Interest rate bonuses and other special promotional offers may not apply to all accounts, customers, customer relationships, locations or methods of account opening.

When we consider your customer relationship with us, that may include whether you have other accounts with us, your balances with us in your other accounts and how you use services that we offer with accounts.

You may obtain current rates by calling us at the number for customer service on your statement or by asking a financial center associate.

Disbursing Interest

You may choose to have us credit your interest to your account. With this option, we reinvest the interest in your account monthly and at maturity.

Alternatively, you may have us regularly disburse the interest from your account by having us credit the interest to a Bank of America checking or savings account or by having us mail a check for the interest.

Depending on the term of your account, disbursement options include monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, annually on the anniversary date, and at maturity.

CDs That Automatically Renew

Unless your account information states that your time deposit does not automatically renew, we automatically renew your account by reinvesting your funds. We reinvest both principal and interest, unless you elected to have your interest disbursed. (See *Disbursing Interest* in this chapter.)

When we automatically renew your CD, the term for the reinvested CD is the same length as the previous term of your account unless we notify you that we are changing the term of the CD. For time deposits with a fixed interest rate, the interest rate and APY for any renewal term is based on the rate we offer on the first day of the new term for the type of CD, amount and term of the reinvested deposit. Unless specifically stated otherwise, any bonus or special promotion we are offering will not apply to automatically renewing accounts.

If at any maturity date we no longer offer time deposit accounts of the same term and type, we may reinvest your funds in a time deposit that we believe offers similar features.

CDs That Do Not Automatically Renew

Some time deposit accounts do not automatically renew. If your account information states that your time deposit does not automatically renew, then your account does not earn interest after its maturity date.

Grace Period

The grace period begins on the first day after the maturity date. The grace period is one calendar day for terms of seven through 27 days and seven calendar days for terms of 28 days or more. You may make a deposit or withdrawal, or change the length of the term, once during the grace period and, if you take one of these actions, the grace period ends on that day. If the last day of the grace period is a non-business day (a weekend or bank holiday), then the grace period ends on the last business day before that non-business day. We may pay interest during the grace period based on the rate we offer on the first day of the new term for the type of CD, amount, and term of the deposit.

Deposits to a CD

You may make an additional deposit to your account during its grace period. Otherwise, for all CDs except Variable Rate IRAs you may not make deposits during the term of the CD.

You may not make a deposit to a time deposit account by wire or automated clearinghouse (ACH) transfer.

Early Withdrawals

You have contracted to keep your funds on deposit for the stated term. You may not withdraw all or part of a time deposit account except as provided in this Agreement.

At our discretion, we may allow you to withdraw all or part of your funds at times other than the grace period. We generally withdraw interest before principal. Each time we permit you to make an early withdrawal of principal, we may charge you an early withdrawal penalty. If your account has not earned enough interest to cover an early withdrawal penalty, we deduct any interest first and take the remainder of the penalty from your principal.

We calculate all early withdrawal penalties on the principal amount withdrawn at the interest rate in effect on the account on the withdrawal date. The early withdrawal penalty is:

- For CDs with terms of less than 90 days, the greater of all interest earned on the amount withdrawn or an amount equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn;
- For CDs with terms of 90 days up to 12 months, the penalty is an amount equal to 90 days interest on the amount withdrawn;
- For CDs with terms of 12 months up to 60 months, the penalty is an amount equal to 180 days interest on the amount withdrawn; and
- For CDs with terms of 60 months or longer, the penalty is an amount equal to 365 days interest on the amount withdrawn.

Please note that the term of a CD is the specified period of time you agreed to leave your funds on deposit – not the time remaining until maturity of your CD.

We add to the early withdrawal penalty the amount of any cash bonuses we paid you when you opened or reinvested the account.

If we are required to pay an amount from your CD (e.g. levy or garnishment), we may charge you an early withdrawal penalty, calculated on the amount withdrawn from the CD.

An early withdrawal from an IRA may also be subject to additional federal tax (and possibly additional state and local taxes) if you are under age 59 1/2.

Closing or Redeeming a CD

We may close or redeem an automatically renewable account at the end of the term. You may close or redeem your account during its grace period.

Information About Fees and Charging Your Account

Fees

You agree to pay for our services in accordance with the fees that apply to your account and your deposit relationship with us.

Account Fees Your account is subject to the fees described in the *Schedule of Fees* that applies to your account.

- The *Personal Schedule of Fees* lists account fees that apply to our personal deposit accounts.
- The *Business Schedule of Fees* lists account fees that apply to our business deposit accounts except for Commercial accounts (the *Business Schedule of Fees* does not apply to Commercial accounts).
- The schedule that applies to your account is part of the binding contract between you and us.

The fees for many of our products and services may vary from state to state or between regions within a state. We charge account fees to you based on the state or region in which the financial center where we maintain your account is located. Account fees are not based on your state of residence or the state where you use or purchase the service. Your account fees and terms may differ from those of other customers with the same type of account, based on our assessment of your overall relationship with us.

Fees for Other Services In addition to checking, savings and CD accounts we also offer many other services, such as wire transfers, cashier's checks and bond redemption. You can get current information about these services and the fees that apply to them at a financial center or by calling us at the customer service number shown on your account statement. We may occasionally list fees for some of these services in the *Schedule of Fees*. Fees for these services may vary from state to state. The fees you pay for these services are those charged by us in the state where we sell you the service. We may change these fees at any time without notice.

How We Set Fees We set our fees based on many factors, including the value we offer, our competitive position, deterrence of misuse of an account by our customers, consideration of profit and the safety and soundness of the Bank. We may also consider costs in setting fees, but we do not set our fees based only or primarily on the direct or overall costs and expenses associated with providing the particular account or service involved.

Calculating Balances When we calculate an account balance or combined balance to determine whether a fee applies to your account, we may use the balance that we determine is in each account. We may ignore accrued interest and funds subject to a hold of any type. For a balance in an account linked to a checking account, the period of time that we use as the basis for calculating the balance, and the day that we use to determine the balance, in the linked account may be different from the statement cycle for the primary checking account. If a loan or line of credit is linked, we may ignore each loan or line of credit that we determine is in default.

Charging an Account

We may deduct fees, overdrafts and other amounts you owe us under this Agreement from your accounts with us or our affiliates, except that this provision does not apply to any consumer credit covered by the federal Truth in Lending law. We may make these deductions at any time without prior notice to you or request from you. If there are not enough funds in your account to cover the amounts you owe us, we may overdraw your account, without being liable to you. You agree to pay immediately all fees, overdrafts and other amounts you owe us.

We may use deposits you or others make to your account (including deposits of payroll and government benefits) to pay fees, overdrafts and other amounts you owe us.

Some government payments (such as Social Security, Supplemental Security Income, Veterans and other federal or state benefits) may be protected from attachment, levy, garnishment or other legal process under federal or state law. If such protections would otherwise apply to deductions we make for amounts you owe us, to the extent that you may do so by contract, you waive these protections and agree that we may use these funds to pay fees, overdrafts and other amounts you owe us under this Agreement.

Please see the *Right to Setoff* section of the Agreement for more information.

Insufficient Funds – Overdrafts and Returned Items

You can avoid fees for overdrafts and declined or returned items by making sure that your account always contains sufficient available funds to cover all of your transactions. We offer services that you can use to help you manage your account and help you avoid overdrafts, such as our Online Banking service and Online Alerts. Please see *How to Get Started* section in the *Introduction*.

We recommend that you enroll in one of the optional Overdraft Protection plans described below. These plans can help you avoid overdrafts and declined or returned items. While fees apply when you use an Overdraft Protection plan, the fees under the plan may be less expensive than the fees for overdrafts and declined or returned items.

Overdrafts and Declined or Returned Items

When we determine that you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover a check or other item, then we consider the check or other item an insufficient funds item. If you have enrolled in one of the optional Overdraft Protection plans and have enough available funds in the linked account under the Overdraft Protection plan, we transfer funds to cover the item. Otherwise, without notice to you, we either authorize or pay the insufficient funds item and overdraw your account (an overdraft item) or we decline or return the insufficient funds item without payment (a returned item).

We pay overdrafts at our discretion, which means we do not guarantee that we will always, or ever, authorize and pay them. If we overdraw your account to pay items on one or more occasions, we are not obligated to continue paying future insufficient funds items. We may pay all, some, or none of your overdrafts, without notice to you. If we do not authorize and pay an overdraft, then we decline or return the transaction unpaid.

The *Schedule of Fees* for your account explains when we charge you fees for overdrafts and for declined or returned items and the dollar amount of the fees. Please review the *Schedule of Fees* for your account carefully.

If we overdraw your account, you agree to repay us immediately, without notice or demand from us. We ordinarily use deposits you or others make to your account to pay overdrafts, fees and other amounts you owe us.

Impact of Holds

Sometimes funds in your account are not available to cover your checks and other items. When we determine that funds in your account are subject to a hold, dispute, or legal process, then these funds are not available to cover your checks and other items. We usually make this determination once at the end of the day when we process items. As examples of holds, holds include deposit holds, holds related to cash withdrawals, and authorization holds we place on the account for debit card transactions.

Debit card transactions and related authorization holds may impact your available balance. It is important to know that your available funds may change between the time you authorize a transaction and when the transaction is paid. When you use your debit card you authorize the merchant with whom you use your card or to whom you previously provided your information to ask Bank of America to approve the transaction you want to make. At this time, in order for the transaction to go through, we must promise the merchant to pay for the purchase upon the merchant's request.

A hold immediately reduces the amount of available funds in your account by the amount of the authorization request. If, while the hold is in place, you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover other transactions you may have conducted (such as a check you previously wrote), those items may overdraw your account or be returned unpaid. This may result in an overdraft fee on the debit card transaction if this happens. In most cases, the hold expires when the transaction is paid.

The amount being held is not applied to the debit card transaction or to any specific transaction. If the hold expires and the transaction has not been paid, the amount being held is returned to your available funds. After the hold expires, we determine whether you have sufficient funds available to pay the debit card transaction. If you do not have sufficient funds, the debit transaction will cause you to overdraw and, if it is a recurring transaction, may incur an overdraft fee. This can occur even if your account did have sufficient available funds when the merchant requested authorization.

Your debit card transaction is paid when the merchant presents it to Bank of America for payment – that is, when the merchant asks us to transfer the funds from your account to the merchant. It is important to note that authorization and payment of debit card transactions do not occur simultaneously – there can be days between.

If other account activity has caused the funds available in your account to drop below zero before the debit card transaction is paid, you may no longer have sufficient funds to pay the merchant. If that occurs the debit card transaction will overdraw your account because we must honor our promise to pay the merchant. You may incur an overdraft fee when this happens.

Here is an example of how that may happen: On Monday we authorize a debit card transaction because you have enough available funds at the time. A hold is then placed on your funds until the merchant presents the transaction for payment. On Tuesday we process and post another transaction (such as a check you wrote) that reduces your available funds below zero. If the merchant presents the original debit card transaction for payment on Wednesday, and your available funds are now below the amount needed to pay the transaction, the debit card transaction will overdraw your account and you may incur an overdraft fee.

We may also treat as an insufficient funds item each fee that creates an overdraft and each deposited item returned to us unpaid that creates an overdraft.

For some business accounts, when your account is overdrawn, we also charge you interest on the overdraft amount. Please see the *Schedule of Fees* for your account.

What are "items"? Items include all orders and instructions for the payment, transfer, or withdrawal of funds from your account. As examples, item includes a check, draft, image, substitute check, everyday non-recurring debit card transaction, recurring debit card transaction, ACH transaction, ATM transaction, preauthorized payment, automatic transfer, telephone-initiated transfer, Online Banking transfer or bill payment instruction, withdrawal slip, and in-person payment, transfer or withdrawal instruction. For more examples, please review the definition of items in the *Explanation of Some Terms* section.

What are everyday non-recurring debit card transactions and what are recurring debit card transactions? Everyday non-recurring debit card transactions are usually purchases made with your debit card or debit card number on a one-time or day-to-day basis. As examples, you use your debit card for purchases of groceries, gas, or coffee in the morning. Recurring debit card transactions

are usually transactions that you set up to occur automatically, such as automatic bill payments. As examples, you give merchants your debit card number to use for rent, mortgage, car, or utility payments. We rely on the merchant that processes the transaction to determine if it is a recurring transaction or an everyday non-recurring transaction.

Personal Accounts - Overdraft Practices and Settings

We automatically apply our standard overdraft practices to personal accounts. We refer to this as our Standard Overdraft Setting. We also offer an optional Decline All Transactions overdraft setting.

With our Standard Overdraft Setting, we do not authorize overdrafts for everyday non-recurring debit card transactions and ATM transactions. This means that we decline everyday non-recurring debit card transactions and ATM transactions when we determine that at the time of the transaction you may not have enough available funds in your account (or in any applicable Overdraft Protection plan) to cover the transaction. There is an exception for some ATM withdrawals. We may occasionally give you the opportunity at our ATMs to agree to our overdraft practices for a specific ATM withdrawal and, if you agree, we authorize and pay that ATM withdrawal. Please note that overdraft fees can apply to these withdrawals. We tell you at our ATM when this is available. With this overdraft setting, we may authorize and pay overdrafts for other types of transactions. Other types of transactions include checks and other transactions made using your checking account number, recurring debit card transactions, ACH transactions, preauthorized payments, and automatic and online bill payments. For more examples of other transactions, please review the definition of items.

Optional Decline All Transactions Overdraft Setting. This is an optional overdraft setting that you can ask us to apply to your account. With the Decline All Transactions overdraft setting, you ask us not to authorize or pay any transaction unless we determine that at the time of the transaction you appear to have enough available funds in your account (or in any applicable Overdraft Protection plan) to cover the transaction. This means that you are telling us to decline or return these transactions unpaid. Please note that returned item fees can apply to declined or returned transactions. With this setting you may be offered the ability to overdraft at the ATM as described above.

With either overdraft setting, your account might still become overdrawn. Please see the *Impact of Holds* section for an example of how this could occur.

With either overdraft setting, you may still incur fees for overdrafts and declined or returned items. Please review the *Schedule of Fees* for your account carefully.

Business Accounts - Overdraft Practices and Settings

We automatically apply our standard business overdraft setting to business accounts. With our standard business overdraft setting, we may occasionally authorize and pay overdrafts for all types of transactions. For some business accounts, we offer an optional Decline All Transactions overdraft setting that you can ask us to apply to your account. With the Decline All Transactions overdraft setting, you ask us not to authorize or pay any transaction unless we determine that at the time of the transaction you appear to have enough available funds in your account (or in any applicable Overdraft Protection plan) to cover the transaction. This means that you are telling us to decline or return these transactions unpaid. Please note that returned item fees can apply to declined or returned transactions.

With either overdraft setting, you may still incur overdrafts and fees for overdrafts and declined or returned items.

Posting Orders

We determine the order in which we process and post deposits and other credits and checks and other items to your account. We may pay or authorize some items, and decline or return others, in any order we deem appropriate. When you do not have enough available funds to cover all of the items presented that day, some processing and posting orders can result in more insufficient funds items and more overdraft and returned item fees than other orders. We may choose our processing and posting orders regardless of whether additional fees result.

Please see the *Processing and Posting Orders* section for more information.

Occurrences

An "occurrence" is a day during which your account has at least one overdraft item or returned item. If we transfer your account to another financial center or convert it to a different type of account, your record of overdraft items and returned items continues to apply.

Overdraft Protection Plans

We recommend that you enroll in one of the optional Overdraft Protection plans described below to help protect your account from overdrafts and declined or returned items. You can enroll most checking accounts and money market savings accounts in these plans. Please ask us whether your account is eligible. The fees under these plans may be less expensive than the fees for overdrafts and returned items.

The *Schedule of Fees* for your account explains the fees and other charges that apply to Overdraft Protection plans. Please review the *Schedule of Fees* for your account carefully.

Please note the following. Some of these Overdraft Protection plans are not available in all states. If the account you link for overdraft protection is opened in a different state than your primary checking account, there may be limitations on the ability to transfer funds the same day. Only one plan can be linked to an account at a time. Some accounts are not eligible for these plans. Under some plans we make transfers in a minimum amount so we might not make a transfer if you do not have at least the minimum transfer amount available under the plan. To have overdraft protection, at least one of the owner(s) of the account must be an owner of the other account. Certain other restrictions apply.

Overdraft Protection from Another Deposit Account This plan links your account to another Bank of America deposit account for overdraft protection. The other deposit account can be a second checking account or a savings account.

When you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover an item, we may automatically transfer funds from the available balance in your other deposit account to your account. We generally charge an overdraft protection transfer fee for each transfer. Funds you deposit into your other deposit account may not be available immediately for overdraft protection transfers. If you use your savings account for this service, each transfer counts as one of the six limited transactions you are allowed each month from your savings account. We cancel this Overdraft Protection plan if your account or the other deposit account is closed.

Please see the *Schedule of Fees* for your account for more information about overdraft protection from another deposit account.

Overdraft Protection from Your Credit Card This plan links an eligible Bank of America credit card to your account for overdraft protection.

When you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover an item, we may automatically advance available funds from your linked credit card account and transfer the funds to your account. An advance is made under, and is subject to, the terms and conditions described in the applicable credit card agreement. We ordinarily do not make an advance if you are in default

under your credit card agreement or if the advance would cause you to exceed the amount of credit available for that type of transaction. As examples, we may decide not to advance funds from your credit card account if you fail to make a credit card payment by its due date or if you exceed any credit card limit on your credit card account. The funds advanced are subject to fees and finance charges under your credit card agreement. For some business accounts, we may also charge an additional overdraft protection transfer fee to your account for each transfer.

Please see your credit card agreement for more information about overdraft protection from your credit card account.

Overdraft Protection from Your Line of Credit This plan links an eligible Bank of America line of credit to your account for overdraft protection.

When you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover a check or other item, we may automatically advance funds from your linked line of credit and transfer the funds to your account. The advance is made under, and is subject to, the terms and conditions described in the line of credit agreement. We ordinarily make the advance as long as you are not in default under the line of credit agreement and as long as the advance does not cause you to exceed the amount of your available credit on your line of credit. The funds advanced are subject to fees and finance charges under the line of credit agreement. We may also charge an additional overdraft protection transfer fee to your account for each transfer.

Please see your line of credit agreement for more information about overdraft protection from your line of credit.

Processing and Posting Orders

Processing Transactions and Posting Orders

Posting transactions to your account impacts your account balance. Posting a credit increases your balance. Posting a debit or hold reduces your balance. Credits include teller deposits, direct deposits and credits we make. Holds include deposit holds, debit card authorizations, and holds related to cash withdrawals and electronic transfers. Debits include withdrawals, transfers, payments, checks, one-time and recurring debit card transactions, and fees.

We use automated systems to process transactions and then to post transactions to accounts. When we process multiple transactions for your account on the same day, you agree that we may in our discretion determine our posting orders for the transactions and that we may credit, authorize, accept, pay, decline or return credits, debits and holds in any order at our option.

Posting Orders

This section summarizes how we generally post some common transactions to your account.

We group the different types of transactions into categories. We use several different categories for holds, credits, and debits. Most categories include more than one transaction type.

After the end of the business day, our automated systems assign each transaction received for that day to a category. We generally post all transactions within a category, using the posting order or orders that apply to that category, before we post any transactions assigned to the next category.

We start with the balance in your account at the beginning of the business day, subtract holds from your balance, and make any adjustments from prior days. Next, we generally add credits to your balance and then subtract debits from your balance. Some, but not all, of our categories are shown below. For each debit category shown below, we list some common types of debits that we assign to the category and summarize how we generally post them within the category.

- We add deposits and other credits to your balance.
- Then, we subtract from your balance in date and time order the types of debits listed in this paragraph, when our systems receive date and time information. If our systems do not receive date and time information, then we subtract the remaining debits in this category from your balance in order from the highest to lowest dollar amount.

Common debits in this category include:

- one-time and recurring debit card transactions;
- withdrawals made at our tellers and ATMs;
- one-time transfers made at ATMs, through our tellers, by telephone, and through Online Banking and Mobile Banking;
- checks you wrote that are cashed at our tellers; and
- wire transfers.
- Then, for other checks you wrote, we subtract from your balance checks with check numbers sequentially in check number order when our systems can read the check number. Next, checks without a check number that our systems can read are subtracted in order from highest to lowest dollar amount.

As an example, on the same business day we receive five checks that you wrote and were not cashed at a teller. Our systems can read three of the check numbers, which are #105, #112, and #115. The other two checks do not have check numbers that our systems can read. We subtract check #105 first, then #112, and then #115. Then, we subtract the two remaining checks in order from the highest to lowest dollar amount.

- Then, we subtract from your balance many other types of electronic debits in order from the highest to lowest dollar amount. These debits include: scheduled transfers, preauthorized or automatic payments that use your deposit account number (generally referred to as automated clearing house (ACH) debits), and Online Banking and Mobile Banking bill payments.
- Then, we subtract from your balance most fees (such as monthly maintenance fees, overdraft item fees, returned item fees, and ATM fees) in order from highest to lowest dollar amount. Some fees may show as “processing” until the next day.

Changing Posting Orders

You agree that we may determine in our discretion the orders in which we post transactions to your account.

You agree that we may determine in our discretion the categories, the transactions within a category, the order among categories, and the posting orders within a category. We sometimes add or delete categories, change posting orders within categories and move transaction types among categories. You agree that we may in our discretion make these changes at any time without notice to you.

Posting Orders Determined at End of Day

We receive credits, debits and holds throughout the day. Regardless of when during the day we receive transactions for your account, you agree that we may treat them as if we received all transactions at the same time at the end of the business day.

During the day, we show some transactions as processing. As an example, we show some transactions as processing on the Account Details screen in Online Banking. Please note that transactions shown as processing have not been posted yet. The posting order for these transactions is determined at the end of the day, with the other transactions we receive for that day.

You should note that often we do not receive debits on the same day that you conduct them. As an example, when you use your debit card to pay for a purchase at a merchant and sign for the transaction, we usually receive an authorization request from the merchant the same day, but we might not receive the final debit card transaction for payment and posting until several days later.

We generally post credits and debits to your account, and report them on your statement, in a different order than the order in which you conduct them or we receive them.

Overdraft Fees

We generally determine at the time we post a debit to your account whether it creates an overdraft and whether an overdraft or returned item fee applies. You should note that sometimes we authorize a transaction at a time when you have enough available funds to cover it, but because other transactions post before it and reduce your balance, the transaction creates an overdraft when we post it to your account. You can avoid fees for overdrafts and returned items by making sure that your account always contains enough available funds to cover all of your transactions. When your account balance includes some funds that are subject to a hold, dispute or legal process, you should note that those funds are not available to cover your transactions.

We offer services to help you manage and keep track of your finances, such as Online Banking and Online Alerts. Please see “How to Get Started” at the beginning of this agreement.

Our posting orders can impact the number of overdraft fees we charge you when you do not have enough available funds to cover all of your transactions. When several debits arrive the same business day for payment from your account and you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover all of the debits we receive for that day, you understand that some posting orders

can result in more overdrafts, and more fees for overdraft items and returned items, than if we had used other posting orders. You agree that we may in our discretion choose our posting orders, and also change them from time to time, regardless of whether additional fees may result.

When your account balance includes some funds that are not available at the time that we post a debit, and you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover the debit, the debit results in an overdraft and we generally charge you an overdraft item fee or returned item fee for the debit. You should note that we do not show holds, or distinguish between available and unavailable funds in your account balance, on your statement so when you review your statement later, it might appear that you had enough available funds in your account to cover a debit for which we charged you a fee.

Certain Transactions Made After Business Day Ends

During processing, we generally include in your account balance some transactions that you make after the business day cut-off, but before the end of the calendar day. These transactions are described below. This can impact fees that apply to your account. The credits can help you avoid overdrafts, returned items, and related fees. However, the debits can cause you to incur overdrafts, returned items, and related fees. You should note that we show these transactions on your statement as posting to your account on our next business day.

Credits. We generally add to your account balance the following credits, when the transaction occurs after the cutoff time for the business day, but during the same calendar day:

- Cash deposited at one of our ATMs or financial centers, and
- Transfers to your account from another deposit account with us made at one of our ATMs or financial centers, through Online Banking, Mobile Banking, or by calling customer service.

Debits. We generally subtract from your account balance the following debits, when the transaction occurs after the cutoff time for the business day, but during the same calendar day:

- Cash withdrawals made at one of our ATMs or financial centers, and
- Transfers from your account made at one of our ATMs or financial centers, through Online Banking, Mobile Banking, or by calling customer service.

Processing Deposits and Cashed Items

We may forward deposits, cashed items and other transaction requests for an account to one of our processing centers. We may use the date that our processing center receives the transaction as the effective date of the transaction.

Cashing Items or Accepting Items for Deposit

We may accept, accept for collection only, refuse, or return all or part of any deposit. If we accept checks or other items for deposit to your account or cash them, you are responsible for the checks and other items if there is a subsequent problem with them.

- If we cash a check or other item for you or credit it to your account and it is not paid for any reason, we may charge your account for the amount of the check or other item, even if this causes your account to become overdrawn.
- We may accept a check or other item for deposit to your account from anyone. We do not have to question the authority of the person making the deposit.
- If your account is overdrawn, we may use the deposit to pay the overdraft and any fees you owe us.
- We may adjust your account for any deposit errors, even if you have already withdrawn all or part of the deposit, though we reserve the right not to do so in every case.
- We may refuse to accept for deposit to your account items payable to another person.
- In receiving checks or other items for deposit or collection, we act only as your collecting agent and assume no responsibility beyond the exercise of ordinary care. We are not responsible for errors and delays made by others in the collection process.
- We may assess a charge for processing cash in a deposit.
- If you give us cash that we later determine to be counterfeit, we may charge your account for the amount we determine to be counterfeit.
- You will not knowingly deposit items into your account that do not have either a true original signature of the person on whose account it is drawn or an authorized mechanical reproduction of that person's signature.
- We may require ID or impose other conditions before accepting a deposit.
- An electronically created item (ECI) is an electronic image that has all the attributes of an electronic check but is not originally derived from a paper check. You agree not to deposit an ECI. You warrant that any item you deposit—including by means of mobile banking—has been created from a paper check, was authorized by the account holder, and will not be presented more than once. If you deposit or create for deposit an ECI, you agree to indemnify the Bank for any liability or loss resulting from a breach of any of these warranties and to fully reimburse the Bank for all losses incurred, including any loss due to the item not being derived from paper.

Deposit Slips You should always use our personalized deposit slips with your preprinted name and account number. If you use a blank deposit slip from one of our financial centers, rather than your personalized deposit slip, we are not liable to you for errors that may result from your or our hand encoding the account information.

Checks, Cashier's Checks, and Similar Items We cannot generally verify that checks, money orders, cashier's checks or similar items are authentic and valid at the time you ask us to cash them or accept them for deposit. If we cash, or accept for deposit, a check, money order, cashier's check or similar item and we later learn that the item is fraudulent, counterfeit or invalid for some

other reason, we may charge your account for the amount of the item. This may occur even if we previously made the funds available to you, or this causes your account to become overdrawn.

Foreign Items You should be especially cautious about accepting items drawn on banks located outside of the United States. See *Foreign Items and Foreign Currency*.

Checks Lost in the Collection Process

When we cash a check for you or accept a check for deposit to your account, we are acting as your agent in collecting the check. We are not responsible if the check is lost or delayed in the collection process. We may charge your account for the amount of the check, even if this causes your account to become overdrawn, if a check is lost during the collection process or if the financial institution on which the check is drawn gives us a photocopy of the check or a debit slip representing the check.

A check that was lost may not be returned to us for some time. Despite any delay, we may charge your account when we receive either the returned check, a copy of the check, or a notice of return.

Collection Items

We may accept certain items — such as certain securities and checks payable in foreign currencies or at foreign locations — on a collection basis only. We route and process collection items separately. We normally credit your account for collection items only after we receive payment for them. But if we do credit your account and then do not receive payment, we may debit your account for the amount of the item, even if this causes your account to become overdrawn.

We charge fees for processing collection items. Financial institutions in the collection process and the financial institution on which the collection item is drawn may also charge fees. If a financial institution requires payment of a fee before that institution will process the collection item, we may pay the fee and charge your account. A financial institution may subtract its fee from the amount of the payment we receive. You have to pay these fees even if the collection item is returned unpaid.

For our current collection fees, call us at the number for customer service shown on your statement, or ask a financial center associate.

Demand Drafts and Remotely Created Checks

If you deposit a demand draft or remotely created check (an unsigned draft or a preauthorized draft) into your account, you warrant and guarantee that the draft or remotely created check is authorized according to the terms on its face by the person identified as drawer. You agree to indemnify us from all loss, expense and liability related to a claim that such draft or check was not authorized by the persons on whose accounts it was drawn.

Deposit Preparation and Acceptance

When you make deposits through our financial centers, including lobby boxes, ATMs, night depositories and other automated depositories, or by mail, we may use the method of delivery to our branch or processing center to determine when we accept the deposit, when you receive credit for the deposit, and whether deposit fees apply.

If we credit your account for a deposit and provide you with a receipt, we may use the amount shown on the deposit slip or otherwise specified by you. The amount of the credit is subject to subsequent verification by us and, after review, we may adjust your account for any errors, though we reserve the right not to do so in every case.

Any of our employees or authorized agents may open and count any deposit that a teller did not count in front of you, including coin deposits, cash deposits, and each deposit made through the mail, a lobby box, a night depository, or other automated depository. You agree not to dispute that employee or agent's determination of the amount you delivered. The funds will be accepted for

deposit after the counting has been completed and we have verified the amount, if we opt to do so. The funds will be made available to you in accordance with our funds availability schedule at that time.

If you make your deposit through a mechanical or automated depository such as an ATM or night depository, you agree to exercise due care in opening, closing and properly securing the depository.

If your deposit includes items that we do not accept for deposit, we may hold those items until claimed by you.

Deposit Error Correction

When we accept your deposits, we may provisionally credit your account for the amount declared on the deposit slip. You must ensure that the amount declared on the deposit slip is correct even if you did not prepare the deposit slip. If later we determine that the amounts declared on the deposit slip are incorrect, we may adjust (debit or credit) your account, though we reserve the right not to do so if the error in completing the deposit slip was apparently inadvertent and is less than our standard adjustment amount. In that case, we may not adjust the deposit unless you notify us of the error within one year of the date of your periodic statement that shows the deposit. After this notice period has passed without your bringing an error to our attention, the deposit amount indicated on the statement will be considered finally settled. That is, if the actual amount deposited was less than the amount declared on the deposit slip, the difference will become your property and if the actual amount deposited was more than the amount declared on the deposit slip, the difference will become our property. We may change our standard adjustment amount from time to time without notice to you.

Encoding Deposits

If you are a business client, you may ask us for permission to encode the MICR (Magnetic Ink Character Recognition) line of an item you deposit with us. If we permit this, you agree to follow the instructions we give you for preparing and encoding your deposits. If you make an encoding mistake that results in costs, losses or damages to us, you agree to reimburse us for our costs, losses and damages, including attorneys' fees. We may charge them to your account. We are not liable for any claims, costs, losses, or damages you may incur when you encode your own items.

If our equipment is unable to read what we consider a significant number of your encoded items, we may refuse to accept some or all of your items and we may charge you fees for each item we do accept.

You must provide us with a replacement or a copy of each original check if the deposit is lost or destroyed. We are not liable to you if you are unable to do so.

Endorsing Checks

We may endorse and/or collect items deposited to your account without your endorsement but may, at our option, require your personal endorsement prior to accepting an item for deposit. If you deposit items which bear the endorsement of more than one person or of persons who are not signers on the account, we may refuse the item or may require you to have their endorsement guaranteed before we accept an item.

We may accept for deposit checks payable to any signer on your account when endorsed by any other signer.

When you endorse checks that you ask us to cash or deposit, you must endorse checks in the area that extends 1 1/2 inches from the trailing edge of the back of the check. You must also confine information that you place or have preprinted on the back of your checks to the same area. Otherwise, it may overlap into the area reserved for the banks' endorsements. The trailing edge is the left side of the check when you look at it from the front.

If you endorse a check outside of that area, mark or otherwise obscure the other area or a prior endorsement or make an endorsement that is illegible or incomplete, we may refuse the item or we may accept such nonconforming endorsement and you agree to hold us harmless from any loss, delay, liability, claim or damage which may arise as a result.

If it becomes necessary for us to return one of your checks, your endorsement or information placed on the back of the check may interfere with the bank endorsements and cause delays in returning the item. You are liable for and agree to reimburse us for all claims, costs, losses and damages that result from late return of a check due to material entered on the back of the check that obscured or interfered with the depository or another bank's endorsement.

Identifying the Account for Your Deposit

You must correctly identify the account to which you want funds deposited. We may credit a deposit to an account based solely on the account number listed on the deposit slip or other instruction to credit an account, even if the name on the deposit slip or other instruction differs from the name on the account.

You are responsible for any claim, cost, loss or damage caused by your failure to properly identify the account to which a deposit is made or intended to be made.

Overpayments and Reversals

If funds to which you are not entitled are deposited to your account by mistake or otherwise, we may deduct these funds from your account, even if this causes your account to become overdrawn. If the funds were transferred from your account, we may reverse the transfer. We can do this without giving you any prior notice or demand.

Returned Items

This section applies to items that you deposit or that we cash for you (a "cashed or deposited item") and includes items drawn on us as well as items drawn on other financial institutions. You are responsible for returned items.

If a cashed or deposited item is returned to us at any time for any reason by the bank on which it is drawn or any collecting bank, we may accept that return, pay the claiming party, and charge the item to your account without regard to whether we or the other bank finally paid the item or returned the item in accordance with any applicable midnight deadline or clearinghouse rule. We may also deduct from your account any interest you may have provisionally earned on the item. We may charge you a fee for each returned item. Different fees may apply to domestic and foreign items. We may debit your account for a returned item at any time on or after the day it is returned to us by electronic, automated clearinghouse ("ACH") or other means or on the day we receive notice that the item is being returned to us - whichever is earlier.

As an example: if an item deposited in your account has been paid by the bank on which it is drawn (including on us) and that item is later returned to us with a claim that the item was altered, forged, unauthorized, bears a forged or missing endorsement or should not have been paid for any reason, we may at our discretion charge the item against your account or place a hold on the amount of that item against your account until the claim is finally resolved. We may take these actions without prior notice to you and regardless of whether settlement with respect to such item is considered final.

We are not obligated to question the truth of the facts that are asserted, to assess the timeliness of the claim, to take any action to recover payment of a returned item, or to assert any defense. We do not need to notify you in advance of our actions related to the claim. If you do not have sufficient available funds to cover a returned item, we may overdraw your account. We are not liable to you if there are insufficient funds to pay your items because we withdraw funds from your account or in any way restrict your access to funds due to a hold or debit to your account in

connection with a returned item. You agree to repay immediately an overdraft caused by a return of a cashed or deposited item.

In some cases, the financial institution on which the returned check or other item is drawn may send us an electronic notice of return, an indemnified copy of the original, an image replacement document ("IRD") or an image, instead of returning the item. We may act on, and you agree to be bound by, the electronic notice of return, or indemnified copy or IRD just as if the original item had been returned.

We may send the unpaid item back for collection a second time before notifying you, but we are not obligated to do so. You waive notice of dishonor and protest. You agree that we will have no obligation to notify you of any item that is being returned. However, if we receive advance notice from another financial institution that it is returning to us unpaid a check of \$2,500 or more, we may send you a notice. We do not send a notice about returned checks of less than \$2,500.

Substitute Checks

You agree that you will not cash or deposit "substitute checks" as defined by federal law or Image Replacement Documents ("IRD") that purport to be substitute checks and have not been previously endorsed by a bank. If you cash or deposit such an item, you give us the same warranties and indemnities that we, as a reconvert bank, would give under applicable law or regulation and you agree to reimburse us for claims, losses, costs and damages we may incur. If you provide us with an electronic representation of a substitute check for deposit into your account instead of an original check, you agree to reimburse us for all claims, losses, costs and damages we incur because the substitute check resulting from the electronic representation does not meet applicable substitute check standards or causes duplicate payments.

Third-Party Endorsements

We may require that checks and other items you want to deposit or cash be endorsed by all parties to whom the items are payable. We may require verification of any endorsement through either an endorsement guarantee or personal identification.

When Funds are Available for Withdrawal and Deposit Holds

Our general policy is to make funds from your cash and check deposits available to you no later than the first business day after the day of your deposit. However, in some cases we place a hold on funds that you deposit by check. A hold results in a delay in the availability of these funds. When we place a hold, you will have to wait a few days before being able to use the funds. When we decide to place a hold at the time you make your deposit, the teller or ATM gives you a notice that lets you know funds are on hold. For ATM deposits, the hold notice is usually included on the ATM receipt. The hold notice will let you know the date and the time when the funds will be available for you to use. In some cases, you will not get the hold notice from the teller or ATM, but later by mail. You can avoid holds by using direct deposit or wire transfer.

In many cases, we make funds from your deposited checks available to you sooner than we are able to collect the checks. This means that, from time to time, a deposited check may be returned unpaid after we made the funds available to you. Please keep in mind that even though we make funds from a deposited check available to you and you withdraw the funds, you are still responsible for problems with the deposit. If a check you deposited is returned to us unpaid for any reason, you will have to repay us and we may charge your account for the amount of the check, even if doing so overdraws your account.

While we generally apply our funds availability policy to deposits you make to savings accounts (including money market savings accounts), and to deposits you make using a mobile device, please note that our funds availability policy does not apply to these deposits, and we may delay availability of funds from these deposits.

Your Ability to Withdraw Funds

Our general policy is to make funds from your cash and check deposits available to you no later than the first business day after the day we receive your deposit. Our policy is to make funds from electronic direct deposits made through the automated clearing house (ACH) and incoming wire transfers available to you on the day of the deposit. Once they are available, you can withdraw the funds in cash and we will use the funds to pay checks that you have written.

For determining the availability of your deposits, every day is a business day, except Saturdays, Sundays, and federal holidays.

If you make a deposit on a business day that we are open at one of our financial centers before 2:00 p.m. local time, or at one of our ATMs before 5:00 p.m. local time in the state where we maintain your account, we consider that day to be the day of your deposit. However, if you make a deposit after such times, or on a day when we are not open or that is not a business day, we consider that the deposit was made on the next business day we are open. Some locations have different cutoff times.

Longer Delays May Apply

In some cases, we will not make all of the funds that you deposit by check available to you by the first business day after the day of your deposit. Depending on the type of check that you deposit, funds may not be available until the second business day after the day of your deposit. The first \$200 of your deposits, however, may be available no later than the first business day after the day of your deposit.

If we are not going to make all of the funds from your deposit available by the first business day after the day of your deposit, we generally notify you at the time you make your deposit. We also tell you when the funds will be available. If your deposit is not made directly to one of our

employees, or if we decide to take this action after you have left the premises, we mail you the notice by the next business day after we receive your deposit. If you need the funds from a deposit right away, you should ask us when the funds will be available.

In addition, we may delay the availability of funds you deposit by check for a longer period under the following circumstances:

- We believe a check you deposit will not be paid.
- You deposit checks totaling more than \$5,000 on any one day.
- You redeposit a check that has been returned unpaid.
- You have overdrawn your account repeatedly in the last six months.
- There is an emergency, such as failure of communications or computer equipment.

We will notify you if we delay your ability to withdraw funds for any of these reasons, and we will tell you when the funds will be available. They will generally be available no later than the seventh business day after the day of your deposit.

Special Rules for New Accounts

If you are a new customer, the following special rules may apply during the first 30 days the account is open. Funds from electronic direct deposits to your account are available on the day we receive the deposit. Funds from deposits of cash, wire transfers, and the first \$5,000 of a day's total deposits of cashier's, certified, teller's, traveler's, and federal, state and local government checks are available no later than the first business day after the day of your deposit if the deposit meets certain conditions. For example, the checks must be payable to you and deposited in person to one of our employees. The excess over \$5,000 is available by the fifth business day after the day of your deposit. If your deposit of these checks (other than a U.S. Treasury check) is not made in person to one of our employees, the first \$5,000 will not be available until the second business day after the day of deposit. Funds from all other check deposits are generally available by the fifth business day after the day of your deposit.

However, we may place longer holds on certain items for other reasons, such as large deposits (see *Longer Delays May Apply* above).

Government Checks, Cashier's Checks and Other Special Types of Checks

Our policy is to make funds from U.S. Treasury checks that are payable to you available no later than the first business day after the day of the deposit.

If you make the deposit in person to one of our employees, and meet the other conditions noted below, our policy is to make funds from the following types of deposits available no later than the first business day after the day of your deposit:

- State and local government checks that are payable to you and are deposited in an account in the same jurisdiction that issued the check.
- Cashier's, certified and teller's checks that are payable to you.
- Federal Reserve Bank checks, Federal Home Loan Bank checks and U.S. Postal Service money orders that are payable to you.

If you do not make your deposit of these checks in person to one of our employees (for example, if you mail the deposit), our policy is to make funds from these deposits available no later than the second business day after the day of your deposit.

However, we may place longer holds on certain items for other reasons, such as large deposits (see *Longer Delays May Apply* above).

Cash-Withdrawal Limitation

If we delay availability of your deposit, we place certain limitations on withdrawals in cash or by similar means. In general, \$200 of a deposit is available for withdrawal in cash or by similar means no later than the first business day after the day of deposit. In addition, a total of \$400 of other funds becoming available on a given day is available for withdrawal in cash or by similar means at or after 5:00 p.m. on that day. Any remaining funds will be available for withdrawal in cash or by similar means on the following business day.

Similar means include electronic payment, issuance of a cashier's or teller's check, certification of a check, or other irrevocable commitment to pay, such as a debit card transaction.

Holds on Other Funds

If we cash a check for you that is drawn on another financial institution, we may withhold the availability of a corresponding amount of funds that are already in your account. If we accept for deposit a check that is drawn on another financial institution, we may make funds from the deposit available for withdrawal immediately but delay your ability to withdraw a corresponding amount of funds that you have on deposit in another account with us. In either case, we make these funds available in accordance with our policy described above for the type of check that was cashed or deposited.

Processing Withdrawals

We may forward withdrawals and other transaction requests for an account to one of our processing centers. We may use the date that the processing center receives the transaction as the effective date of the transaction.

Cashing Checks for You

Check cashing services may not be available at some financial centers. We may occasionally refuse to cash a check written to you. If we do cash such a check and it is returned to us unpaid for any reason at any time, we may deduct the amount of the check from your account, even if this causes your account to become overdrawn, and we may charge you a fee.

We may cash checks payable to any signer on your account when endorsed by any other signer.

If you ask us to cash a check or other items for you, we may apply the proceeds of the check or other item to fees, overdrafts and other amounts you owe us.

Cashing or Accepting Your Checks for Others

When a person with a check or other item drawn on your account asks us to cash it or accept it for deposit, we may require identification satisfactory to us and their fingerprint. We may also impose additional requirements. We may refuse to cash a check for a person who is not our loan or deposit customer.

If the person with your check fails or refuses to satisfy our requirements, we may refuse to cash the check or accept it for deposit.

When we cash your check, or accept it for deposit, we may do so without reviewing your account at that time to see whether you have enough available funds to cover the check. We may charge that person cashing a check or other item a fee for cashing the check or other item if that person is not a customer of Bank of America.

We are not liable to you for refusing to cash or accept the check, or for charging a check cashing fee.

Checks with Legends or Restrictions

Some customers print or write legends or restrictions on their checks. Sometimes the person to whom the check is payable prints or writes a legend or restriction on the check. Legends and restrictions include conditions, special or restrictive instructions, and other notations. Some examples are: "not valid after 60 days", "not valid over \$1,000" or "paid in full". We may disregard legends and restrictions. We may pay the item even if the legend or restriction has not been met. We are not liable to you for any claims, costs, losses or damages that result from the placement of these legends or restrictions on your checks, or from our failure to abide by them.

Collection Items

When another financial institution submits to us for collection an item drawn on your account, we may charge the other financial institution a fee. When you do not have enough funds in your account for us to process a collection item drawn on your account, we may charge you an overdraft or returned item fee.

Check Stock and Ink

You agree to bear the risk of loss if you use check stock that contains defects, such as printing inaccuracies, faulty magnetic ink, faulty encoding, or duplicate serial numbers.

Checks you write may be converted into electronic images (truncated) during the check collection and return process. You also agree to bear the risk of loss if: you elect to have your checks printed

by a vendor that has not been approved by us; you use check stock or features (such as security features) that cause critical data to disappear or be obscured upon truncation; or you make your check out in a way (such as, using a lightly colored ink) that causes critical data to disappear or be obscured upon truncation.

Converting Checks to Electronic Debits

Some businesses convert checks that you give them into electronic debits (sometimes referred to as an electronic check) and then sends us an electronic debit for the transaction amount. When we receive the electronic debit, we charge it to your account. We may receive the electronic debit to your account immediately after the business enters the transaction, so you may have a reduced right to stop payment and you may incur an overdraft if you do not have sufficient funds in your account to cover the amount of the check at the time you write the check or authorize the transaction. Since the check is not sent to us, we do not have a copy of your check. We list these electronic debits on your account statement. If the business uses your check to initiate an electronic debit at the point of sale, the business should give you notice of the conversion and return the voided check to you. You should treat the voided check with care because someone else who obtains possession of it could use the information to initiate additional debits against your account. A business that receives your check by mail and converts it to an electronic debit may give you notice of the conversion and destroy the original check.

Examining Checks

We receive checks in great volume. This and compliance with expedited funds availability laws require us to use automated check processing procedures. Although we may visually review a sample of checks and other items from time to time, reasonable commercial standards do not require us to do so.

We select some checks for review based on certain criteria that change from time to time. This means that most checks are processed on the basis of the MICR (Magnetic Ink Character Recognition) line printed along the bottom edge of the check, and are not individually examined for dates, maker signatures, legends or endorsements. You agree that we will have exercised ordinary care if we examine only those items that we have identified according to the criteria that we may establish in our discretion for inspection.

If we do visually review any check or other item, we may disregard any restrictive instructions or notations, such as an instruction to permit withdrawals only upon more than one signature. We may return the item unpaid if, in our opinion, it does not bear a signature matching any specimen signature we have on file for your account. You agree, however, that we will not be liable to you for honoring any check or other item bearing a signature that, in our sole opinion, resembles the specimen signature on file with us.

Since we do not individually examine most checks, it is critical for you to take care of your checks, promptly review your account statement, and immediately report any suspicious or unauthorized activity to us. You agree that automated processing of your checks is reasonable and that you accept responsibility for preventing and reporting forgeries, alterations, and other unauthorized uses of your checks or accounts. You agree that the exercise of ordinary care will not require us to detect forgeries or alterations that could not be detected by a person observing reasonable commercial standards.

Since some types of check fraud have become more difficult to detect, we may elect in some cases to make further inquiries about certain checks or other items that are presented for payment against your account. If we are unable to contact you, or take other steps, to determine with reasonable certainty that you authorized these payments, we may either pay the checks and other items or return them unpaid without any liability to you.

Items Resulting from Voluntary Disclosure

If you voluntarily disclose your account number to another person orally, electronically, in writing or by other means, you are deemed to authorize each item, including electronic debits, which result from your disclosure. We may pay these items and charge your account.

Large Cash Withdrawals

We may require reasonable advance notice for large cash withdrawals. We may also refuse to honor a request to withdraw funds in cash from your account or to cash a check (including a cashier's check or other official item) at a financial center if we believe that the amount is unreasonably large or that honoring the request would cause us an undue hardship or security risk. We may require that such withdrawals be made at one of our cash vaults by an armored courier, acceptable to us and at your sole risk and expense. We are not responsible for providing for your security in such transactions.

Paying Checks and Other Items

We may debit your account for a check or other item drawn on your account either on the day it is presented to us for payment, by electronic or other means, or on the day we receive notice that the item has been deposited for collection at another financial institution — whichever is earlier. If you do not have sufficient available funds to cover the item, we decide whether to return it or to pay it and overdraw your account.

We may determine your balance and make our decision on an insufficient funds item at any time between our receipt of the item or notice and the time we must return the item. We are required to determine your account balance only once during this time period.

When you deposit checks or other items that are drawn on another account with us, we may treat such items as presented to us for payment on the business day that they are received by our office that processes checks drawn on the other account.

Stale-Dated and Postdated Checks

If a stale-dated check — that is, a check dated more than six months in the past — is presented for payment against your account, we may pay the check and charge it to your account. If a postdated check — a check dated in the future — is presented for payment, we may pay the check and charge it to your account even if it is presented for payment before the date stated on the check. If you do not want us to pay a stale-dated or postdated check, you must place a stop payment order on it. See the *Stop Payment Orders and Postdating Orders* section.

Substitute Checks, Indemnified Copies, Images and Image Replacement Copies

In some cases, we may be sent an indemnified copy of your original check, an image replacement document (IRD), a substitute check or an image of your check, instead of the original item. We may act upon presentment of an IRD, indemnified copy, substitute check, or image of your check and pay these items against your account, just as if the original item had been presented.

Unpaid Items

If we decide not to pay a check or other item drawn on your account, we may return the original, an image or a copy of the item or we may send an electronic notice of return and keep either the original, an image or a copy of the item in our records. If we send an electronic notice of return, you agree that any person who receives that electronic notice may use it to make a claim against you to the same extent and with the same effect as if we had returned the original item.

Substitute Checks and Your Rights

The following provisions help explain some of the rights a consumer has under a federal law commonly referred to as Check 21. Check 21 was enacted to increase the efficiency of the U.S. check clearing system. The clearing system relies heavily on the physical transport of checks between banks. Check 21 allows banks to create substitute checks and present them to other banks instead of the original check. This reduces the transport of checks among banks and helps enable the electronic collection of checks.

What is a substitute check?

To make check processing faster, federal law permits banks to replace original checks with "substitute checks." These checks are similar in size to original checks with a slightly reduced image of the front and back of the original check. The front of a substitute check states: "This is a legal copy of your check. You can use it the same way you would use the original check." You may use a substitute check as proof of payment just like the original check.

Some or all of the checks that you receive back from us may be substitute checks. This notice describes rights you have when you receive substitute checks from us. The rights in this notice do not apply to original checks or to electronic debits to your account. However, you have rights under other law with respect to those transactions.

What are my rights regarding substitute checks?

In certain cases, federal law provides a special procedure that allows you to request a refund for losses you suffer if a substitute check is posted to your account (for example, if you think that we withdrew the wrong amount from your account or that we withdrew money from your account more than once for the same check). The losses you may attempt to recover under this procedure may include the amount that was withdrawn from your account and fees that were charged as a result of the withdrawal (for example, bounced check fees).

The amount of your refund under this procedure is limited to the amount of your loss or the amount of the substitute check, whichever is less. You also are entitled to interest on the amount of your refund if your account is an interest bearing account. If your loss exceeds the amount of the substitute check, you may be able to recover additional amounts under other law.

If you use this procedure, you may receive up to \$2,500 of your refund (plus interest if your account earns interest) within 10 business days after we received your claim and the remainder of your refund (plus interest if your account earns interest) not later than 45 calendar days after we received your claim.

We may reverse the refund (including any interest on the refund) if we later are able to demonstrate that the substitute check was correctly posted to your account.

How do I make a claim for a refund?

If you believe that you have suffered a loss relating to a substitute check that you received and that was posted to your account, please contact us at the telephone number listed on your account statement, or write to us at:

Bank of America
Attn: Research and Adjustments
P. O. Box 655961
Dallas, TX 75265-5961

You must contact us within 40 calendar days of the date that we mailed (or otherwise delivered by a means to which you agreed) the substitute check in question or the account statement showing that the substitute check was posted to your account, whichever is later. We will extend this time period if you were not able to make a timely claim because of extraordinary circumstances.

Your claim must include—

- A description of why you have suffered a loss (for example, you think the amount withdrawn was incorrect);
- An estimate of the amount of your loss;
- An explanation of why the substitute check you received is insufficient to confirm that you suffered a loss; and
- A copy of the substitute check or the following information to help us identify the substitute check: your account number, the check number, the name of the person to whom you wrote the check, the amount of the check and the date of the check.

Notices, Statements and Other Communications

General Terms for Notices, Statements and Other Communications

Please review promptly all notices, statements and other communications we send you. In this section “communications” means all notices, statements and other communications we send you.

We may provide communications in English. Many communications will be notices of change affecting your rights and obligations. If you have questions about any of them or difficulty reading English, please call us at the number for customer service on your statement.

We may:

- address communications to one account owner;
- provide communications in English, even though we may have given you account opening documents and disclosures in a language other than English;
- destroy communications that are sent to you and returned to us as being undeliverable, along with any accompanying checks and other items;
- authorize the Post Office or an agent to destroy communications, along with accompanying checks and other items, that the Post Office informs us are undeliverable; and
- stop sending communications to you until a new address is provided to us if one or more communications that we mail to you are returned to us as being undeliverable.

We are not responsible for communications, or for any checks or other accompanying items, lost while not in our possession.

If we receive communications that we sent you at a financial center, they are deemed to have been delivered to you at the time that they are available to you at the financial center.

Electronic delivery of communications We recommend that you use our Online Banking service and receive your communications electronically. When you use electronic or paperless delivery, we deliver communications to you by placing them in Online Banking. You can find your account statements, notices, and other eligible documents in Online Banking within the statements and documents area of your account details page. Communications currently available for electronic delivery are listed in the statements and documents area of Online Banking.

Notices

When we inform you of changes affecting your rights and obligations, we do so by delivering or otherwise making a notice available to you. In some cases, we may post a notice of a change in our banking offices or on our website. Otherwise, we mail the notice to you at the address we currently show for your statement or, if we have agreed on this method, we provide it to you electronically. We may provide a notice as a message on your statement or as an insert with your statement.

If a notice of a change to this Agreement is returned to us as being undeliverable or if we stop sending notices or statements to you because we consider your account dormant or because notices or statements we previously sent you were returned to us as being undeliverable, you understand that the notices are available to you through our financial centers. You agree to that method of delivery and that changes covered in these notices are still effective and binding on you.

A notice sent to any one owner is deemed notice to all account owners and is effective for all account owners.

Statements

We provide you with a single statement when there is activity on your checking or savings account. When there is no activity on your account, we may choose not to provide a statement. You may generally obtain an additional copy of your statement for a fee.

We recommend that you use our Online Banking service and receive your statements electronically.

If your statement is received at one of our offices, we may mail it to you or destroy it, along with any accompanying checks and other items.

For checking, money market savings and business savings accounts, we provide you with a monthly statement. Statement cycles generally vary from 28 to 33 days and may end on different days during the month. A statement cycle can be shorter than monthly. As examples, a statement cycle may only be a few days in length for the first statement cycle after an account is opened or when a statement date is changed to link accounts for combined statements. If you want to know the date your statement cycle ends, call us at the number for customer service on your statement.

For Regular Savings accounts, we provide you with a quarterly statement. If you have an electronic fund transfer (such as a direct deposit or an ATM withdrawal) to or from your account during any month, we provide a statement for that month.

For analyzed business checking accounts, you can elect to receive an additional monthly account analysis statement. This statement includes balance and float information, quantity of services used during the period, fees and charges for these services and the earnings allowance, if any.

For **IRAs**, we provide you with a quarterly statement.

Combined Statements With combined statement service we provide a single statement that reports activity for all accounts linked for this service, instead of separate statements for each linked account.

Accounts with at least one common owner may be linked and reported on a combined statement, either automatically or at your request. When accounts are reported on a combined statement, you understand and agree that each owner and each signer of any linked account can review information about all linked accounts. As an example: If you own a checking account jointly with others and you link your individual savings account to this checking account for combined statement service, then each of the other owners and signers of the joint checking account can review information about both the checking account and your individual savings account. You should not link accounts for combined statement service that you do not want others to see.

You must generally request combined statement service and tell us what accounts you want us to link and report on a combined statement. In some cases, however, we may automatically send you a combined statement. As an example: we may automatically link accounts that have the same owners and provide a combined statement for those accounts.

We may restrict what accounts can be linked for a combined statement. Please note that combining accounts on a single statement does not mean they are also linked for pricing. To determine which accounts can be linked, or to link accounts, for combined statements or for combined balances (pricing), please call us.

Check Image, Safekeeping and Enclosure Services

For most accounts, we offer the following options regarding your canceled checks.

Check Image Service We provide with your statement an image of the front of each of your canceled checks that we post to your account during the statement cycle. We print images of your checks up to 10 images on a page. We do not return your canceled checks. In some states and for some business accounts we provide an image of the front and back of your canceled checks. When you use this service, checks are deemed to be made available to you at the same time your statement is made available.

We store copies of your canceled checks (usually on microfilm or as a digital image) and then destroy the checks. Copies of checks are generally available for seven years from the date the checks are paid. See *Check Copies* in *Other Terms and Services*.

Check Safekeeping Service We report on your statement information about canceled checks (check number, amount and date posted) that posted to your account during the statement cycle. You do not receive your canceled checks with your account statement. When you use this service, checks are deemed to be made available to you at the same time your statement is made available.

If your statements are returned to us, you automatically receive check safekeeping service. If you usually receive your checks with your statement but we are unable to return them because of circumstances beyond our reasonable control, we may convert your account to check safekeeping service.

We store copies of your canceled checks (usually on microfilm or digital image) and destroy the checks. Copies of the checks are generally available for seven years from the date the checks are paid. See *Check Copies* in *Other Terms and Services*.

If you use our check safekeeping service, we cannot provide a copy of a check that posted to your account, and you lose money as a result, we may cover the loss up to the amount of the check. However, we are not liable to you for consequential loss or damage of any kind.

Check Enclosure Service *This service is no longer available for most accounts.* We return with your statement canceled checks that we received and posted to your account during the statement cycle. We may also provide you with images of your canceled checks.

We may not return some of your canceled checks. For example, if a check that you write is converted into an image or electronic debit during the check collection process, your check is not sent to us and, as a result, we cannot return the check to you. In some cases, we may receive a substitute check (also called an image replacement document) instead of your check. We do not return substitute checks with your statement.

Your Address and Change of Address

We may send notices, statements and other communications regarding your account to you at the electronic or street address we have in our records for your account.

You agree to notify us if you change your address. If the United States Post Office or one of its agents tells us that your address has changed:

- we may change your address on our records to the address specified by the Post Office; and
- we may send notices, statements and other communications regarding your account to that new address.

Actions You Can Take to Help Protect Your Account

Your role is extremely important in helping to prevent the wrongful use of your account. Please consider the measures below to help you protect your account.

Stay Informed We offer several services you can use to help you keep track of your account on a daily basis. You can use our Online Banking service to review your accounts and Online Alerts to receive notice of account balances and activity. Please see the information about these services in *How to Get Started*.

Be Cautious about Giving Out Your Personal Information We will not send you e-mails requesting personal information. If you receive an e-mail that seems to come from us and requests personal information, do not answer it. Instead, please contact us immediately at the number on your statement.

Be Cautious about Accepting Checks, Money Orders and Cashier's Checks, especially from Strangers You should be cautious about accepting checks, money orders and cashier's checks (especially, foreign checks) from strangers. Sometimes they are fraudulent or counterfeit. We cannot verify that a check, money order or cashier's check that purports to be issued by another company or financial institution is authentic, or has any value at all, when you give it to us and ask us to cash or deposit it.

We ordinarily make funds from a check you deposit (or we cash for you) available to you sooner than we are able to collect the check or determine whether the check is any good. If the check is returned to us unpaid for any reason, you are still responsible for the check. We charge your account for, and you will have to repay us, the full amount of the returned check. A check may be returned because it "bounces" or because the check is fraudulent, counterfeit or invalid for some other reason.

One way to help protect yourself is to take the check to the bank, company (such as Western Union) or service (such as the U.S. Postal Service) that issued it and redeem the check for cash. For more information on how to avoid being a victim of fraud, visit bankofamerica.com, or consult trusted organizations such as your local Better Business Bureau or the Federal Citizen Information Center. The following website is also a good resource - www.fakechecks.org.

Review Statements and Report Suspected Problems Immediately You must promptly review the notices, statements and other communications, along with any accompanying checks and other items, we send you. You must also report problems or unauthorized transactions to us immediately, by calling the number for customer service on your statement. See *Reporting Problems*.

Identity Theft Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information without your permission to take over your existing account or to open new accounts in your name. Identity theft often begins with the loss or theft of a wallet or purse. Criminals can also obtain your personal information by stealing records from your trash or sending fraudulent e-mails to you requesting your information.

You should destroy or shred account statements, checks, deposit slips and other documents with your personal information before you throw them away.

Other Actions You Can Take

Here are some other actions you can take to help control your risk. This is by no means a complete list of preventive measures. You may want to take other or additional actions.

- Do not share your passwords, user numbers or Personal Identification Number (PIN) for Online Banking or your ATM or debit card.

- Call us if your new check order or debit card does not arrive within 14 business days.
- Be cautious about giving someone your account number. If you give your account number to a third person and authorize that third person to initiate one or more transactions on your account, you may be liable for all transactions initiated by the third person even if you did not intend to authorize a particular transaction.
- Do not give anyone a pre-signed blank check. Do not give anyone permission to sign your name on a check.
- Do not preprint your driver's license or Social Security Number on your checks.
- Write checks in a dark colored permanent ink and fill in all lines. Make sure the written and numeric amounts match, are readable and begin on the far left of the line so additional numbers or words cannot be added.
- Write and sign your checks clearly, because illegible checks are easier to forge.
- Use tamper resistant checks. If you do not order checks through us, ask your check vendor about tamper resistant checks.
- Store blank checks, deposit slips and statements in a safe place and audit your check stock frequently. When discarding, destroy them by shredding or other means so they cannot be copied or used. Call us immediately if any of these items are lost, stolen or missing.
- Use the same precautions that apply to your checks to your endorsement and signature stamps.
- Do not leave outgoing mail in an unlocked collection box or in your residence mailbox. Deposit outgoing mail in a locked Postal Service mail deposit box.
- Keep accurate records of your transactions and reconcile your statements as soon as they are made available to you. Pick up your mail every day. When reviewing your statements, watch for:
 - Checks cashed out of sequence or made payable to cash
 - Use of a check number from a previously cleared item
 - Balance discrepancies or unexpected fluctuations
- Reconcile your account yourself. If you have authorized someone else to transact on your account and you do not reconcile your account yourself, someone other than an authorized signer should reconcile your accounts.
- Business customers should assign to different individuals responsibilities for: opening mail, reconciling bank statements, endorsing incoming checks, making deposits, reconciling accounts payable checks with vendor invoices, reconciling incoming checks against outstanding receivables and issuing checks.

Reporting Problems

If you find that your records and ours disagree, if you suspect any problem or unauthorized transaction on your account or you do not receive a statement when expected, call us immediately at the number for customer service on your statement. If you fail to notify us in a timely manner, your rights may be limited.

This section does not apply to electronic fund transfers that are subject to Regulation E. If we have a specific agreement with you for a service or this Agreement has specific provisions for a service (such as the *Funds Transfer Services* section), these provisions supplement the specific agreement and provisions to the extent they are not inconsistent.

Your Responsibility

You must exercise reasonable control over your statements, checks, deposit slips, endorsement and signature stamps, debit and ATM cards, Personal Identification Numbers and other access devices. It is your responsibility to keep them safe and secure and to promptly discover and report if any of them are missing in time to prevent misuse. You assume full responsibility for monitoring and reviewing the activity of your account, the work of your employees, agents and accountants, and any use they make of your account.

We may deny a claim for losses due to forged, altered or unauthorized transactions, items or signatures if you do not guard against improper access to your checks, statements, deposit slips, endorsement and signature stamps, and account information. We may also deny your claim if you do not monitor your account and report problems as provided in this section. Please review this *Reporting Problems* section carefully.

In some states we offer certain fraud prevention and detection products and services to business customers. If we have offered you one or more of these services, and you decline to use them or fail to implement them, or you fail to follow the procedures necessary for proper use of these products or services, or you fail to follow other precautions reasonable for your particular circumstances, you are precluded from asserting any claims against us for paying any unauthorized, altered, counterfeit or other fraudulent item that such product, service, or precaution was designed to detect or deter, and we will not be required to re-credit your account or otherwise have any liability for paying such items.

What Are Problems and Unauthorized Transactions

Problems and unauthorized transactions include suspected fraud; missing deposits; unauthorized electronic transfers; missing, stolen, or unauthorized checks or other withdrawal orders; checks or other withdrawal orders bearing an unauthorized signature, endorsement or alteration; illegible images; encoding errors made by you or us; and counterfeit checks. This is not a complete list.

Reviewing Your Account Statements

Your review of your statements, checks and other items is one of the best ways to help prevent the wrongful use of your account. You agree:

- to review your statements, checks and other items and reconcile them as soon as they are made available to you;
- that our statements provide sufficient information to determine the identification and authenticity of any transaction including without limit, whether any are forged, altered or unauthorized if the statement includes the item number, amount and the date the item posted to your account;
- to report any problems or unauthorized transactions as soon as possible; and

- that 60 days after we send a statement and any accompanying items (or otherwise make them available) is the maximum reasonable amount of time for you to review your statement or items and report any problem or unauthorized transaction related to a matter shown on the statement or items. There are exceptions to this 60-day period. For forged, unauthorized or missing endorsements, you must notify us within the period specified by the state law applicable to your account. For substitute checks, you must notify us within 40 days to qualify for an expedited recredit. See section titled *Substitute Checks and Your Rights*.

We Are Not Liable If You Fail To Report Promptly

Except as otherwise expressly provided elsewhere in this agreement, if you fail to notify us in writing of suspected problems or unauthorized transactions within 60 days after we make your statement or items available to you, you agree that:

- you may not make a claim against us relating to the unreported problems or unauthorized transactions, regardless of the care or lack of care we may have exercised in handling your account; and
- you may not bring any legal proceeding or action against us to recover any amount alleged to have been improperly paid out of your account.

Except as otherwise expressly provided elsewhere in this agreement, we are not liable to you for subsequent unauthorized transactions on your account by the same person if you fail to report an unauthorized transaction on your account within 30 days (or such lesser period as is specified in the state law applicable to your account) following the closing date of the statement containing information about the first unauthorized transaction.

For business deposit accounts, also see *Electronic Banking Disclosures* in the *Electronic Banking Services* section and *ACH Debits and Credits* in the *Funds Transfer Services* section.

Written Confirmation and Other Assistance

If you report to us that an unauthorized transaction has occurred on your account, we may require you to confirm your report in writing. We may also require that you give us a statement, under penalty of perjury, about the facts and circumstances relating to your report and provide such other information and proof as we may reasonably request.

If you assert a claim regarding a problem, you must cooperate with us in the investigation and prosecution of your claim and any attempt to recover funds. You also agree to assist us in identifying and in seeking criminal and civil penalties against the person responsible. You must file reports and complaints with appropriate law enforcement authorities.

If you fail or refuse to do these things, we will consider your failure or refusal to be your ratification of the defect in the statement or item, unauthorized transaction or other problem and your agreement that we can charge the full amount to your account.

Our Investigation and Maximum Liability

We may take a reasonable period of time to investigate the facts and circumstances surrounding any claimed loss. We do not have to provisionally credit your account while we investigate.

Our maximum liability is the lesser of your actual damages proved or the amount of the missing deposit or the forgery, alteration or other unauthorized withdrawal, reduced in all cases by the amount of the loss that could have been avoided by your use of ordinary care.

We are not liable to you for special or consequential losses or damages of any kind, including loss of profits and opportunity or for attorneys' fees incurred by you.

Business Insurance

If your claim relates to a business account, you agree to pursue all rights you may have under any insurance coverage you maintain before making a claim against us in connection with any transaction involving your accounts. You will provide us with all reasonable information about your coverage, including the name of your insurance carrier, policy number, policy limits and applicable deductibles. Our liability is reduced by the amount of all insurance proceeds you receive or are entitled to receive. At our request, you agree to assign to us your rights under your insurance policy.

Opening a New Account

If you or we suspect that your account is or may be compromised, we may recommend that you close your account and open a new account. If there are any unauthorized transactions on your account, we recommend that you close your account and open a new one. If we recommend that you close your account and you do not do so, we are not liable to you for subsequent losses or damages on the account due to unauthorized transactions. When you open a new account, you are responsible for notifying any third parties that need to know your new account number.

Foreign Items and Foreign Currency

What is a Foreign Item

A foreign item is a check or other item in any currency (including United States dollars) that is drawn on a bank or branch of a bank located outside of the United States. A foreign currency is any currency other than United States dollars. Some foreign items are payable in United States dollars. Some are payable in a foreign currency.

Be Cautious About Accepting Foreign Items

You should be cautious about accepting foreign items because foreign items are not subject to United States laws or regulations. A foreign item may be returned unpaid much later (sometimes many months later) than checks or other items that are drawn on banks located in the United States. If a foreign item is returned to us unpaid or there is some other problem with the foreign item, you are responsible for the item and you may incur a loss.

Currency Exchange Rates

We may receive transactions related to your account or relationship with us for which we determine that it is appropriate to convert the transaction from one currency to another currency. As an example, we receive a wire denominated in a foreign currency for credit to your account. When we decide to convert a transaction, we may determine in our discretion the currency exchange rate and then assign that currency exchange rate to your transaction without notice to you. You agree to this procedure and accept our determination of the currency exchange rate.

If we assign an exchange rate to your foreign exchange transaction, that exchange rate will be determined by us in our sole discretion based upon such factors as we determine relevant, including without limitation, market conditions, exchange rates charged by other parties, our desired rate of return, market risk, credit risk and other market, economic and business factors.

Exchange rates fluctuate at times significantly, and you acknowledge and accept all risks that may result from such fluctuations. You acknowledge that exchange rates for retail and commercial transactions, and for transactions effected after regular business hours and on weekends, are different from the exchange rates for large inter-bank transactions effected during the business day as may be reported in *The Wall Street Journal* or elsewhere. Exchange rates offered by other dealers, or shown at other sources (including online sources) may be different from our exchange

rates. The exchange rate you are offered may be different from, and likely inferior to, the rate paid by us to acquire the underlying currency.

We provide all-in pricing for exchange rates. The price provided may include profit, fees, costs, charges or other mark ups as determined by us in our sole discretion. We do not accept any liability for our exchange rates.

In connection with our market making and other activities, we may engage in hedging, including pre-hedging, to facilitate customer transactions and hedge the associated market risk. Such trading may include trading ahead of order execution. These transactions will be designed to be reasonable in relation to the risks associated with the potential transaction with you. These transactions may affect the price of the underlying currency, and consequently, your cost or proceeds. You acknowledge that we bear no liability for these potential price movements. When our pre-hedging and hedging activity is completed at prices that are superior to the agreed upon execution price or benchmark, we will keep the positive difference as a profit in connection with the transactions. You will have no interest in any profits.

We also may take proprietary positions in certain currencies. You should assume we have an economic incentive to be a counterparty to any transaction with you. Again, you have no interest in any profit associated with this activity.

You acknowledge that the parties to these exchange rate transactions engaged in arm's length negotiations. You are a customer and these transactions do not establish a principal/agent relationship or any other relationship that may create a heightened duty for us.

You acknowledge that any and all liability for our exchange rates is disclaimed, including without limitation direct, indirect or consequential loss, and any liability if our exchange rates are different from rates offered or reported by third parties, or offered by us at a different time, at a different location, for a different transaction amount, or involving a different payment media (including but not limited to bank-notes, checks, wire transfers, etc.).

Wires Sent to a Foreign Currency Account

When you send a wire denominated in United States dollars to an account denominated in a foreign currency, an intermediary bank or the receiving bank may convert your wire into the applicable foreign currency and we may receive compensation in connection with any such conversion. When this occurs, the intermediary bank or the receiving bank determines in their discretion the currency exchange rate. We are not responsible for the exchange rate set by an intermediary bank or the receiving bank.

You May Not Write Foreign Currency Checks

You may not write checks or give other withdrawal orders on your account, which order payment in a foreign currency. If we receive such a check or order, we may refuse to accept or process it without any liability to you.

Processing and Collecting Foreign Items

We may refuse to accept a foreign item for deposit or collection. If we accept a foreign item for deposit or collection, you assume all the risks relating to or arising from: the collection process, a late return and changes in currency exchange rates.

If we accept a foreign item for deposit or collection, we may decide not to credit the value of the foreign item to your account until we receive the proceeds in cleared funds from the paying bank. However, if we do credit your account, the credit is provisional and we may reverse the credit at any time.

If we accept an item for deposit which we later determine to be a foreign item, we may decide that the item needs to be sent for collection. If so, we may reverse any credit given for the item and mail the foreign item to you at the address we have for your account statement. You may ask us to send the item for collection.

When we send a foreign item for collection, you understand that the foreign item is sent solely for you and at your risk and that we are not liable for any event in the collection process which is beyond our control. As examples, we are not liable for a default by any bank or agent involved in the collection process or for the loss of the foreign item in transit. We may send the foreign item through a correspondent bank or directly to the paying bank. We may deduct our fees and the fees and charges assessed by the paying bank and any agents involved in the collection process from any amount collected or from your account.

If you request, we will try to determine the status of a collection. You agree to pay all fees and charges related to such a request. We may refuse your request if less than 30 business days have passed since we first processed the collection.

If a foreign item is returned to us unpaid for any reason at any time or is initially paid but then subsequently returned unpaid, we may charge your account for the foreign item and mail the foreign item to you at the address we have for your account statement. Even though the item is returned unpaid, we may charge you for our collection fees and for fees and charges assessed by the paying bank and any agents involved in the collection process.

When we credit your account for a foreign item, we use our applicable currency exchange rate on the day we credit the item to determine the amount of the credit. When we reverse a credit for a foreign item, we use our applicable currency exchange rate on the day we reverse the credit to determine the amount of the debit. Currency exchange rates are highly volatile and our rate on the day of the credit is likely to be different (sometimes very different) than our rate on the day of the debit. You understand and agree that this may result in a currency exchange loss to you.

Other Terms and Services

Account Changes

You must notify us of any change to your name or address. If you do not provide notice of change of address, we may send notices, statements and other correspondence to you at the address maintained on our records for your account and you agree to indemnify us and hold us harmless for doing so.

You agree to notify us in writing of any change in ownership or authorized signers of your account or if an owner or authorized signer on the account dies or is adjudicated incompetent.

If there is more than one owner and/or authorized signer on the account, any one account holder or authorized signer may request the account be closed without consent of any other account holder or authorized signer. Further, any one account holder may request, and we may, at our option, permit removal of any account holder or authorized signer without consent of any other account holder or authorized signer on the account.

You acknowledge that we may, but need not, require a new signature card to be completed before any change in ownership or authorized signers becomes effective and each time you open a new account, we may require a Taxpayer Identification Number certification(s). You also acknowledge that we may require you to close your account in the event of any change in ownership or change in the authorized signers.

After we receive notice of a change and all documents we require regarding the change, we may take a reasonable period of time to act on and implement the change to your account.

Automatic Transfer Service

You may have funds transferred automatically from most Bank of America checking or savings accounts to another Bank of America checking or savings account or to pay a Bank of America loan or credit card account or safe deposit rental fee.

Federal regulation and this Agreement place limits on the number of automated transfers you may make from savings accounts each month. Please see *"Limits on Withdrawals and Transfers from Savings Accounts"*. Certain other restrictions apply.

You must schedule transfers to pay a Bank of America loan for the due date each month. In most other cases, you may schedule transfers periodically on the dates and for the amounts that you specify. Transfers can only be made on a business day. If a scheduled transfer date falls on a weekend or bank holiday, we may make the transfer on the next business day. If we are unable to complete a transfer because you do not have enough available funds in your account, we may cancel this service.

Check and Deposit Slip Forms

We offer checks, withdrawal forms and deposit slips in a number of styles and at various prices. We recommend that you use checks and other forms that we provide.

You are responsible for verifying the accuracy of all information on your checks and other forms, whether obtained through others or us. Our liability, if any, for any printing errors on checks or other forms obtained through us is limited to the cost of replacing the forms. We are not liable for any claims, costs, losses or damages you may incur when you use checks or other forms not obtained through us. Check deposits with a retired routing number will be returned unpaid.

We may refuse to accept checks or other forms that you create or someone else provides that do not meet our then current specifications, even if they met our specifications at the time they were initially drawn. You may obtain a copy of our printing specifications by calling the telephone number on your statement or asking your account representative. These specifications include

the magnetically encoded numbers, the size of the check and the weight, color and type of paper. If you create or obtain checks or other forms from someone else and our automated check processing systems are unable to read or process them, we may refuse to accept them and we may charge you a fee for each check or other item that we are unable to read or process through our automated systems.

Check Copies

We generally keep a copy of each check we post to your account for seven years from the date the check posts to your account. We have no obligation to retain the original check. We typically keep the copies on microfilm or as a digital image. If a copy is unavailable or of poor quality, we are not liable to you for any claim, cost, loss or damage of any kind. After seven years, we may destroy the copies.

Requesting Copies You may request a copy of a canceled check by calling us at the number for customer service on your statement. To produce a copy, we need the account number, check number, exact amount of the check, and date the check was paid. This information is on your statement. Generally, we mail or make a copy available within seven business days. If we need more time, we will tell you. A fee may apply to each check copy. Please see the *Schedule of Fees* for your account.

If a check that you wrote was converted to an electronic debit, then the check was not sent to us for processing so we do not have a copy. We list these electronic debits on your account statement.

Compliance

You agree to comply with applicable laws and regulations. You may not use your account or related services for any illegal transactions or activity, for example those prohibited by the Unlawful Internet Gambling Enforcement Act, 31 U.S.C. Section 5361 et. seq. You agree to indemnify us from every action, proceeding, claim, loss, cost and expense (including attorney's fees) suffered or incurred by us due to any U.S. or foreign government entity seizing, freezing or otherwise asserting or causing us to assert control over any account or funds in an account of yours (or ours) when purportedly caused by, or arising out of, your action or inaction. This will apply whether or not such action is ultimately determined to be authorized under the laws of the U.S. or its territories, or of any foreign jurisdiction. We are not required to inquire or determine the authority of any action taken by the U.S. or foreign government entity prior to acceding to any legal process initiated by it.

Please note that your agreement to comply with applicable laws and regulations includes United States economic sanctions laws and regulations, including regulations issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) of the U.S. Department of the Treasury, and Executive Orders issued by the President of the United States.

Conflicting Demands and Disputes

We are not required to make payment from an account to a signer, a payee, a beneficiary of a trust account or Payable on Death (POD) account, or to any other person claiming an interest in any funds in the account:

- if we have actual knowledge of, or otherwise believe in good faith that there may be a bona fide dispute between the signers, beneficiaries, payees, or other persons concerning their rights to the account proceeds or
- if we are otherwise uncertain as to who is entitled to the account funds.

We may notify all signers, beneficiaries, payees, and other persons claiming an interest in the account of the dispute or uncertainty without liability to you.

We also may, at our option and without liability to you, take one or more of these actions:

- continue to rely on current signature cards and other account documents;
- honor the competing claim upon receipt of evidence we deem satisfactory to justify such claim;
- freeze all or part of the funds until the dispute is resolved to our satisfaction;
- close the account and distribute the account balance, subject to any bank claims, to each claimant payable jointly, or payable individually in equal shares to each claimant;
- pay the funds into an appropriate court for resolution; or
- refuse to disburse any funds in the account to any person until such time as: all persons claiming an interest in the account consent in writing to a resolution of the dispute; or a court of proper jurisdiction authorizes or directs the payment; or the person with a conflicting claim withdraws his or her claim in writing.

You are liable for all expenses and fees we incur, including attorneys' fees, and we may charge them to your account.

Converting an Account

We may convert your account to another type of account, revoke privileges or close your account:

- if you make frequent transactions on a savings account;
- if your account frequently has debits against uncollected funds;
- if your account has excessive deposit activity;
- if you use a personal account for business purposes; or
- when we consider it appropriate or necessary to do so.

If we discontinue your type of account, we may convert your account to another type of account. We may also convert your account to another type of account based on our evaluation of how you use the account. If we convert your account, we will send you information about your new account.

Cutoff Time for Receipt of Orders

Our cutoff time for receipt at a financial center of an order relating to your account is 10:00 a.m. local time or, if later, one hour after the financial center opens each business day. Orders include a stop payment order or postdating order, restraining order, writ of attachment or execution, levy, garnishment and any similar order.

The cutoff time relates to our obligation to pay or return checks and other items. If we receive an order before this cutoff time, we may review items presented for payment against your account on the previous business day to determine whether we need to return any of them to comply with the order. If we receive the order after the cutoff time, we may not review items presented on the previous business day.

For example, if you give us a stop payment order after our cutoff time and the item you want to stop was previously presented for payment or otherwise before we have the opportunity to act on your order, your order comes too late to stop payment on the item. Or, if we receive a levy before the cutoff time and you do not have enough funds in your account to cover both the levy and all items presented against your account the previous business day, we may return one or more items and apply the funds to the levy.

Death or Incompetence

You agree to notify us promptly if any owner or authorized signer on your account dies or is declared incompetent by a court. Until we receive a notice of death or incompetency, we may act with respect to any account or service as if all owners, signers or other persons are alive and competent and we will not be liable for any actions or inactions taken on that basis.

If you give us instructions regarding your account, and you or another owner of the account subsequently dies or is declared incompetent, we may act on the instructions unless we receive written notice of death or incompetency prior to honoring such instructions.

When we receive a notice that an owner has died or been declared incompetent, we may place a hold on your account and refuse to accept deposits or permit withdrawals. We may hold any funds in your account until we know the identity of the successor.

If a deposit — including salary, pension, Social Security and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) — payable to the deceased owner is credited to the account after the date the deceased owner died, we may debit the account for the deposit and return it to the payer.

We may accept and comply with court orders, and take direction from court appointed personal representatives, guardians, or conservators from states other than where your account was opened or where the account, property or records are held. We reserve the right to require U.S. court documents for customers who reside outside of the U.S. at time of incompetence or death.

Facsimile Signature

A facsimile signature can be a convenient method for signing or endorsing documents and other items. If you use a facsimile signature, you are responsible for any withdrawal from your account that bears or appears to us to bear a facsimile signature that resembles or purports to be the signature of a person authorized to withdraw funds. We will not be liable to you if use of the facsimile device (or similar device utilized to affix your signature) was unauthorized. You are responsible even if the size, or color of the facsimile signature is different from that of any signature previously presented to us. We may pay the withdrawal and may charge your account for it. You agree to reimburse us (and we may charge your account) for all claims, costs, losses and damages, including attorneys' fees, that result from our payment of a withdrawal bearing either a facsimile that resembles or purports to bear your signature or a facsimile that we believe you authorized.

Deposit Bank Assessment

For some business accounts, Bank of America may, at our discretion, charge you a Deposit Bank Assessment on your average positive ledger balances. The assessment rate is variable and we may change it at any time without notice.

Fingerprint

If a person to whom you gave your check asks us to cash the check, we may require them to place their fingerprint on the check. If they refuse to provide their fingerprint, we may refuse to cash the check. We have no liability to you for refusing to cash the check.

“Freezing” Your Account

If we decide to close your account, we may freeze it. If we do this, we may in our discretion either accept or return deposits, checks and other items that we receive after we freeze your account without being liable to you.

If at any time we believe that your account may be subject to irregular, unauthorized, fraudulent or illegal activity, we may, in our discretion, freeze some or all of the funds in the account and in

other accounts you maintain with us, without any liability to you, until such time as we are able to complete our investigation of the account and transactions. If we do freeze your account funds, we will provide notice to you as soon as reasonably possible. Notice may be made by mail or verbally or provided by other means such as via Online Banking or text alerts as permitted by law or by updated balance information. We may not provide this notice to you prior to freezing the account if we believe that such notice could result in a security risk to us or to the owner of the funds in the account.

Indemnification and Limitation of Liability

You agree to reimburse us for all claims, costs, losses and damages (including fees paid for collection) we may incur with respect to overdrafts or returned deposits in connection with your account.

We are not liable to you for errors that do not result in a financial loss to you. We may take any action authorized or permitted by this Agreement without being liable to you, even if such action causes you to incur fees, expenses or damages.

We are not liable to you for any claim, cost, loss or damage caused by an event that is beyond our reasonable control. In particular, we are not liable to you if circumstances beyond our reasonable control prevent us from, or delay us in, performing our obligations for a service, including acting on a payment order, crediting a funds transfer to your account, processing a transaction or crediting your account. Circumstances beyond our reasonable control include: a natural disaster; emergency conditions, such as fire, theft or labor dispute; a legal constraint or governmental action or inaction; the breakdown or failure of our equipment for any reason, including a loss of electric power; the breakdown of any private or common carrier communication or transmission facilities, any time-sharing supplier or any mail or courier service; the potential violation of any guideline, rule or regulation of any government authority; suspension of payments by another bank; or your act, omission, negligence or fault.

Except as limited by applicable law, we are not liable for special, incidental, exemplary, punitive or consequential losses or damages of any kind.

Our liability for a claim will be limited to the face value of an item or transaction improperly dishonored or paid or the actual value of any deposits not properly credited or withdrawals not properly debited.

You agree that the amount of any claim you have against us in connection with any account or transaction with us, whether brought as a warranty, negligence, wrongful dishonor or other action, is subject to reduction to the extent that: 1) negligence or failure to use reasonable care on your part, or on the part of any of your agents or employees, contributed to the loss which is the basis of your claim; and 2) damages could not be avoided by our use of ordinary care.

Any loss recovery you obtain from third parties on a particular claim will reduce the amount of any obligations we may have to you on that claim and you will immediately notify us of any such recovery. You agree to pursue all rights you may have under any insurance policy you maintain in connection with any loss and to provide us information regarding coverage. Our liability will be reduced by the amount of any insurance proceeds you receive or are entitled to receive in connection with the loss. If we reimburse you for a loss covered by insurance, you agree to assign us your rights under the insurance to the extent of your reimbursement.

Legal Process – Subpoena and Levy

“Legal process” includes a writ of attachment, execution, garnishment, tax withholding order, levy, restraining order, subpoena, warrant, injunction, government agency request for information, search warrant, forfeiture or other similar order.

We may accept and comply with legal process: served in person, by mail, by facsimile transmission, or by other means; or served at locations other than the location where the account, property or records are held. You direct us not to contest the legal process. We may, but are not required to, send a notice to you of the legal process. We do not send a notice if we believe the law prohibits us from doing so.

We may hold and turn over funds or other property to the court or creditor as directed by the legal process, subject to our right of setoff and any security interest we have in the funds or other property. We do not pay interest on the funds during the period we hold them pursuant to legal process. If we hold or turn over funds, we may without any liability to you return checks and other items unpaid and refuse to permit withdrawals from your account. If the legal process applies to a time deposit account, we may charge the applicable early withdrawal penalty for funds taken from the time deposit.

We may charge your account a fee for each legal process. You agree to pay us for fees and expenses (including administrative expenses) that we incur in responding to any legal process related to your account, such as expenses for research and copying of documents. The fees and expenses may include attorneys’ fees. We may deduct these fees and expenses from any of your accounts without prior notice to you.

If the legal process directs us to release information about one or more, but not all, accounts that are reported on a combined statement, we may release the entire combined statement, even though other accounts reported on the combined statement are not covered by the legal process. If the legal process requests information about one or more, but not all, account owners or signers, we may release information about all co-owners or signers on the account, even though some of the other co-owners or signers are not covered by the legal process.

We may produce documents held at, or provide access to property that is located in, any of our facilities or any facility operated by a third party on our behalf, even if the facility is not designated as the place to be searched in the legal process.

We have no liability to you if we accept and comply with legal process as provided in this section or by law.

Multiple Signatures Not Required

We may act on the oral or written instructions of any one signer on the account. Each signer may make withdrawals, write checks, transfer funds, stop payments, obtain ancillary services (e.g., electronic fund transfer services or wire transfers), and otherwise give us instructions regarding your account. We may require written authorization for some actions.

We do not assume a duty to enforce multiple signature requirements that you may agree upon among yourselves. If you indicate on your checks or signature card or other account documents that more than one signature is required for withdrawal, this indication is for your own internal procedures and is not binding on us.

We may disregard any instructions to permit withdrawals only upon more than one signature with respect to checks, electronic fund transfers or other debit/withdrawal requests. We may pay out funds from your account if the check, item, or other withdrawal or transfer instruction is signed or approved by any one of the persons authorized to sign on the account. We are not liable to you if we do this.

Notice of Withdrawal

Federal regulations require us to retain the right to require all savings and all NOW account depositors to give seven days’ written notice before making a withdrawal. It is unlikely, however, that we would require this notice.

Powers of Attorney/Appointment and Payment to Agents

You may decide to appoint someone to act for you as your agent or attorney-in-fact ("agent") under a power of attorney. Please note that the form must be satisfactory to us in our discretion and unless prohibited by law, we may refuse, with or without cause, to honor powers of attorney that you grant to others.

For our customers' convenience we have a banking power of attorney form, which is available at many of our financial centers. If your state has a statutory form power of attorney, we also generally accept that form. We may, however, accept any form that we believe was executed by you and act on instructions we receive under that form without any liability to you. You agree to reimburse us for all claims, costs, losses and damages that we incur in accepting and acting on any power of attorney form that we believe you executed.

We may pay any funds deposited in your account to your agent or upon the order of your agent. When we accept a power of attorney, we may continue to recognize the authority of your agent to act on your behalf without question until we receive written notice of revocation from you or notice of your death or incapacity and have had a reasonable time to act upon it. We will not be liable for action in accordance with the most current documentation if we have not received such notice.

We may require a separate form for each agent and for each account for which you want to grant power of attorney. We may require your agent to present the original form and refuse to act on a copy. In some cases, we may require that your agent confirm in an affidavit that the power has not been revoked or terminated or that you register the power with the appropriate recording authorities. We may restrict the types or sizes of transactions we permit your agent to conduct.

The authority of your agent to receive payments, transact on or otherwise make changes to your account generally terminates with your death or incapacity, unless the document creating such agency provides, in accordance with applicable law, that the agent's powers continue in spite of your incapacity.

Records

We may in our discretion retain records in any form including, without limit, paper, film, fiche, digitalized or other electronic medium. If we are not able to produce the original or a copy of your signature card or any other document relating to your account or service, our records (including our electronic records) will be deemed conclusive. If there is a discrepancy between your records and our records, our records will be deemed conclusive.

Right of Setoff

We may take or setoff funds in any or all of your accounts with us and with our affiliates for direct, indirect and acquired obligations that you owe us, regardless of the source of funds in an account. This provision does not apply to IRA or tax-qualified retirement accounts, to consumer credit card obligations or where otherwise prohibited by law. Your accounts include both accounts you own individually and accounts you own jointly with others. Our setoff rights are in addition to other rights we have under this Agreement to take or charge funds in your account for obligations you owe us.

If the law imposes conditions or limits on our ability to take or setoff funds in your accounts, to the extent that you may do so by contract, you waive those conditions and limits and you authorize us to apply funds in any or all of your accounts with us and with our affiliates to obligations you owe us.

We may use funds held in your joint accounts to repay obligations on which any account owner is liable, whether jointly with another or individually. We may use funds held in your individual accounts to repay your obligations to us, whether owed by you individually or jointly with another, including: obligations owed by you arising out of another joint account of which you are a joint

owner, even if the obligations are not directly incurred by you; obligations on which you are secondarily liable; and any amounts for which we become liable to any governmental agency or department or any company as a result of recurring payments credited to any of your accounts after the death, legal incapacity or other termination of entitlement of the intended recipient of such funds. If you are a sole proprietor, we may charge any of your personal or business accounts.

If we take or setoff funds from a time deposit account, we may charge an early withdrawal penalty on the funds withdrawn.

We may take or setoff funds from your account before we pay checks or other items drawn on the account. We are not liable to you for dishonoring items where our action results in insufficient funds in your account to pay your checks and other items.

Some government payments may be protected from attachment, levy or other legal process under federal or state law. If such protections may apply, to the extent that you may do so by contract, you waive these protections and agree that we may take or setoff funds, including federal and state benefit payments, from your accounts to pay overdrafts, fees and other obligations you owe us.

This section does not limit or reduce our rights under applicable law to charge or setoff funds in your accounts with us for direct, indirect and acquired obligations you owe us.

Sample of Your Signature

To determine the authenticity of your signature, we may refer to the signature card or to a check or other document upon which your signature appears. We may use an automated process to reproduce and retain your signature from a check upon which your signature appears.

If you create your own checks, or obtain them from someone else, and we cannot accurately verify your signature on a check by comparing it with a check that posted to your account, you are responsible for any losses that may result from our inability to use that check to verify your signature.

Stop Payment Orders and Postdated Orders

Acceptance of Stop Payment Orders If we have not already paid a check or other item that is drawn on your account, then at your request and risk we may accept a stop payment order on it. If you request a stop payment on a check or other item in a financial center, we may require identification such as a Bank of America debit card with photo and a secondary form of identification. You may not stop payment on a point of sale transaction or an ATM withdrawal or transfer.

Postdated Orders If you write a postdated check (that is — you put a future date on the check), you may ask us not to pay the check before its date by giving us a stop payment order. Otherwise, we may pay it and deduct the amount from your account even if it is presented for payment before its date.

If we receive a postdated check that is subject to a stop payment order, we may return the check "payment stopped," "refer to maker," or with a similar designation.

Placing A Stop Payment Order We may accept a written or oral stop payment order from any person who has a right to withdraw funds from the account. We may require you to complete a form authorizing the order. You must give us sufficient notice and information so that we have a reasonable opportunity both to verify that the item is unpaid and to act on your request. We may charge you a fee for each stop payment order and each renewal of the order.

We use a computer system to identify items. Therefore, to place a stop payment order on a check or draft, we need specific information to process the request, such as the account number, the routing number, the name of the party to whom the item was made payable, the item number

and the exact amount of the item — in dollars and cents. If you give us the wrong amount (even one penny off) or the wrong item number, we may pay the item. We may also require the date of the item, the name of the person who signed or authorized the item, and the name of the party to whom the item was made payable. We may use only a portion of the required information to identify an item. Please see the *Additional Information about Stop Payments for Preauthorized (Recurring) Electronic Funds Transfers* section for information about how to stop those types of payments.

In some cases, we may pay an item even if an order is in effect. For example, if one of our financial centers, without notice of your request, pays a check that you have asked us to stop, we may still pay the check.

A stop payment order generally expires after twelve months. However, we may, in our sole discretion, elect to honor a stop payment order for a longer period of time without notice to you. If you want the order to continue after twelve months, you must ask us to renew the order. Each request for a renewal is treated as a new order. If you want the order to expire in less than twelve months, you must ask us to cancel the order on or after the date you want it to expire. We may accept a written or oral instruction to cancel the order. Your request to cancel the order is not effective until we have a reasonable opportunity to act on it. We cancel the order automatically when the account on which the item is drawn is closed. If the item is presented to us for payment after the stop payment order expires, we may pay the item.

If we pay an item subject to a valid and timely stop payment order, we may be liable to you if you had a legal right to stop payment and you establish that you suffered a loss because of the payment. Our liability, if any, is limited to the actual loss suffered, up to the amount of the item. You must prove the loss to our satisfaction. We are not liable to you for any special, incidental or consequential loss or damage of any kind.

Additional Information about Stop Payments for Preauthorized (Recurring) Electronic Funds

Transfers If you have told us in advance to make regular payments out of your account (such as recurring debit transactions) or if you have authorized someone else to debit your account through the ACH system, you can stop these payments.

Here's how: Call us at 1.800.432.1000 or write us at Bank of America Customer Service, P.O. Box 25118, Tampa, FL 33622.

You must notify us in time to receive your request at least three business days before the payment order is scheduled to be made. If you call us to stop the payment, we may require you to confirm the request in writing. If you do not notify us in writing, we may remove the stop payment after 14 days. We may charge you a fee for each stop payment order you give.

Stop payment orders for preauthorized (recurring) payments do not expire without action on your part, including recurring debit card and ACH transactions. Should your debit card number change, please contact us to place a new stop payment on the transaction on your new card.

To place a stop payment order on an ACH debit, we may require you to provide your name and telephone number, the type of account (checking or savings), and the exact company name used by the sender of the ACH debit, and some of the other information listed under *Placing a Stop Payment Order*. You can obtain the company name used by your sender from your statement by looking at a prior ACH debit from this sender that posted to your account.

If you do not know the amount of the ACH debit, we may still be able to place the stop payment order based on the company name of the sender, but this may stop all ACH items from this sender. If you give us the wrong company name or if the sender changes the company name, we may pay the item.

To place a stop payment on other preauthorized (recurring) transactions, you must give us the identifying information we request. You may be able to give us a specific expiration date for certain stop payment orders if you choose to do so.

You must notify the payee that you have withdrawn your authorization for any preauthorized (recurring) transaction.

Notice of Varying Amounts

If these regular payments may vary in amount, the person you are going to pay will tell you, 10 days before each payment, when it will be made and how much it will be. You may choose instead to receive this type of notice only when the payment would differ by more than a certain amount from the previous payment, or when the amount would fall outside certain limits that you set.

Liability for Failure to Stop Payment

If you order us to stop a preauthorized payment three business days or more before the transfer is scheduled, and you have given us all of the information we requested, and we do not stop the payment, we will be liable for your losses or damages directly caused by our failure to stop the payment.

Subaccounts

For regulatory accounting purposes, we may classify checking accounts as two subaccounts: a checking subaccount and a savings subaccount. For interest bearing checking accounts, we calculate and pay interest at the same rate and in the same way on both subaccounts. For non-interest bearing checking accounts, we do not pay interest on either subaccount. We may transfer funds between these subaccounts. We record the subaccounts and any transfers between them on our internal accounting records only. Otherwise, the subaccounts are subject to the same terms as the checking and savings accounts described in this Agreement.

Unclaimed Property – Accounts Presumed Abandoned or Inactive

State and federal law and our policy govern when accounts are considered abandoned. The applicable state law is generally the state listed in the address for your account statement.

Your account is usually considered abandoned if you have not performed at least one of the following activities for the period of time specified in the applicable state's unclaimed property law: made a deposit or withdrawal, written to us about the account, or otherwise shown an interest in the account, such as asking us to keep the account active. You usually need to perform the activity. Therefore, bank charges and interest payments, and automatic deposits and withdrawals, are usually not considered activity.

We are required by the unclaimed property laws to turn over accounts considered abandoned to the applicable state. Before we turn over an abandoned account, we may send a notice to the address we currently show for the account statement. We may not send this notice if mail we previously sent to this address was returned. Unless prohibited by the applicable state law, we may charge to the account our costs and expenses of any notice, advertisement, payment and delivery of the account to the applicable state agency.

After we turn the funds over to the state, we have no further liability to you for the funds and you must apply to the appropriate state agency to reclaim your funds.

If we consider your account inactive, then (unless prohibited by federal law or the law of the state where we maintain your account) we may:

- charge dormant account fees on the account in addition to regular monthly maintenance and other fees,
- stop sending statements,

- if the account received interest, stop paying interest on the account; and
- refuse to pay items drawn on or payable out of the account.

If you re-establish contact with us, we do not have to reimburse you for these fees and we are not liable to you for any interest that would otherwise have accrued on your account.

Verification of Transactions and Right to Reverse Transactions

Transactions, including those for which we provide a receipt, may be subject to subsequent verification and correction, though we reserve the right not to do so in every case. We do not verify a deposit at the teller window so the receipt that you receive at the time of your deposit is not evidence that your deposit has been verified. We may reverse or otherwise adjust any transaction (both credit and debit) that we believe we erroneously made to your account at any time without prior notice to you, if we opt to do so.

Waiver, Severability, and Change of Law by Agreement

Waiver We may delay or waive the enforcement of any of our rights under this Agreement without losing that right or any other right. No delay in enforcing our rights will affect your obligation to pay us fees and other amounts you owe us under this Agreement. If we waive a provision of this Agreement, the waiver applies only in the specific instance in which we decide to waive the provision and not to future situations or other provisions regardless of how similar they may be.

Severability A determination that any part of this Agreement is invalid or unenforceable will not affect the remainder of this Agreement.

Change of Law by Agreement If any part of this Agreement is inconsistent with any applicable law, then to the extent the law can be amended or waived by contract, you and we agree that this Agreement governs and that the law is amended or waived by this Agreement.

Electronic Banking Services

We offer a variety of electronic banking services for use with your deposit accounts. We describe some in this section and also provide certain disclosures that apply to use of an electronic banking service with personal deposit accounts. We provide separate agreements to you that govern the terms of some services, including separate agreements for ATM and debit cards and Online and Mobile Banking services. Please review the following provisions and the separate agreement for the service.

Types of Electronic Banking Services

ATM and Debit Cards

We may issue you an ATM or debit card (either is called a “card”) and a personal identification number (PIN) when you open your account. The terms that govern this service are in a separate agreement that you receive with your card. Please review that agreement carefully.

There are daily dollar limits for withdrawals and purchases. We provide your card limits to you as part of the separate agreement for card services. We may occasionally decide not to issue a card or code to a customer. We may suspend or terminate a card or code at any time without cause or notice.

The following information is a summary of how you can use your card. Some of these uses may not be available with every card or at every ATM or other terminal.

At ATMs You can use your card with linked accounts at participating ATMs to withdraw cash, transfer funds, and find out balances. At most ATMs that are prominently branded with the Bank of America name and logo, you can also use your card and PIN with linked accounts to make deposits and make payments to qualifying Bank of America credit cards and loans.

At participating merchants You can use your card with linked accounts at participating merchants to purchase goods and services. Some merchants may also permit you to withdraw cash from your checking account while making a purchase.

At participating financial institutions You can use your card with linked accounts at participating financial institutions to obtain a cash withdrawal from a teller.

Payments, Credits, and Transfers You can send or receive electronic transfers from or to your accounts. We may do this by ACH (as a member of a national or local automated clearinghouse association) or other similar networks. Electronic transfers may take various forms, such as:

- Automatic electronic deposits to your account, such as payroll or benefits payments;
- Automatic one-time or repeating charges to your account for bill payments, sent by a merchant or other payee with your authorization. The merchant or payee may ask you for bank number and account information from your check or a canceled check to create these orders; and
- A “check conversion” transfer, where a merchant or other payee uses a check that you have written to create an electronic transfer from your account. The merchant may either keep the check you wrote or return it to you.

Online and Mobile Banking Online and Mobile Banking services are governed by a separate agreement. You receive the agreement for the service at the time you enroll. You can use these services with linked accounts to view your account information, make deposits, transfer funds between your accounts and to the accounts of others, pay qualifying loans or credit cards, and make payments from your account to third parties. You can enroll for these services on our website bankofamerica.com.

Telephone Banking You may use our automated customer service system with an Access ID or speak to a telephone banker to get your account information, transfer funds between your accounts with us, and pay qualifying loans or credit cards.

Access ID

An Access ID is a numeric code which, when used with a separate PIN number or passcode (plus, in some circumstances, another piece of identifying information called a “verbal verification code”), enables consumer and small business customers to do the following through our automated telephone system or in person at a financial center:

- obtain information about deposit and credit accounts that are linked to the Access ID
- transfer funds and make payments between linked accounts, and
- obtain other services such as stop payments, check reorders, and copies of checks and statements

You may request an Access ID and related security codes by calling customer service or at any financial center. Please note that Access IDs may not be available to customers in all states. In some states, individual account numbers, combined with additional security codes, may be required to obtain account information and transact other business.

Two activity levels are available for most accounts linked to your Access ID:

- (1) Inquiry: Allows you to obtain account balances and transaction information.
- (2) Financial: Allows you to obtain account information, transfer funds among accounts linked to the Access ID, and obtain certain other banking services.

When you first choose your Access ID, and when you subsequently open any new accounts, we will link all your Bank of America accounts that are eligible, and assign the financial activity level to all accounts for which that activity level is available, unless you tell us otherwise. We may establish certain limits on the accounts that can be linked to your Access ID and that can have the financial activity level.

If you permit another person to use your Access ID or account number(s) and related code(s), you are responsible for all transactions conducted by that person (even if he or she exceeds your authorization), until you notify us that the person is no longer authorized so that we may block the codes and issue new ones.

You must review your periodic statements and promptly report to us any unauthorized funds transfers initiated through the use of your security codes or otherwise. You must also promptly notify us of any suspected loss or theft of your security codes. Failure to take these actions may affect the extent of your liability for any unauthorized transfers under federal banking regulations or other applicable laws.

Small Business Access IDs If you are a small business customer, to uniquely identify each person who initiates a request for banking services, you should establish a separate Access ID and related security codes for each person who you determine needs access to your accounts. Your authorization (whether express or implied) for any individual to establish an Access ID shall constitute your authorization for the bank to provide account information to such individual and (unless inquiry only access is selected) to transfer funds and conduct other banking transactions upon that person's request. Such authorization supersedes any resolution, signature card or other document filed with the bank that purports to limit authority over any of your accounts, whether currently on file or submitted or modified in the future, unless the Access ID authorization is expressly modified or revoked.

Electronic Banking Disclosures

Personal deposit accounts Our *Personal Schedule of Fees* describes our personal deposit accounts. This *Electronic Banking Disclosures* section explains provisions that apply to electronic fund transfers to or from personal deposit accounts (sometimes referred to as “consumer deposit accounts”). These Transfers are governed by Regulation E, which implements the federal Electronic Fund Transfer Act. A personal deposit account is an account that is owned by a natural person and that is established primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

Business deposit accounts Our *Business Schedule of Fees* describes our business deposit accounts. Business deposit accounts are accounts that are established primarily for business purposes. When you open one of our business deposit accounts, you represent and agree to that you are establishing it primarily for business purposes. Provisions below that explain a consumer's liability for unauthorized transfers do not apply to business deposit accounts, although as a matter of practice we generally follow the error resolution procedures described in this *Electronic Banking Disclosures* section for business-purpose accounts. Please note that we are not required to follow these procedures for business accounts and that we may change our practice at any time without notice.

Consumer's Liability for Unauthorized Transfers

Tell us AT ONCE if you believe your card or your personal identification number (PIN) or other code has been lost or stolen. Also, tell us AT ONCE if you believe that an electronic fund transfer has been made without your permission using information from your check. The best way to keep your possible losses down is to call us immediately.

Your losses could include all of the money in your account plus, if you have an overdraft protection plan linked to your account, any transfers from another account or any advances on a credit line.

If you tell us within two business days after you learn of the loss or theft of your card or code, you can lose no more than \$50 if someone uses your card without your permission.

If you do NOT tell us within two business days after you learn of the loss or theft of your card or code, and we can prove we could have stopped someone from using your card or code without your permission if you had told us, you could lose as much as \$500.

Also, if your statement shows transfers that you did not make, including those made by card, code or other means, tell us at once. If you do not tell us in writing within 60 days after the statement was mailed to you, you may not get back any money you lost after the 60 days if we can prove that we could have stopped someone from taking the money if you had told us in time. If a good reason (such as a long trip or a hospital stay) kept you from telling us, we will extend the time periods.

Note: *These liability rules are established by Regulation E, which does not apply to business deposit accounts. For personal deposit accounts, our liability policy regarding unauthorized debit card or ATM card transactions, and unauthorized Online Banking transactions may give you more protection, provided you report the transactions promptly. Please see the agreement you receive with your ATM or debit card and the Online Banking agreement.*

You should never write your PIN on your card or carry the PIN with you. This reduces the possibility of someone using your card without your permission if it is lost or stolen.

If you give, or make reasonably available, your card, PIN or other access device or code to anyone, you may be liable for any use made of such until you advise us that such person is not authorized to use them.

Also, the state law applicable to your account may give you more time to report an unauthorized transaction or may give you more protection. For example, in Massachusetts, the two day and 60 day time limits for reporting unauthorized transactions do not apply and the \$500 limit does not apply.

Contact in Event of Unauthorized Transfer; and Lost or Stolen Card, PIN or Other Code

If you believe your card, PIN or other code is lost or stolen, or learned by an unauthorized person, or that someone has transferred or may transfer money from your account without your permission, notify us immediately by calling the number listed below.

Telephone: 1.800.432.1000

You can also write to us at: Bank of America, P.O. Box 53137, #7405, Phoenix, AZ 85072-3137

You should also call the number or write to the address listed above if you believe a transfer has been made using the information from your check without your permission.

If unauthorized activity occurs, you agree to cooperate during the investigation and to complete a Lost/Stolen Card and Fraud Claims Report or similar affidavit.

Business Days For purposes of these electronic banking disclosures, our business days are Monday through Friday. Weekends and bank holidays are not included.

Documentation of Transfers

Receipts You can usually get a receipt at the time you make any transfer to or from your account at an ATM or point of sale terminal. You may not get a receipt for small dollar transactions. Transactions may be verified by us though we reserve the right not to do so in every case, so the receipt is not final and our records will control if there is a conflict.

Preauthorized Credits If you have arranged to have direct deposits made to your account at least once every 60 days from the same person or company, you can call us at 1.800.432.1000 to find out whether or not the deposit has been made.

Periodic Statements We send you a monthly account statement unless there are no electronic fund transfers in a particular month. In any case, we send you a statement at least quarterly unless we consider your account inactive.

Preauthorized Payments

Please see the *Additional Information about Stop Payments for Preauthorized (Recurring) Electronic Funds Transfer* section in the *Stop Payment Orders and Postdated Orders* section of the Agreement.

Liability for Failure to Make Transfers

If we do not complete a transfer to or from your account on time or in the correct amount according to our agreement with you, we will be liable for your losses or damages. However, there are some exceptions. We will not be liable, for instance:

- If, through no fault of ours, you do not have enough money in your account to make the transfer.
- If the transfer would go over the credit limit on your overdraft line.
- If the ATM where you are making the transfer does not have enough cash.
- If the ATM, terminal or system was not working properly and you knew about the breakdown when you started the transfer.
- If circumstances beyond our control (such as power outages, equipment failures, fire or flood) prevent the transfer, despite reasonable precautions that we have taken.
- If the funds are subject to legal process or other encumbrance restricting the transfer.
- If we consider your account to be inactive or dormant.
- If your card or code has been revoked due to inactivity or at our discretion.

There may be other exceptions stated in our agreement with you or permitted by law.

Confidentiality - Account Information Disclosure We will disclose information to third parties about your account or transfers you make as stated in the *Information about You and Your Account* section near the front of this Agreement.

Fees

ATM Fees When you use an ATM that is not prominently branded with the Bank of America name and logo, you may be charged a fee by the ATM operator or any network used and you may be charged a fee for a balance inquiry even if you do not complete a fund transfer. We may also charge you fees.

Other Fees For other fees that apply to electronic banking services, please review the *Schedule of Fees* for your account and each agreement or disclosure that we provide to you for the specific electronic banking service, including the separate agreement for Online and Mobile Banking services and the separate agreement for ATM and debit cards.

In Case of Errors or Questions about your Electronic Transfers You May Sign into Online Banking to Report the Error Promptly, or Call or write us at the telephone number or address below, as soon as you can, if you think your statement or receipt is wrong, or if you need more information about a transfer listed on the statement or receipt.

Call us at 1.800.432.1000 during normal Claims Department business hours or write us at Bank of America, P. O. Box 53137, #7405, Phoenix, AZ 85072-3137.

We must hear from you NO LATER than 60 days after we sent you the FIRST statement on which the error or problem appeared. Please provide us with the following:

- Tell us your name and account number;
- Describe the error or the transfer you are unsure about, and explain as clearly as you can why you believe it is an error or why you need more information;
- Tell us the dollar amount of the suspected error.

If you tell us orally, we may require that you send your complaint or question in writing within 10 business days.

We will determine whether an error occurred within 10 business days after we hear from you and will correct any error promptly. If we need more time, however, we may take up to 45 days to investigate your complaint or question. If we decide to do this, we will credit your account within 10 business days for the amount you think is in error, so that you will have the use of the money during the time it takes us to complete our investigation. If we ask you to put your complaint or question in writing and we do not receive it within 10 business days, we may not credit your account.

For errors involving new accounts, point of sale, or foreign-initiated transactions, we may take up to 90 days (instead of 45) to investigate your complaint or question. For new accounts we may take up to 20 business days to credit your account for the amount you think is in error.

We will tell you the results within 3 business days after completing our investigation. If we decide that there was no error, we will send you a written explanation. You may ask for copies of the documents that we used in our investigation.

Notice: As part of the security system to help protect your card and PIN, we may use hidden cameras and other security devices to determine who is using a card at an ATM. You consent to this.

Additional Information for Massachusetts customers: Any documentation provided to you which indicates that an electronic fund transfer was made shall be admissible as evidence of the transfer and shall constitute prima facie proof that the transfer was made. And the initiation by you of certain electronic fund transfers from your account will effectively eliminate your ability to stop payment of the transfer. **UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS AGREEMENT, YOU MAY NOT STOP PAYMENT OF ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFERS. THEREFORE, YOU SHOULD NOT EMPLOY ELECTRONIC ACCESS FOR PURCHASES OR SERVICES UNLESS YOU ARE SATISFIED THAT YOU WILL NOT NEED TO STOP PAYMENT.**

ATM Safety Tips

The suggestions that follow offer some simple tips on protecting your card and PIN and exercising care when using an ATM.

Protect Your ATM Card and Personal Identification Number (PIN)

- Always protect your card by keeping it in a safe place. If your card is lost or stolen, contact us immediately.
- Memorize your PIN. Do not write it on your card, keep it in your wallet or give it to anyone.
- If you choose your own PIN, avoid using numbers for your PIN that are easily identifiable (such as birth dates, telephone numbers, addresses, etc.)
- Never give information about your card or PIN over the telephone, email or the Internet, unless to a trusted merchant in a call or transaction initiated by you. If someone is asking for this information, refuse and immediately contact us.
- Carefully review your account statements and report any fraudulent transactions immediately.

Be Aware of Your Surroundings at ATMs

- Be aware of people and your surroundings before, during and after you use an ATM, particularly at night. If you think it is unsafe, leave immediately and visit another ATM.
- If you must visit an ATM at night, take someone with you.
- When using an ATM with a door that requires card access, close the door completely upon entering and exiting and do not open the door to anyone you don't know.
- When you use a drive-up ATM, keep your engine running, doors locked and only the driver's window open during the transaction.
- The activity around Bank of America ATMs may be monitored or recorded by surveillance cameras.

Protect Your Privacy

- Shield the key pad with your hand or body while entering your PIN at an ATM.
- Put your card and receipt away immediately after completing your transaction. Do not count your cash at the ATM.
- Do not leave your transaction record at the ATM. Keep your transaction record in a safe place, so you can compare it to your statement.

Request Emergency Assistance

- If you need emergency assistance, call 911 from the nearest telephone. If you have a complaint about the security of a Bank of America ATM, call our Corporate Security Department at 1.800.222.7511.
- Report all crimes immediately to law enforcement. If you think you're being followed from an ATM, go to a busy area and immediately contact the police.

Funds Transfer Services

The following provisions apply to funds transfers you send or receive through us, but do not apply to electronic fund transfers governed by Regulation E, Subpart A of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau. We provide separate agreements to you that govern the terms of some funds transfer services, including separate agreements for Online and Mobile Banking, telephone transfers, and funds transfers in the financial centers. If you have a specific agreement with us for these services, these provisions supplement that agreement to the extent these provisions are not inconsistent with the specific agreement.

The Uniform Commercial Code includes provisions relating to funds transfers. These provisions define the following terms: funds transfer, payment order and beneficiary. These terms are used here as they are defined in Article 4A of the Uniform Commercial Code – Funds Transfers as adopted by the state whose law applies to the account for which the funds transfer service is provided. In general: A funds transfer is the process of carrying out payment orders that lead to paying a beneficiary. The payment order is the set of instructions given to us to transfer funds. The beneficiary is the person or business who receives the payment.

In addition, funds transfers sent outside of the United States that are initiated by consumers primarily for personal, family or household purposes are governed by federal law (Remittance Transfers) (see below). Effective as of the date set forth in the final rules implementing EFTA (defined below), federal law may provide rights with respect to Remittance Transfers that may vary in certain ways from the terms and conditions set forth herein. Your rights with respect to Remittance Transfers, including disclosure, error resolution and cancellation rights, will be explained to you contemporaneously with each Remittance Transfer transaction you initiate, either orally or in writing.

In general, your and our rights and obligations under this Agreement are governed by and interpreted according to federal law and the law of the state where your account is located. However, Remittance Transfers shall be governed by federal law and, as applicable, the law of the State of New York. Funds transfers to your account or funded from your account or otherwise funded by you may involve one or more funds transfer systems, including, without limitation, Fedwire or Clearing House Interbank Payments System (CHIPS). Accordingly, notwithstanding any choice of law that may be provided elsewhere in this agreement, such transfers will be governed by the rules of any funds transfer system through which the transfers are made, as amended from time to time, including, without limitation, Fedwire, the National Automated Clearing House Association, any regional association (each an "ACH"), and CHIPS. Funds transfers through Fedwire will be governed by, and subject to, Regulation J, Subpart B, and Uniform Commercial Code Article 4A incorporated by reference thereunder. Funds transfers through CHIPS are governed by, and subject to, CHIPS Rules and Administrative Procedures and by the laws of the State of New York, including Article 4-A of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, regardless of whether the payment message is part of a transfer that is a Remittance Transfer, except that in the case of an inconsistency between New York law and EFTA, EFTA shall govern.

We may charge fees for sending or receiving a funds transfer. We may deduct our fees from your account or from the amount of the transfer. Other financial institutions involved in the funds transfer may also charge fees. For current fees, call us at the number for customer service on your statement or ask a financial center associate.

Remittance Transfers

The Bank may execute certain payment orders for you known as Remittance Transfers. A Remittance Transfer is a wire transfer initiated by a consumer primarily for personal, family or household purposes to a designated recipient in a foreign country. Effective as of the date set forth in the final rules implementing EFTA (defined below), federal law may provide certain rights

and obligations related to Remittance Transfers that may differ from rights and obligations that apply to other types of payment orders, including disclosure, cancellation and error resolution rights. To the extent the provisions of this Agreement are inconsistent with the oral or written disclosures provided to you for a Remittance Transfer governed by section 919 of the Electronic Fund Transfer Act (EFTA), 15 U.S.C. section 1693o-1, the terms of the disclosures provided at the time of the Remittance Transfer shall govern. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, rights and obligations that apply to Remittance Transfers are as set forth in EFTA and, as applicable, as set forth in New York law.

Sending Funds Transfers

You may subscribe to certain services we offer or you may give us other instructions to pay money or have another bank pay money to a beneficiary. This *Sending Funds Transfers* section applies to wire transfers (excluding Remittance Transfers) and transfers we make between your Bank of America accounts. It does not apply to automated clearing house (ACH) system funds transfer services.

You may give us payment orders for ACH system funds transfers only if you have a separate agreement with us for those services.

Cutoff Times for Payment Orders We have cutoff times for processing payment orders. Cutoff times vary depending on the particular office of our bank and the type of payment order. We may treat payment orders we receive after a cutoff time as if received the next business day. We tell you our cutoff times upon request.

Amending or Canceling Payment Orders You may not amend or cancel a payment order after we receive it. If you ask us to do this, we may make a reasonable effort to act on your request. But we are not liable to you if, for any reason, a payment order is not amended or canceled. You agree to reimburse us for any costs, losses or damages that we incur in connection with your request to amend or cancel a payment order.

Inconsistency of Name or Number The beneficiary's bank may make payment to the beneficiary based solely on the account or other identifying number, even if the name on the payment order differs from the name on the account. We or an intermediary bank may send a payment order to an intermediary bank or beneficiary's bank based solely on the bank identifying number, even if the payment order indicates a different bank name.

Sending Payment Orders We may select any intermediary bank, funds transfer system or means of transmittal to send your payment orders. Our selection may differ from that indicated in your instructions.

Notice of Rejection We may reject payment orders. We notify you of any rejection orally, electronically or in writing. If we send written notices by mail, we do so by the end of the next business day.

We are not liable to you for the rejection or obligated to pay you interest for the period before you receive timely notice of rejection.

Errors or Questions About Your Payment Orders We notify you about certain funds transfers by listing them on your account statement. In some cases, we also may notify you electronically, in writing or by a report produced through one of our information reporting services.

You must notify us at once if you think a funds transfer shown on your statement or notice is incorrect. You must send us written notice, including a statement of relevant facts, no later than 14 days after the date you receive the first notice or statement on which the problem or error appears.

If you fail to notify us within this 14-day period, we are not liable for any loss of interest because of an unauthorized or erroneous debit or because your statement or notice is incorrect. We are not
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required to compensate you, and we are not required to credit or adjust your account for any loss of interest or interest equivalent.

Calculations Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if we are obligated to pay for loss of interest that results from our error or delay regarding your payment order, we calculate compensation as follows. With an analyzed checking account, we credit the account to reflect the applicable value date or otherwise adjust the account under our account analysis procedure, to recalculate earnings credits for the period involved. With a non-analyzed, non-interest bearing account, we use a rate equal to the average of the Federal Funds rates set by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less a reserve factor. With a non-analyzed, interest bearing account, we use the rate applicable to the account. If we have a separate agreement with you specifying a different calculation method, we use that method instead.

Receiving Funds Transfers

We may receive instructions to pay funds to your account. We may receive funds transfers directly from the sender, through a funds transfer system or through some other communications system. This includes wire transfers, ACH transfers that may be sent through an ACH system or processed directly to an account with us, and transfers between Bank of America accounts.

ACH Provisional Payment Rule Under ACH rules, funds transfers sent through an ACH are provisional and may be revoked prior to final settlement. You agree to these rules. If the funds transfer is revoked before final settlement, we may charge your account for the amount credited. The person who sent the payment order is considered not to have paid you. If this happens, we do not send a separate notice; we report the information on your account statement.

Notice of Funds Transfer We notify you that we have received funds transfers by listing them on your account statement. We provide statements to you by mail or through Online Banking if you selected paperless delivery through Online Banking for your deposit account documents. If you use one of our information reporting services, you may receive notice through that service.

We are not obligated to send you a separate notice of each incoming funds transfer. While we generally do not provide such separate notices, we may do so on occasion, in which case we send the notice within two business days after we credit your account.

We are not obligated to pay you interest for the period before you receive notice.

If you are expecting a funds transfer and want to find out if it has been credited to your account, call us at the number for customer service on your statement.

Posting Your Customers' Payments We credit to your account electronic payments (such as bill payments) that we receive from your customers. If you do not apply a payment to an account of your customer, you must promptly return the payment to us.

ACH Debits and Credits

From time to time, originators that you authorize may send automated clearing house (ACH) credits or debits for your account. For each ACH transaction, you agree that the transaction is subject to the National Automated Clearing House Association (NACHA) Operating Rules and any local ACH operating rules then in effect. You agree that we may rely on the representations and warranties contained in these operating rules and either credit or debit your account, as instructed by the originator of the ACH transaction.

You should be careful about giving someone your account number to help prevent unauthorized transactions on your account. You must notify us immediately of unauthorized activity.

For information about stopping payment of an ACH transaction, see *Stop Payment Orders and Postdating Orders* in the *Other Terms and Services* section.

Business deposit accounts You acknowledge and agree that if you request us to transmit an ACH return transaction in connection with any problem, including a claim of erroneous or unauthorized ACH debit posted to your account, the related originating depository financial institution has no obligation to accept that return transaction if the return request is not made within the applicable time frame set forth in the NACHA Operating Rules. We will respond to your reported problem and attempt to pursue your request with the originating depository financial institution as long as you report the problem to us in writing within 60 days after the statement first reflecting the transaction was mailed to you; however, we do not guarantee that we will be able to recover your funds if you notify us of the problem beyond NACHA time frames. In some cases, depending on the facts, your claim may not be honored and you could incur a loss.

Tax Information

Generally, we are required to report annually to you and to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) interest payments that total \$10 or more during the year on your deposit account with us. We may also be required to report this information to the appropriate state revenue authority.

When you open an account, we are required to obtain — and each U.S. citizen or resident alien must give us — a certified U.S. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) and information regarding your backup withholding status. When you apply for an account, you certify that you have provided the correct TIN for the account holder and the correct backup withholding status.

For individual accounts, the TIN is your Social Security Number (SSN). For individual accounts with more than one owner, we report taxpayer information for the person listed first in our records. Resident aliens who do not qualify for Social Security should provide their Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN). For other accounts, the TIN is the owner's Employer Identification Number (EIN). If you do not give us a certified name and TIN, if the IRS notifies us that the name and TIN you gave us is incorrect, or if the IRS notifies us that you failed to report all your interest and dividends on your tax return, we are required to backup withhold at the current backup withholding rate on interest paid to your account and pay it to the IRS. In some cases, a state and local tax authority may also require that we pay state and local backup withholding on interest paid to your account when we are required to pay backup withholding to the IRS. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. If you are subject to backup withholding, we are required to report to you and to the IRS regardless of the amount of the interest payment. You may claim amounts withheld and paid to the IRS as a credit on your federal income tax return.

If you are a certified nonresident alien individual, you are generally exempt from backup withholding on interest but may be subject to information reporting if you reside in a country in which we are required to report. If you are a certified foreign entity, you are generally exempt from backup withholding and information reporting for interest payments. Deposit interest income that is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States is subject to information reporting.

You must renew your status as an exempt foreign person or entity prior to the end of the third calendar year following the year in which you last certified your status. If you fail to renew your status by the last day of the fourth calendar year, your interest payments will be subject to backup withholding. If you become a U.S. citizen or resident after opening your account, you must notify us within 30 days and provide us with your certified name and TIN.

We comply with Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) as mandated by U.S. federal tax law. We will withhold on certain payments when required by such law.

For more information or to determine how this information applies to you, consult your U.S. tax advisor.

Resolving Claims

If you and we are not able to resolve a claim ourselves, then you and we agree that the claim will be resolved as provided in this *Resolving Claims* section. This is a dispute resolution provision. Please read it carefully.

What does “Claim” Mean?

Claim means any claim, dispute or controversy (whether under a statute, in contract, tort, or otherwise and whether for money damages, penalties or declaratory or equitable relief) by either you or us against the other, or against the employees or agents of the other, arising from or relating in any way to this deposit agreement (including any renewals, extensions or modifications) or the deposit relationship between us.

Claim does not include provisional or ancillary remedies from a court of competent jurisdiction, which either you or we may exercise without waiving the right to arbitration or reference.

How Claims on Personal Accounts will be Resolved

You and we both agree that all Claims relating to a personal account will be resolved in court by a judge without a jury, as permitted by law.

JURY TRIAL WAIVER FOR PERSONAL ACCOUNTS

FOR PERSONAL ACCOUNTS, AS PERMITTED BY LAW, YOU AND WE AGREE AND UNDERSTAND THAT YOU AND WE ARE BOTH GIVING UP THE RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY. THIS IS A JURY TRIAL WAIVER.

How Claims on Business Accounts will be Resolved

You have the right to compel us at your option, and we have the right to compel you at our option, to resolve a Claim relating to a business account by binding arbitration. If neither you nor we decide to compel arbitration, then the Claim will be resolved in court by a judge without a jury, as permitted by law. There is an exception for Claims brought in a California state court. If a Claim relating to a business account is brought in a California state court, either you or we can seek to compel the other to have the Claim resolved by general reference to a judicial referee under California Code of Civil Procedure (C.C.P.) Section 638, as provided below. Both parties may also agree to resolve their disputes through judicial reference. The arbitration, judicial reference or trial by a judge will take place on an individual basis without resort to any form of class or representative action.

CLASS ACTION AND JURY TRIAL WAIVER FOR BUSINESS ACCOUNTS

FOR BUSINESS ACCOUNTS, YOU AND WE AGREE AND UNDERSTAND: (1) THAT YOU AND WE ARE BOTH GIVING UP THE RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY, AND (2) THAT THIS SECTION PRECLUDES YOU AND US FROM PARTICIPATING IN OR BEING REPRESENTED IN ANY CLASS OR REPRESENTATIVE ACTION OR JOINING OR CONSOLIDATING THE CLAIMS OF OTHER PERSONS. THIS IS A CLASS ACTION WAIVER AND JURY TRIAL WAIVER.

Judicial Reference

A case sent to judicial reference is heard by a neutral individual (a “judicial referee”), but remains in the court system subject to the same rules of procedure, discovery and evidence and appeal as any court case. The judicial referee will be an active or retired judge or attorney with more than 10 years of experience, chosen by mutual agreement of you and us.

If you and we are unable to agree on a judicial referee, then the judicial referee will be appointed according to the procedure for appointment of a referee under California C.C.P. Section 640.

The judicial referee, sitting alone without a jury, will decide questions of law and fact and will resolve the Claim. This includes the applicability of this *Resolving Claims* section and the validity of the deposit agreement.

Judicial reference will be governed by California C.C.P. Section 638 at seq. and the judicial referee will determine all issues in accordance with federal and California law and the California rules of evidence. The referee is empowered to provide all temporary or provisional remedies and rule on any motion that would be authorized in pretrial or trial proceedings in court, including motions for summary judgment or summary adjudication. The award that results from the decision of the referee will be entered as a judgment in the court that appointed the referee, in accordance with the provisions of California C.C.P. Sections 644(a) and 645. You and we both reserve the right to seek appellate review of any judgment or order to the same extent permitted in a court of law.

Arbitration

This section on arbitration applies to business accounts and is subject to the provisions of the *Limitation and Non-Severability* section below.

Arbitration is a method of resolving disputes in front of one or more neutral individuals, instead of having a trial in court in front of a judge and/or jury. The arbitrator will be an active or retired judge or attorney with more than 10 years of experience, chosen by mutual agreement of you and us.

If you and we are unable to agree on an arbitrator, then you agree to choose one of the following Administrators within 10 days of our written notice that an agreement cannot be reached.

- JAMS Resolution Center
1920 Main St., Suite 300
Irvine, CA 92614
www.jamsadr.com
(800) 352-5267
- American Arbitration Association (“AAA”)
1633 Broadway, 10th Floor
New York, NY 10019
www.adr.org
(212) 716-5800

If you do not choose the Administrator on a timely basis, we will select the Administrator and the Administrator will select the arbitrator using the Administrator’s rules. If an Administrator cannot hear or refuses to hear the arbitration, then the arbitration will be handled by the alternative Administrator.

The arbitrator, sitting alone without a jury, will decide questions of law and fact and will resolve the Claim. This includes the applicability of this *Resolving Claims* section and the validity of the deposit agreement, except that the arbitrator may not decide or resolve any Claim challenging the validity of the class action and jury trial waiver. The validity of the class action and jury trial waiver will be decided only by a judicial referee or a court.

After a decision is given by an arbitrator, and where the amount of the Claim exceeds \$200,000, either you or we can appeal the arbitrator’s decision to another arbitrator. If the amount of the Claim exceeds \$1,000,000, either you or we can appeal the arbitrator’s decision to a panel of three arbitrators. No decision may be appealed under this paragraph, unless the arbitrator that heard the matter first makes a finding that the Claim could reasonably have exceeded either \$200,000 or \$1,000,000. Any arbitrator who hears an appeal under this paragraph will be selected according to the rules of the Administrator.

The arbitration of any matter involves interstate commerce and is governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. §§ 1 et seq. (the “FAA”). The arbitrator will follow applicable substantive law to the extent consistent with the FAA. The arbitrator will give effect to the applicable statutes

of limitation and will dismiss barred claims. Arbitrations will be governed by the rules of the Administrator to the extent those rules do not conflict with this *Resolving Claims* section. In addition, you or we may submit a written request to the arbitrator to expand the scope of discovery normally allowable. At the timely request of either you or us, the arbitrator must provide a brief written explanation of the basis for the award.

Judgment upon the award given by the arbitrator may be entered in any court having jurisdiction. The arbitrator’s decision is final and binding, except for any right of appeal provided by the FAA or under this Agreement.

Limitation and Non-Severability

For both personal and business accounts. Regardless of anything else in this *Resolving Claims* section, you and we both acknowledge and agree that the validity and effect of the class action and jury trial waiver for business accounts and the jury trial waiver for personal accounts may be determined only by a court or judicial referee and not by an arbitrator. You and we both have the right to appeal the limitation or invalidation of the waiver.

For business accounts. Regardless of anything else in this *Resolving Claims* section, you and we both acknowledge and agree that the class action and jury trial waiver is material and essential to the arbitration of any disputes between you and us and is non-severable from the agreement to arbitrate Claims. If the class action and jury trial waiver is limited, voided or found unenforceable, then the agreement to arbitrate (except for this sentence) will be null and void with respect to such proceeding and this *Resolving Claims* section will be read as if the provisions regarding arbitration were not present. You and we both have the right to appeal the limitation or invalidation of the class action and jury trial waiver. You and we acknowledge and agree that under no circumstances will a class action be arbitrated.

Rules of Interpretation

Except as provided in the *Limitation and Non-Severability* section above, if any portion of this *Resolving Claims* section is determined to be invalid or unenforceable, it will not invalidate the remaining portions of this section. If there is a conflict or inconsistency between this *Revolving Claims* section and other terms of this deposit agreement or the applicable rules of the Administrator, this *Resolving Claims* section will govern. If there is any conflict between this *Revolving Claims* section and any other dispute provision (whether it be for arbitration, reference or any other form of dispute resolution), this *Resolving Claims* section will prevail for Claims arising out of this deposit agreement or transactions contemplated by this deposit agreement.

Jurisdiction and Venue

Any action or proceeding regarding your account or this deposit agreement must be brought in the state in which the financial center that maintains your account is located. You submit to the personal jurisdiction of that state. Note that any action or proceeding will be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the *Governing Law* section of this agreement.

If a Claim is submitted to arbitration and the state where that financial center is located is not reasonably convenient for you, then you and we will attempt to agree on another location. If you and we are unable to agree on another location, then the location will be determined by the Administrator or arbitrator.

EXHIBIT B

Personal Schedule of Fees

Effective August 12, 2016



bankofamerica.com

Applies in all states.

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Are Not FDIC Insured	Are Not Bank Guaranteed	May Lose Value
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Overview

This schedule lists account fees and also explains how you can avoid some account fees. Please review the account description for details about your account. Other account fees that can apply to your account are listed in the account descriptions and in the Other Account Fees and Services section.

Your account and deposit relationship with us are governed by this schedule of fees and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*. Please read both agreements carefully. These agreements are part of the binding contract between you and us for your account and deposit relationship. You can also find these agreements at bankofamerica.com.

When you open a deposit account, it is located at a financial center and generally remains at that location until it is closed. If your address is in a state where we do not have a financial center at the time, we may open the account at a financial center in Virginia. If state taxes apply to an account or service, taxes are in addition to the fee amount listed.

We may change the accounts and services described in this schedule at any time. We may add new terms and conditions. We may delete or amend existing terms and conditions. We may also add new accounts or services and convert or discontinue existing accounts or services at any time.

You can get information about interest rates and fees for services not covered in this schedule by visiting a financial center or calling us at the number on your statement.

Optional Services

The following optional services are generally available with our checking and savings accounts:

- Debit card (Photo Security® feature available) or ATM card
- Online Banking service
- Online and Mobile Bill Pay service
- Email and Text Alerts
- Direct deposits
- Keep the Change® Savings Service
- Affinity Banking
- Preferred Rewards
- Overdraft Protection Service from another linked account
- Automatic transfers from checking to savings

These optional services can help you manage your account. To learn more about them, please review the agreement for that service. You can also review information on bankofamerica.com or speak to a financial center associate.

Personal Checking Accounts

Account	Monthly Maintenance Fee for Checking Account and How to Avoid It	Other Important Account Information
<p>Bank of America Core Checking®</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use direct deposit • Non-interest bearing account • Minimum to open - \$25.00 	<p>Monthly maintenance fee for Bank of America Core Checking - \$12.00</p> <p>To avoid the monthly maintenance fee, meet one of the following requirements during each statement cycle:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have at least one qualifying direct deposit of \$250 or more made to your account each statement cycle. Or • Maintain an average daily balance of \$1,500 or more in your account. Or • Enroll in the Preferred Rewards program and qualify for the Gold, Platinum or Platinum Honors tier (first 4 checking accounts). <p><i>Effective for statement cycles that start on or after October 8, 2016, maintain a <u>minimum</u> daily balance of \$1,500 or more in your account to avoid the monthly maintenance fee.</i></p>	<p>Student waiver. When this account is owned either individually or jointly by a student, upon your request we waive the monthly maintenance fee for each statement cycle during which the student meets both of the following requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The student is enrolled in a high school or a college, university or vocational program, and • The student is under 23 years old. <p>College, university and vocation students may be required to show proof of enrollment. This student waiver does not apply when the student turns 23, ceases to be an owner of the account, or is no longer enrolled in school.</p> <p>For information about direct deposits, see page 15.</p> <p>To calculate the average daily balance for a statement cycle – we take the balance that we determine is in the account for each day in the statement cycle, add those balances together, and then divide that sum by the number of days in the statement cycle.</p> <p><i>Effective for statement cycles that start on or after October 8, 2016, the minimum daily balance will be used to determine if the monthly maintenance fee will be waived. The minimum daily balance is the lowest balance that we determine is in the account during a statement cycle. <u>This means you will need to ensure your account does not fall below \$1,500 during your statement cycle.</u></i></p>
<p>Regular Checking</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Link other accounts to help meet a required balance • Non-interest bearing account • Minimum to open - \$100.00 	<p>Monthly maintenance fee for Regular Checking - \$14.00</p> <p>To avoid the monthly maintenance fee, meet one of the following requirements during each statement cycle:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum daily balance in checking— \$1,500 or more Or • Minimum daily balance in linked Regular Savings— \$2,000 or more Or • Minimum daily balance in linked money market savings— \$5,000 or more Or • Average daily balance in checking with linked savings, CD and IRA accounts— \$5,000 or more Or • Enroll in the Preferred Rewards program and qualify for the Gold, Platinum or Platinum Honors tier (first 4 checking accounts). 	<p>Linking accounts. You must tell us what accounts you want us to link to your checking account. You can do so by visiting a financial center or calling us at the number on your statement. We do not automatically link other accounts for pricing. Please review “What does it mean to link accounts?” on page 15.</p>

Please also review *Other Account Fees and Services* on pages 9-14, *Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts* on page 15 and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*.

Personal Checking Accounts (cont.)

Account	Monthly Maintenance Fee for Checking Account and How to Avoid It	Other Important Account Information
<p>Bank of America Interest Checking®</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interest bearing account • Variable, tiered interest rates • Minimum to open - \$100.00 	<p>Monthly maintenance fee for Bank of America Interest Checking - \$25.00</p> <p>To avoid the monthly maintenance fee, maintain a combined balance of \$10,000 or more during each statement cycle.</p> <p>For each statement cycle, we add the following balances together to determine your combined balance:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The average daily balance in your Interest Checking account and in each checking, savings and money market savings account that is linked to your Interest Checking account. We determine the average daily balance in a linked account by using the beginning balance in the linked account for each day of the Interest Checking statement cycle. And • The current balance, as of the end of your Interest Checking statement cycle, in each CD and IRA that is linked to your Interest Checking account. And • The current balance, as of two business days before the end of your Interest Checking statement cycle, in each eligible Merrill Edge and Merrill Lynch investment account that is linked to your Interest Checking account. Or • Enroll in the Preferred Rewards program and qualify for the Gold, Platinum or Platinum Honors tier (first 4 checking accounts). 	<p>You can also get the following services with this account:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Three additional Bank of America Interest Checking accounts and four savings accounts with no monthly maintenance fee when you link them to your primary Interest Checking account. • Free standard checks or discounts on certain styles. • No transfer fee for Overdraft Protection transfers from your linked Bank of America savings, line of credit or secondary checking account. (Other line of credit fees may apply.) • No fee for incoming domestic wire transfers, cashier's checks, stop payments, and more. <p><i>Additional accounts.</i> For accounts linked to your Interest Checking account, we waive the monthly maintenance fee on the first three linked Interest Checking accounts and on the first four linked savings accounts of any type (regular and money market savings accounts). The minimum amount you need to open each additional account, and other terms and fees, apply to each linked account. While you can also have us link more accounts, this waiver of the monthly maintenance fee does not apply to them. Transaction limits apply to savings accounts. See "What are the transaction limitations on my savings account?" in the <i>Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts</i> section on page 16.</p> <p><i>Linking accounts.</i> You must tell us what accounts you want us to link to your Interest Checking account. You can do so by visiting a financial center or calling us at the number on your statement. We do not automatically link other accounts for pricing. Certain restrictions apply. Please review "What does it mean to link accounts?" on page 15.</p>

Please also review *Other Account Fees and Services* on pages 9-14, *Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts* on page 15 and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*.

Personal Checking Accounts (cont.)

Account	Monthly Maintenance Fee for Checking Account and How to Avoid It	Other Important Account Information
<p>Bank of America Advantage® with Tiered Interest Checking</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An account with premium services for customers who want to expand their total relationship status • Interest bearing account • Variable interest rate • Minimum to open - \$100.00 	<p>Monthly maintenance fee for Bank of America Advantage with Tiered Interest Checking - \$25.00</p> <p>To avoid the monthly maintenance fee, meet one of the following requirements during each statement cycle:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average daily balance in checking or a linked Regular Savings account—\$5,000 or more Or • Average daily combined balance in checking with linked savings, money market savings, CD and IRA accounts—\$10,000 or more Or • Outstanding balance on a linked installment loan or line of credit—\$15,000 or more Or • A linked Bank of America first mortgage loan that we service—any amount Or • Total combined assets in your eligible Merrill Edge and Merrill Lynch investment accounts that are linked to your checking account—\$15,000 or more Or • Enroll in the Preferred Rewards program and qualify for the Gold, Platinum or Platinum Honors tier (first 4 checking accounts). 	<p>You can also get the following services with your Bank of America Advantage with Tiered Interest Checking account:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Second Advantage with Tiered Interest Checking account and up to 4 savings accounts with no monthly maintenance fee. • Free checks or discount on certain styles. • No transfer fee for Overdraft Protection transfers from your linked Bank of America savings, line of credit or secondary checking account. (Other line of credit fees may apply.) • No fee for stop payments, cashier's checks, bond redemptions, incoming domestic wire transfers and more. <p><i>Additional accounts.</i> You can get a total of 4 savings accounts (both regular and money market savings accounts) with no monthly maintenance fee when you have us link them to your Advantage with Tiered Interest Checking account. The minimum amount you need to open each savings account, and other terms and fees, still apply to the linked savings accounts. For transaction limits, see "What are the transaction limitations on my savings account?" in the <i>Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts</i> on page 16.</p> <p><i>Linking accounts.</i> You must tell us what accounts you want us to link to your checking account. You can do so by visiting a financial center or calling us at the number on your statement. We do not automatically link other accounts for pricing. Please review "What does it mean to link accounts?" on page 15.</p>

Personal Savings Accounts

Account	Monthly Maintenance Fee for Savings Account and How to Avoid It	Other Important Account Information
<p>Regular Savings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic account to build a savings program • Interest bearing account • Variable interest rate • Minimum amount to open - \$25.00 	<p>Monthly maintenance fee - \$5.00</p> <p>To avoid the monthly maintenance fee, meet one of the following requirements during each statement cycle:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain a minimum daily balance of \$300 or more in your account. Or • Link your account to your Bank of America Interest Checking or Advantage account (first 4 savings accounts). Or • Enroll in the Preferred Rewards program and qualify for the Gold, Platinum or Platinum Honors tier (first 4 savings accounts). <p>To avoid the monthly maintenance fee you may also make combined monthly automatic transfers of \$25 or more from your Bank of America checking account to your savings account during the immediately preceding statement cycle.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Each monthly statement cycle, you can make a total of six withdrawals and transfers with no Withdrawal Limit Fee. • If you maintain a minimum daily balance of \$2,500 or more in your Regular Savings account, you may make additional withdrawals and transfers with no Withdrawal Limit Fee. Otherwise, the Withdrawal Limit Fee is \$10.00 for each withdrawal and transfer during the monthly statement cycle above the six. We charge no more than six Withdrawal Limit Fees per monthly statement cycle. This fee applies to all types of withdrawals and transfers, including at ATMs, at financial centers, by telephone, by mail, through Online and Mobile Banking, and by any other electronic means. <p><i>Effective for statement cycles that start on or after October 8, 2016, the minimum daily balance required to avoid the Withdrawal Limit Fee will be \$20,000 or you must be enrolled in the Preferred Rewards program.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Limits apply to some types of withdrawals and transfers from a savings account. See "What are the transaction limitations on my savings account?" in the <i>Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts</i> section below.
<p>Minor Savings Accounts (Under 18)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Under 18 years old, beginning a savings program • Interest bearing account • Variable interest rate • Minimum amount to open - \$25.00 <p>(Use Regular Savings or Rewards Money Market Savings for custodial ownership, such as UTMA/UGMA)</p>	<p>No monthly maintenance fee</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After you turn 18, we automatically convert your Minor Savings to a Regular Savings account. • Parents can make automatic transfers from checking. • Each monthly statement cycle, you can make a total of six withdrawals and transfers with no Withdrawal Limit Fee. • If you maintain a minimum daily balance of \$300 or more in your Minor Savings account, you may make additional withdrawals and transfers with no Withdrawal Limit Fee. Otherwise, the Withdrawal Limit Fee is \$1.00 for each withdrawal and transfer during the monthly statement cycle above the six. We charge no more than six Withdrawal Limit Fees per monthly statement cycle. This fee applies to all types of withdrawals and transfers, including at ATMs, at financial centers, by telephone, by mail, through Online and Mobile Banking, and by any other electronic means. • Limits apply to some types of withdrawals and transfers from a savings account. See "What are the transaction limitations on my savings account?" in the <i>Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts</i> section below.

Please also review *Other Account Fees and Services* on pages 9-14, *Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts* on page 15 and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*.

Personal Savings Accounts (cont.)

Account	Monthly Maintenance Fee for Savings Account and How to Avoid It	Other Important Account Information
<p>Rewards Money Market Savings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Variable interest rate • Potential for Preferred Rewards interest rate booster feature • Minimum amount to open - \$25.00 	<p>Monthly maintenance fee - \$12.00</p> <p>To avoid the monthly maintenance fee, meet one of the following requirements during each statement cycle:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain a minimum daily balance of \$2,500 or more in your account. Or • Link your account to your Bank of America Interest Checking or Advantage account (first 4 savings accounts). Or • Enroll in the Preferred Rewards program and qualify for the Gold, Platinum or Platinum Honors tier (first 4 savings accounts). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This account is eligible for the interest rate booster feature of the Preferred Rewards program, which may increase your interest rate based on your Preferred Rewards tier. • Each monthly statement cycle, you can make a total of six withdrawals and transfers with no Withdrawal Limit Fee. • If you maintain a minimum daily balance of \$2,500 or more in your Rewards Money Market Savings account, you may make additional withdrawals and transfers with no Withdrawal Limit Fee. Otherwise, the Withdrawal Limit Fee is \$10.00 for each withdrawal and transfer during the monthly statement cycle above the six. We charge no more than six Withdrawal Limit Fees per monthly statement cycle. This fee applies to all types of withdrawals and transfers, including at ATMs, at financial centers, by telephone, by mail, through Online and Mobile Banking, and by any other electronic means. <p><i>Effective for statement cycles that start on or after October 8, 2016, the minimum daily balance required to avoid the Withdrawal Limit Fee will be \$20,000 or you must be enrolled in the Preferred Rewards program.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Limits apply to some types of withdrawals and transfers from a savings account. See "What are the transaction limitations on my savings account?" in the <i>Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts</i> section below.

Please also review *Other Account Fees and Services* on pages 9-14, *Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts* on page 15 and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*.

Personal CD/IRA Accounts

Account	Minimum Amount You Need to Open Account	Account Features / Services	Other Important Account Information
Fixed Term CD Terms of 7 Days—27 Days	\$15,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interest rate fixed until maturity. • No additional deposits until maturity. • Automatically renews. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A penalty is imposed for early withdrawal.
Fixed Term CD Terms of 28 Days—10 Years	\$1,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interest rate fixed until maturity. • No additional deposits until maturity. • Automatically renews. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A penalty is imposed for early withdrawal. • For CDs with terms of 30 days or more, we send you a maturity notice prior to renewal. Please read it carefully. We may change the type, term or other feature of your CD by giving you notice. If we make a change, we tell you about the change in the maturity notice.
Featured CD/IRA	See deposit rate sheet for minimum opening amount	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interest rate fixed until maturity. • No additional deposits until maturity. • Automatically renews. • See deposit rate sheet for available terms. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A penalty is imposed for early withdrawal. • For CDs with terms of 30 days or more, we send you a maturity notice prior to renewal. Please read it carefully. We may change the type, term or other feature of your CD by giving you notice. If we make a change, we tell you about the change in the maturity notice.
Risk Free CD®/IRA	Risk Free CD: \$5,000; IRA: \$2,000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interest rate fixed until maturity. • No additional deposits until maturity. • Automatically renews. • See deposit rate sheet for available terms. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Early withdrawal: We waive the early withdrawal penalty after the first 6 days of the account term (or the first 6 days following any partial withdrawal). • We send you a maturity notice prior to renewal. Please read it carefully. We may change the type, term or other feature of your CD by giving you notice. If we make a change, we tell you about the change in the maturity notice.
Fixed Term IRA/CESA Terms of 6 Months—10 Years	Fixed Term IRA: \$1,000; CESA: \$500	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interest rate fixed until maturity. • No additional deposits until maturity. • Automatically renews. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A penalty is imposed for early withdrawal. • We send you a maturity notice prior to renewal. Please read it carefully. We may change the type, term or other feature of your CD by giving you notice. If we make a change, we tell you about the change in the maturity notice.

Please also review *Other Account Fees and Services* on pages 9-14 and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*. The *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* contains information about the early withdrawal penalty and other terms for CDs. Also, see the *Traditional/Roth Individual Retirement Custodial Accounts and Disclosure Statements* and *Coverdell Education Savings Custodial Account and Disclosure Statement* for additional IRA and CESA account information.

Personal CD/IRA Accounts (cont.)

Account	Minimum Amount You Need to Open Account	Account Features / Services	Other Important Account Information
Variable Rate IRA/CESA Terms of 18 Months— 23 Months	\$100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Variable interest rate. Your interest rate and annual percentage yield may change. At our discretion, we may change the interest rate and annual percentage yield on your account at any time. • Additional deposits allowed during term. • Automatically renews. • Make saving easier with automatic transfers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A penalty is imposed for early withdrawal. • We send you a maturity notice prior to renewal. Please read it carefully. We may change the type, term or other feature of your CD by giving you notice. If we make a change, we tell you about the change in the maturity notice.
Money Market IRA/CESA	\$100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Variable interest rate. Your interest rate and annual percentage yield may change. At our discretion, we may change the interest rate and annual percentage yield on your account at any time. • Additional deposits allowed at any time. • Make saving easier with automatic transfers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is a savings account. • Pre-authorized transfers and withdrawals are subject to certain limitations. See “What are the transaction limitations on my savings account?” on page 16. Withdrawals by check, draft or debit card are not allowed.

Please also review *Other Account Fees and Services* on pages 9-14 and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*. The *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* contains information about the early withdrawal penalty and other terms for CDs. Also, see the *Traditional/Roth Individual Retirement Custodial Accounts and Disclosure Statements* and *Coverdell Education Savings Custodial Account and Disclosure Statement* for additional IRA and CESA account information.

Other Account Fees and Services

Fee Category	Fee Name/Description	Fee Amount	Other Important Information About This Fee
ATM Card and Debit Card Fees	Replacement ATM or Debit Card Fee	\$5.00 per card	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee for each requested replacement of a card or other debit access device. • The replacement fee does not apply when we replace a card upon its expiration. • Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee.
	Rush Replacement ATM or Debit Card Fee	\$15.00 per card	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee for each requested rush delivery of a card or other debit access device. • The Replacement ATM or Debit Card Fee may also apply and would be in addition to the rush delivery fee. • Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee.
	Non-Bank of America Teller Withdrawal Fee	For each transaction, the greater of \$5.00 OR 3% of the dollar amount of the transaction, up to a maximum of \$10.00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee applies when you authorize another financial institution to use your card or card number to conduct a transaction (such as a withdrawal, transfer, or payment) and the other financial institution processes the transaction as a cash disbursement.
	International Transaction Fee	3% of the U.S. dollar amount of the transaction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee applies if you use your card to purchase goods or services in a foreign currency or in U.S. dollars with a foreign merchant (a "Foreign Transaction"). Foreign Transactions include internet transactions made in the U.S. but with a merchant who processes the transaction in a foreign country. • Fee also applies if you use your card to obtain foreign currency from an ATM. Visa® or MasterCard® converts the transaction into a U.S. dollar amount, and the International Transaction Fee applies to that converted U.S. dollar amount. ATM fees may also apply to ATM transactions. See ATM Fees section below. • See disclosure information that accompanied your card for more information about this fee.

Other Account Fees and Services (cont.)

Fee Category	Fee Name/Description	Fee Amount	Other Important Information About This Fee
ATM Fees Bank of America ATM – an ATM that prominently displays the Bank of America name and logo on the ATM Non-Bank of America ATM – an ATM that does not prominently display the Bank of America name and logo on the ATM	Withdrawals, deposits, transfers, payments and balance inquiries at a Bank of America ATM	No ATM fee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deposits and payments may not be available at some ATMs. Transaction fees may apply to some accounts. See account descriptions in this schedule.
	Non-Bank of America ATM Fee for: Withdrawals, transfers and balance inquiries at a non-Bank of America ATM in the U.S.	\$2.50 each	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When you use a non-Bank of America ATM, you may also be charged a fee by the ATM operator or any network used and you may be charged a fee for a balance inquiry even if you do not complete a funds transfer. The non-Bank of America ATM fees do not apply at some ATMs located outside the United States. Call us before you travel internationally for current information about banks participating in the program. See the disclosure information that accompanied your card for other fees that may apply. Non-Bank of America ATM fees are in addition to other account fees that may apply to the transaction, such as a Withdrawal Limit Fee for savings. Preferred Rewards Platinum customers using a Bank of America Debit or ATM card are not charged the non-Bank of America ATM fee for one withdrawal, transfer and balance inquiry per statement cycle from a non-Bank of America ATM in the U.S., and receive a refund of the ATM operator fee for one withdrawal, transfer and balance inquiry per statement cycle from a non-Bank of America ATM in the U.S. Preferred Rewards Platinum Honors customers using a Bank of America Debit or ATM card are not charged the non-Bank of America ATM fee for withdrawals, transfers and balance inquiries from non-Bank of America ATMs in the U.S., and receive a refund of the ATM operator fee for withdrawals, transfers and balance inquiries from non-Bank of America ATMs in the U.S.
	Non-Bank of America ATM Fee for: Withdrawals, transfers and balance inquiries at a non-Bank of America ATM in a foreign country	\$5.00 each	
Check Image Service	Check Image Service Fee	\$3.00 each statement cycle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fee to return images of your cancelled checks with your statement. Applies to each statement cycle during which we return one or more images of your checks. Our Online Banking service allows you to view and print copies of checks that posted to your account within the last 12 months. Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee.

Other Account Fees and Services (cont.)

Fee Category	Fee Name/Description	Fee Amount	Other Important Information About This Fee
Copies	Check Copy Fee	No fee for the first two copies of each request. After two copies, there is a \$3.00 fee for each copy up to a maximum of \$75.00 per request.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee. • This fee does not apply to accounts opened in Massachusetts and New Hampshire. • You can avoid the fee by viewing and printing your available checks in Online Banking, instead of ordering the copy from us. For information about what checks are available in Online Banking, please review the Activity tab.
	Deposit Slips and other Credit Items	No fee for the first two copies of each request. After two copies, there is a \$3.00 fee for each copy up to a maximum of \$75.00 per request.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee. • This fee does not apply to accounts opened in Massachusetts and New Hampshire. • You can avoid the fee by viewing and printing your available Deposit Slips and other Credit Items, instead of ordering the copy from us. For information about what Deposit Slips and other Credit Items are available in Online Banking, please review the Activity tab.
	Statement Copy Fee	\$5.00 per copy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee. • You can avoid the fee by viewing and printing your available statements in Online Banking, instead of ordering the copy from us. For information about what statements are available in Online Banking, please review the Statements and Documents tab. • This fee does not apply to your monthly statement delivery. It only applies when you request copies of your statements.
IRA	IRA and Coverdell ESA Direct Custodian Transfer Processing Fee	\$50.00 each plan, each occurrence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee for transferring funds to another institution.

Other Account Fees and Services (cont.)

Fee Category	Fee Name/Description	Fee Amount	Other Important Information About This Fee
Overdraft Protection Service <i>This optional service can help you avoid declined transactions as well as overdraft and NSF: returned item fees. To apply for this service, please call the number on your account statement or talk to your local financial center associate.</i>	Overdraft Protection Transfer Fee - transfer from a linked Bank of America savings or secondary checking account	\$12.00 each transfer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overdraft Protection transfers are made for the amount required to cover the overdraft and the applicable transfer fee. If your savings or secondary checking account does not have enough available funds to cover the necessary amount, we may decline to make the transfer. Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee.
	Overdraft Protection Transfer Fee - transfer from a linked Bank of America line of credit	\$12.00 each transfer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overdraft Protection transfers are advances under the terms of the line of credit agreement and are made in increments of \$100. Advances are subject to interest charges or finance charges, as provided in the line of credit agreement. Please see the line of credit agreement. Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee.
	Overdraft Protection Transfer Fee - transfer from a linked Bank of America credit card	See credit card agreement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overdraft Protection transfers are considered cash advances and may be subject to additional Overdraft Protection cash advance fees. See your credit card agreement for applicable rates and fees.

Other Account Fees and Services (cont.)

Fee Category	Fee Name/Description	Fee Amount	Other Important Information About This Fee
Overdraft Items (an overdraft item)	Overdraft Item Fee	\$35.00 each item	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When we determine that you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover an item, then we either authorize and pay the item and overdraw your account (an overdraft item), or we decline or return the item unpaid (an NSF: returned item). Some common examples of items are a check or other transaction made using your checking account number, an everyday non-recurring debit card transaction, a recurring debit card transaction, an ATM withdrawal, an ACH transaction, and an Online or automatic bill payment. Please see the <i>Deposit Agreement and Disclosures</i> for more information about items, overdrafts, declined or returned items and for information about how we process and post items. We do not charge you an Overdraft Item fee on an everyday non-recurring debit card transaction. We also do not charge you an Overdraft Item fee on a ATM transaction unless you agreed to our overdraft practices for that particular ATM transaction. We do charge you an Overdraft Item fee each time we authorize and pay any other type of overdraft transaction. These other types of transactions include checks and other transactions made using your checking account number, recurring debit card transactions, Online and automatic bill payments, and ACH transactions. We do not charge you an NSF: Returned Item fee when we decline an ATM transaction or debit card transaction. We do charge you an NSF: Returned Item fee each time we decline or return any other type of transaction unpaid. These other types of transactions include checks and other transactions made using your checking account number, Online and automatic bill payments, and ACH transactions. We charge you Overdraft Item fees and NSF: Returned Item fees for no more than 4 items each day. For information about our Overdraft Protection plans and overdraft practices and overdraft settings, please see our <i>Deposit Agreement and Disclosures</i> and our <i>What You Need to Know about Overdrafts and Overdraft Fees</i> notice.
NSF: Returned Items (a returned item)	NSF: Returned Item Fee	\$35.00 each item	
Overdrafts – Extended Overdrawn Balance	Extended Overdrawn Balance Charge	\$35.00 - charged when we determine your account is overdrawn for 5 or more consecutive business days	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Extended Overdrawn Balance Charge applies when we determine that your account has been overdrawn for 5 or more consecutive business days. You can avoid this fee by depositing enough available funds in your account to cover your overdraft plus any fees we assessed within the first 5 consecutive business days that your account is overdrawn. For each time that your account is overdrawn 5 or more consecutive business days, we charge one Extended Overdrawn Balance Charge. We charge the fee after the 5th consecutive business day. The Extended Overdrawn Balance Charge is in addition to applicable Overdraft Item Fees and NSF: Returned Item Fees. If an everyday non-recurring debit card transaction or an ATM transaction, for which you did not agree to our overdraft practices, is the transaction that causes your account to become overdrawn, we do not start the 5-business day period. We do start the 5-business day period if another type of transaction either causes or increases the overdraft on your account.

Other Account Fees and Services (cont.)

Fee Category	Fee Name/Description	Fee Amount	Other Important Information About This Fee
Miscellaneous	Check and Deposit Ticket Orders	Fee varies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers receive free standard checks or discounts on certain designs. • We may change the fees for check and deposit ticket orders at any time. Visit a financial center or call us at the number on your statement for current fees.
	Deposited Item Returned or Cashed Item Returned Fee (Returned Item Chargeback Fee)	\$12.00 each domestic item \$15.00 each foreign item	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We charge this fee each time a check or other item that we either cashed for you or accepted for deposit to your account is returned to us unpaid.
	Legal Process Fee	\$125.00 each occurrence (or such other rate as may be set by law)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee applies to each legal order or process that directs us to freeze, attach or withhold funds or other property, such as an attachment, levy or garnishment.
	Stop Payment Fee	\$30.00 each request	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of this fee. • There is no charge to place a stop payment on a recurring debit card transaction.
	Wire Transfers and Drafts, Incoming or Outgoing (U.S. or International)	Fee varies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bank of America Interest Checking and Advantage accounts plus Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards customers qualify for a waiver of our standard wire fee for an incoming domestic wire transfer. The standard wire fee for incoming international wire transfers is waived for Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards (Platinum and Platinum Honors tiers only) customers. • We may change the fees for wire transfers and drafts at any time. Visit a financial center or call us at the number on your statement for current fees. • For an international wire transfer, other financial institutions involved in the wire transfer may also charge fees and deduct their fees from the amount of the wire transfer.

Frequently Asked Questions About Accounts

This section covers some of the features and services that may apply to your account.

What other agreements have terms that apply to my deposit account?

In addition to the terms in this *Schedule of Fees*, the terms in the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*, the signature card for your account and the other account opening documents govern your account and are part of the binding contract between you and us for your account. Please read these documents carefully.

What are paperless statements?

With the paperless statement option, you get your account statement electronically through Online Banking and you do not get a paper statement. You can enroll in paperless statements at a financial center or through Online Banking. When you enroll at a financial center, you'll need to log into Online Banking from your computer to confirm your choice.

What is a direct deposit?

A direct deposit is an electronic deposit of funds to a checking or savings account.

For Bank of America Core Checking accounts, qualifying direct deposits are deposits of regular monthly income—such as your salary, pension, Social Security benefits—which are made through the automated clearinghouse (ACH) by your employer or other payer.

Other types of transfers and deposits do not qualify for the waiver of the monthly maintenance fee. Examples of non-qualifying transfers and deposits include: teller deposits, wire transfers, non-periodic direct deposits (such as tax refunds or payments for the sale of goods or services), Online Banking transfers, telephone transfers, and ATM transfers and deposits.

What does variable rate mean?

Funds in an interest bearing checking or savings account earn a variable interest rate. This means that your interest rate and annual percentage yield may change after the account is opened. At our discretion, we may change your interest rate and annual percentage yield at any time.

What does it mean to link accounts?

You can link some of your other accounts with us either to your Bank of America Interest Checking, Regular Checking or to your Advantage checking account for pricing. When you link another account for pricing, you can use the balances in the other account to help you meet the balance required to avoid the monthly maintenance fee on your checking account. You must tell us what other accounts you want us to link to your checking account. An account can only be linked for pricing to one checking account at a time. We do not link your other accounts for pricing unless you tell us to do so. You may not link a SafeBalance Banking® account to any other account for pricing.

Please see the checking account descriptions in this schedule of fees for information about what accounts can be linked and applicable balance requirements. Some restrictions apply to what accounts can be linked. See below and the *Combined Balance Service* section in the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* for information.

When a new account is opened to replace an existing account, we do not automatically link the new account to your checking account for pricing, even if the existing account

was linked. You must tell us to link the new account. As examples, when you refinance your mortgage loan, the refinanced loan is a new account. Whenever we change the account number of your checking account, we close the current checking account and open a new checking account. In both examples, the replacement account is a new account and, if you want us to link it to your checking account for pricing, you need to tell us to link the new account.

For linked accounts, we may send you a monthly statement that reports account information for all of your linked accounts instead of separate statements for each account.

What Bank of America first mortgage loans can qualify for a waiver of the monthly maintenance fee on a Bank of America Advantage account?

We currently service many mortgage loans we make. If we service your Bank of America first mortgage loan, you can have us link the loan to your Bank of America Advantage checking account. Sometimes we sell mortgage loan servicing to other companies. If we sell the servicing on your mortgage loan, then the loan is no longer eligible to be used for this waiver.

What limits apply to linking accounts?

Some restrictions apply to what accounts can be linked to a checking account, including the following. You can generally link savings, money market savings, Individual Retirement Account (IRA) and CD, and some checking and Merrill Edge or Merrill Lynch investment accounts to your checking account. You may only link an account to one checking account at a time. To link additional accounts to a checking account, at least one of the owners of the linked additional account must also be an owner of the checking account. You may not link personal and business accounts together. You may link a SafeBalance Banking account to another SafeBalance Banking account for some purposes, but not to any other account for pricing.

We may in our discretion place other restrictions on what accounts can be linked.

Are the statement cycles for linked accounts the same?

When you link accounts for pricing, the statement cycles are generally different. If you use a combined statement for your checking and savings accounts, the statement cycles for the linked checking and savings accounts are generally the same.

What are combined statements?

A combined statement is one statement that reports activity for your checking account and each deposit account linked to that account, instead of separate statements for each account. In most cases we do not automatically send you a combined statement. You must generally request a combined statement and tell us to link the accounts you want included in the combined statement.

When linked accounts are reported on the combined statement, you understand and agree that each owner of any linked account can review information about all other linked accounts. You should not link accounts that you do not want others to see. Please read the information about Combined Statements in the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*.

(continued)

What is the transaction date for the savings Withdrawal Limit Fee?

To determine whether a Withdrawal Limit Fee applies to a withdrawal from your savings account, we count the withdrawal on the date we post it to your account. If you are counting the number of withdrawals you make each monthly statement cycle, please note that the date we count the withdrawal may be different than the date you authorize or make the withdrawal. This means that we may not count the withdrawal until a later statement cycle.

What are the transaction limitations on my savings account?

There is no limit on the number of deposits you may make to your account. You can also make any number of withdrawals and transfers to your account through the financial center, by mail or at an ATM or ATM with Teller Assist (ATA).

However, federal regulations (applied to all U.S. Banks) and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* limit the number of certain types of withdrawals and transfers from a savings account to a total of six each monthly statement cycle (each month for savings accounts with a quarterly statement). This transaction limit applies to the following types of withdrawals or transfers: automatic or pre-authorized transfers, telephone transfers, Online and Mobile Banking transfers or payments, or, if checks or debit cards are allowed on the account, check, draft and point of sale transactions.

If you exceed these limits on more than an occasional basis, we may convert your account to another type of account, like a checking account, and your account may no longer earn interest.

Please note that for savings accounts, we charge a Withdrawal Limit Fee for each withdrawal and transfer of any type in excess of six if the applicable balance requirement is not met. See the information about this fee in the savings account section on pages 5 and 6.

Keep the Change® Savings Service

When you enroll in our Keep the Change savings service, we round up the amount of any Bank of America debit card purchase made by you or a joint owner of your checking account to the next whole dollar amount, and transfer the amount in excess of the purchase price to your savings account.¹

We aggregate the round-up from purchases that post to your checking account each business day and make a single transfer (the "Keep the Change" transfer) at the end of the business day. If on a business day you do not have sufficient available funds in your checking account, or if any transaction has overdrawn your checking account, we do not round-up purchases posted on that business day and we cancel the Keep the Change transfer for that day.

If your debit card purchase is subsequently cancelled or reversed, the corresponding Keep the Change transfer will remain in the savings account.¹ We may cancel or modify the Keep the Change service at any time.

¹If your savings account enrolled in Keep the Change is converted to a checking account, Keep the Change transfers will continue to be made into that account. Should you have any questions on the Keep the Change program, please contact your nearest financial center.

Preferred Rewards

You are eligible for the Preferred Rewards program when you (i) have an active, eligible personal checking account with Bank of America, and (ii) maintain the balance required for one of the balance tiers in any combination of eligible deposit accounts with Bank of America and/or eligible investment balances with Merrill Edge® or Merrill Lynch. Once you are eligible, you can enroll for program benefits. Enrollment is generally available within three or more business days of eligibility.

The combined balance requirement is calculated based on your average daily balance maintained for a three calendar month period.

Your benefits become effective within one month of your enrollment, unless we indicate otherwise. Some benefits are automatically activated upon the effective date of your enrollment and require no action on your part. Some benefits may require you to open a new account or take other action. Some benefits are available based on balances and other requirements without the need to enroll. Read carefully the terms of any offer to understand the action required.

Different benefits are available at different balance tiers. The balance tiers are: Gold, for combined balances at and above \$20,000; Platinum, for combined balances at and above \$50,000; and Platinum Honors, for combined balances at or above \$100,000.

You will qualify for the next higher balance tier when your three-month average combined balances exceed the minimum amount for that balance tier. You will qualify for the benefits of the next higher balance tier starting in the month after the month in which you satisfy the combined balance requirement.

We will perform an annual review of your qualifying balances in the month following the anniversary date of your initial enrollment in the program. The annual review will calculate your three-month average combined balance as of the end of your anniversary month and place you in the balance tier for which you meet the qualification requirements. If the result of the annual review would be to move you to a lower tier, you will have a three-month period after your anniversary month in which to restore your qualifying balance before you are moved to that lower balance tier. If you are moved to a lower balance tier, your benefits may be changed to those of the balance tier for which you qualify without further notice. Please note that while you can be moved to a higher balance tier after any month in which you satisfy the combined balance requirement for that tier, you will only be moved to a lower balance tier as a result of the annual review.

At the annual review, we will also confirm that you still have an active, eligible personal checking account with Bank of America. If as a result of the annual review you do not qualify for any balance tier, or you no longer have an eligible checking account, and you do not sufficiently restore your balances or open an eligible checking account in the three months after your anniversary month, your qualification will discontinue. Your benefits may then be discontinued immediately without further notice.

You or we may terminate your enrollment at any time.

Only personal accounts that you own count toward your balance requirements and receive benefits. Accounts on which you are a signer but not an owner, or accounts included in your periodic statement on which you are not an owner, are not eligible. SafeBalance Banking® accounts do not count towards the checking account requirement or balance

(continued)

requirements for Preferred Rewards, and SafeBalance Banking accounts do not receive the fee waivers and other benefits of the Preferred Rewards program. Enrolling in Preferred Rewards will discontinue your participation in the Platinum Privileges® or Banking Privileges for Wealth Management programs. In some cases, Preferred Rewards benefits differ from Platinum Privileges and Banking Privileges for Wealth Management benefits, so be sure you understand the effect on your benefits before enrolling.

We may change or terminate program benefits at any time, without prior notice.

Employee benefit plans (such as 401(k)) will not count toward the combined balance requirement. 529 plans are included only if they appear on your Merrill Lynch or Merrill Edge statement, except 529 plans owned in UGMA/UTMA form are not included.

For details on Employee qualification requirements, please visit the Employee Banking & Investments website.

Merrill Edge® is available through Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (MLPF&S), and consists of the Merrill Edge Advisory Center™ (investment guidance) and self-directed online investing.

Credit Card Rewards Bonus for Preferred Rewards

Primary cardholders or co-applicants (not authorized users) of eligible Bank of America rewards credit cards ("Card(s)") who have enrolled in the Preferred Rewards Program ("Program") will receive bonus cash rewards or bonus points ("Preferred Rewards Bonus") as a result of their participation in the Program. Preferred Rewards Bonus levels are: **25%** for the Gold tier; **50%** for the Platinum tier; and **75%** for the Platinum Honors tier. Some types of credit cards are not eligible for the Preferred Rewards Bonus. Review the Card Eligibility Guidelines (in the Credit Card Rewards Bonus section) at bankofamerica.com/preferred-rewards for a complete list of ineligible cards.

How it works:

For those Cards that **are** eligible, customers can receive their Preferred Rewards Bonus in one of two ways based on their Program tier **and** the type of Card:

1) BankAmericard Cash Rewards™ Cards. For BankAmericard Cash Rewards™ Cards—which offer a 10% customer bonus for redeeming cash rewards into a Bank of America® checking or savings account or an eligible Merrill Lynch Cash Management Account® (collectively, "Eligible Accounts")—the Preferred Rewards Bonus will be applied when you redeem into an Eligible Account. For example, if you redeem \$100 of cash rewards into an Eligible Account, the Preferred Rewards Bonus (based on the levels described above at the time you redeem) will add \$25, \$50 or \$75 to this redemption amount, totaling \$125, \$150 or \$175. The Preferred Rewards Bonus will **replace** the 10% customer bonus. Cash rewards redemptions for a statement credit or check will **not** receive the Preferred Rewards Bonus (or the 10% customer bonus).

2) All Other Eligible Credit Cards. For all other Cards that are eligible to receive the Preferred Rewards Bonus (such as BankAmericard Travel Rewards® and BankAmericard Rewards® cards), the Preferred Rewards Bonus will be added to the base rewards you earn with each purchase. For example, if you earn 100 base rewards, the Preferred Rewards Bonus (based on your tier when the purchase posts to your account) will add 25, 50, or 75 bonus rewards, totaling 125, 150, or 175 rewards. For BankAmericard Travel Rewards Cards, the Preferred Rewards Bonus will **replace** the 10% customer points bonus.

Any other bonus rewards – including, but not limited to, account-opening bonus rewards and merchant-based bonus rewards such as those for drug store or travel purchases (collectively, "Other Bonus Rewards") – will not receive the Preferred Rewards Bonus but these Other Bonus Rewards will still be added to your total rewards earned. Any returns, credits, or adjustments on an eligible Card may result in both base rewards and the Preferred Rewards Bonus (depending on your tier when the return occurs) being deducted from your rewards balance.

Additional Information:

Credit Card Rewards are maintained and redeemed according to individual card program rules. Refer to your Card's program rules for additional details. Your Card account must be open and in good standing to earn and redeem rewards. After enrolling in the Program, or if you are already enrolled and open a new Card, it may take up to 45 days for the Preferred Rewards Bonus to become active on your Cards. If you move to a higher (or lower) reward tier, it may take up to five days for the higher (or lower) Preferred Rewards Bonus to become active on your existing Cards. For enrolled clients who change their card type, as long as the new Card is an eligible credit card, it may take up to five days for the Preferred Rewards Bonus to become active on the new Card. If more than one cardholder on a Card account (primary and co-applicant) is enrolled in the Program, the account will receive the Preferred Rewards Bonus level based on the cardholder with the higher tier. If a co-applicant with a higher tier is added to a Card account, it may take up to 45 days for the higher Preferred Rewards Bonus to become active on that Card.

Notice for Maine Deposit Account Customers:

If you have a dispute with us regarding your deposit account, you may contact us and attempt to resolve the problem directly. If you feel we failed to resolve the problem, communicate the problem and the resolution you are seeking to:

Bureau of Financial Institutions
36 State House Station
Augusta, ME 04333-0036

To file a complaint electronically, you may contact the Bureau of Financial Institutions at the following internet address: http://www.state.me.us/pfr/bkg/bkg_consumer.htm

The Bureau of Financial Institutions will acknowledge receipt of your complaint promptly and investigate your claim. You will be informed of the results of the investigation.

When your complaint involves a federally-chartered financial institution, such as Bank of America, the Bureau of Financial Institutions will refer it to the appropriate federal supervisory agency and inform you to whom it has been referred.

Personal Schedule of Fees for SafeBalance Banking®

Effective May 6, 2016

The SafeBalance Banking account is a personal deposit account.



bankofamerica.com

Applies in all states.

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95-11-3200B 05/2016
00-14-9317



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The SafeBalance Banking account is an account you can use to make transactions and pay bills. Since it is not a traditional checking account you cannot write checks with this account.

Overview

The SafeBalance Banking® account is an account you can use to make deposits, withdrawals and pay bills. It is a checkless checking account, since you cannot write paper checks with this account. It is not a traditional checking account. You can make payments with your debit card, through our Online and Mobile Banking Bill Pay service, a wire transfer, or an Automated Clearing House transaction (ACH), and you can make withdrawals through an ATM or financial center.

Do not order checks from third parties. If a check is presented for payment, it will not be paid even if you have enough money in your account to cover it. You may incur fees from the merchant or other party you were trying to pay when the check is returned.

Your SafeBalance Banking account does not come with overdraft services, which means we do not authorize or pay a transaction unless we believe that you have enough available funds at the time of the transaction. Please see the “Other Important Account Information” section for more details about overdrafts.

Additional terms and limitations of the SafeBalance Banking account are described in this schedule of fees. Please review the account description for details about your account and account fees. Other account fees that can apply to your account are listed in the “Other Account Fees and Services” section.

When you open a deposit account, it is located at a financial center and generally remains at that location until it is closed. If your address is in a state where we do not have a financial center at the time, we may open the account at a financial center in Virginia. If state taxes apply to an account or service, taxes are in addition to the fee amount listed.

We may change the account and services described in this schedule of fees at any time. We may add new terms and conditions. We may delete or amend existing terms and conditions. We may also add new services and convert or discontinue this account or any services at any time.

You can get information about accounts, services and fees not covered in this schedule of fees by visiting a financial center or calling us at the number on your statement.

Deposit Agreement and Disclosures Amended

Your account and deposit relationship with us are governed by this schedule of fees and the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*. Note that since there are no check-writing privileges, references in the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* to the ability to write checks and associated rights and obligations do not apply to the SafeBalance Banking account. All other terms and conditions in the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* that apply to checking accounts apply to the SafeBalance Banking account except as otherwise amended in this schedule of fees. Please read both agreements carefully. These agreements are part of the binding contract between you and us for your account and deposit relationship. You can also find these agreements at bankofamerica.com. References to the *Personal Schedule of Fees* in the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* and in other documents include this schedule of fees.

Other terms and conditions in this schedule of fees amend the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*, including information in the “Other Important Account Information” section.

Information About SafeBalance Banking

Account	Monthly Maintenance Fee	Features Available with Your SafeBalance Banking Account	Features Not Available with Your SafeBalance Banking Account
<p>SafeBalance Banking®</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-interest bearing account • Minimum to open - \$25.00 	<p>\$4.95</p> <p>We do not waive the monthly fee.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No Overdraft Item Fees, NSF: Returned Item Fees or Extended Overdrawn Balance Charge • Debit card (Photo Security® feature available) or ATM card • Online and Mobile Banking Service • Online and Mobile Bill Pay Service • Email and Text Alerts • Keep the Change® Savings Service 	<p>The SafeBalance Banking account is different from a traditional checking account. It has important limitations that you should review. If you want any of the functions or services listed below, it might not be the right account for you.</p> <p>The following features are not available with your SafeBalance Banking account:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Checks. Paper checks written by you or others on the account will not be paid. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Do not buy checks from any source, such as checks you see advertised on the internet or in the newspaper or any other third parties. - Be careful when providing your account and routing numbers to merchants for a payment since they may process the payment as a check which will be rejected. • Overdraft Protection Service to or from a linked account. • Overdraft services. Your account is set to a “Decline All” transactions overdraft setting. This means that if you do not have sufficient available funds in your account to cover an item, the item will be returned unpaid. You may be assessed a fee by a merchant if this happens. Please see the “Other Important Account Information” section for more details. <p>Balances do not count towards Platinum Privileges®, Preferred Rewards, Banking Privileges for Wealth Management, Banking Rewards for Wealth Management or other relationship pricing programs, and the SafeBalance Banking account does not receive the fee waivers and other benefits of the Platinum Privileges and Preferred Rewards programs.</p> <p>Affinity Banking is not available to be added to your SafeBalance Banking account or debit card.</p>

Other Account Fees and Services

Fee Category	Fee Name/Description	Fee Amount	Other Important Information About This Fee
ATM Card and Debit Card Fees	Replacement ATM or Debit Card Fee	\$5.00 per card	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee for each requested replacement of a card or other debit access device. • The replacement fee does not apply when we replace a card upon its expiration.
	Rush Replacement ATM or Debit Card Fee	\$15.00 per card	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee for each requested rush delivery of a card or other debit access device. • The Replacement ATM or Debit Card Fee may also apply and would be in addition to the rush delivery fee.
	Non-Bank of America Teller Withdrawal Fee	For each transaction, the greater of \$5.00 OR 3% of the dollar amount of the transaction, up to a maximum of \$10.00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee applies when you authorize another financial institution to use your card or card number to conduct a transaction (such as a withdrawal, transfer, or payment) and the other financial institution processes the transaction as a cash disbursement.
	International Transaction Fee	3% of the U.S. dollar amount of the transaction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee applies if you use your card to purchase goods or services in a foreign currency or in U.S. dollars with a foreign merchant (a "Foreign Transaction"). Foreign Transactions include internet transactions made in the U.S. but with a merchant who processes the transaction in a foreign country. • Fee also applies if you use your card to obtain foreign currency from an ATM. Visa® or MasterCard® converts the transaction into a U.S. dollar amount, and the International Transaction Fee applies to that converted U.S. dollar amount. ATM fees may also apply to ATM transactions. See ATM Fees section below. • See disclosure information that accompanied your card for more information about this fee.
ATM Fees Bank of America ATM — an ATM that prominently displays the Bank of America name and logo on the ATM Non-Bank of America ATM — an ATM that does not prominently display the Bank of America name and logo on the ATM	Withdrawals, deposits, transfers, payments and balance inquiries at a Bank of America ATM	No ATM fee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deposits and payments may not be available at some ATMs. Transaction fees may apply to some accounts. See account descriptions in this schedule.
	Non-Bank of America ATM Fee for: Withdrawals, transfers and balance inquiries at a non-Bank of America ATM in the U.S.	\$2.50 each	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When you use a non-Bank of America ATM, you may also be charged a fee by the ATM operator or any network used and you may be charged a fee for a balance inquiry even if you do not complete a funds transfer. • The non-Bank of America ATM fees do not apply at some ATMs located outside the United States. Call us before you travel internationally for current information about banks participating in the program. • See the disclosure information that accompanied your card for other fees that may apply. • Non-Bank of America ATM fees are in addition to other account fees that may apply to the transaction, such as a Withdrawal Limit Fee for savings.
	Non-Bank of America ATM Fee for: Withdrawals, transfers and balance inquiries at a non-Bank of America ATM in a foreign country	\$5.00 each	

Other Account Fees and Services *continued*

Fee Category	Fee Name/Description	Fee Amount	Other Important Information About This Fee
Copies	Deposit Slips and other Credit Items	No fee for the first two copies of each request. After two copies, there is a \$3.00 fee for each copy up to a maximum of \$75.00 per request.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This fee does not apply to accounts opened in Massachusetts and New Hampshire. • You can avoid the fee by viewing and printing your available Deposit Slips and other Credit Items, instead of ordering the copy from us. For information about what Deposit Slips and other Credit Items are available in Online Banking, please review the Activity tab.
	Statement Copy Fee	\$5.00 per copy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You can avoid the fee by viewing and printing your available statements in Online Banking, instead of ordering the copy from us. For information about what statements are available in Online Banking, please review the Statements and Documents tab. • This fee does not apply to your monthly statement delivery. It only applies when you request copies of your statements.
Miscellaneous	Deposit Ticket Orders	Fee varies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We may change the fees for deposit ticket orders at any time. Visit a financial center or call us at the number on your statement for current fees.
	Deposited Item Returned or Cashed Item Returned Fee (Returned Item Chargeback Fee)	\$12.00 each domestic item \$15.00 each foreign item	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We charge this fee each time an item that we either cashed for you or accepted for deposit to your account is returned to us unpaid.
	Legal Process Fee	\$125.00 each occurrence (or such other rate as may be set by law)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fee applies to each legal order or process that directs us to freeze, attach or withhold funds or other property, such as an attachment, levy or garnishment.
	Stop Payment Fee	\$30.00 each request	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is no charge to place a stop payment on a recurring debit card transaction.
	Wire Transfers and Drafts, Incoming or Outgoing (U.S. or International)	Fee varies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We may change the fees for wire transfers and drafts at any time. Visit a financial center or call us at the number on your statement for current fees. • For an international wire transfer, other financial institutions involved in the wire transfer may also charge fees and deduct their fees from the amount of the wire transfer.

Other Important Account Information for SafeBalance Banking

This section covers some of the features and services that may apply to your account and amends certain sections of the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*.

How does the Deposit Agreement and Disclosures apply to my SafeBalance Banking account?

In addition to the terms in this schedule of fees, the terms in the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*, the signature card for your account and the other account opening documents govern your account and are part of the binding contract between you and us for your account. Please read these documents carefully. Certain sections of the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* that are changed are noted in this section and in the Overview.

NOTE: The following two questions amend the “Insufficient Funds – Overdrafts and Returned Items” section of the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures*. That section is deleted and replaced with the information in these two questions.

My account is overdrawn. I thought I could not overdraft my SafeBalance Banking account?

While we attempt to limit overdrafts on your SafeBalance Banking account, at times overdrafts still occur. When we determine that you do not have enough available funds in your account to cover an item, then we consider the item to be an insufficient funds item. Without notice to you, we may overdraw your account (an overdraft item) or we decline or return the insufficient funds item without payment (a returned item). We will not charge you an Overdraft or NSF: Returned Item Fee or an Extended Overdrawn Balance Charge if this happens. However, you may be assessed a fee by the merchant. If we overdraw your account, you agree to repay us immediately, without notice or demand from us. We ordinarily use deposits you or others make to your account to pay overdrafts, fees and other amounts you owe us.

Sometimes funds in your account are not available to cover your items. When we determine that funds in your account are subject to a hold, dispute, or legal process, then these funds are not available to cover your items. We usually make this determination once at the end of the day when we process items. Examples of holds include deposit holds, holds related to cash withdrawals, and authorization holds we place on the account for debit card transactions. We may also treat as an insufficient funds item each fee that creates an overdraft and each deposited item returned to us unpaid that creates an overdraft.

Here is an example of how your account might still become overdrawn. You use your debit card to pay for your meal at a restaurant. The restaurant asks us to authorize the transaction for the amount of the meal. We authorize the transaction because we determine you have enough available funds in your account at this time. However, if you decide to use your debit card to leave a tip and add the amount of the tip to the cost of the meal, that will increase the total amount of the transaction. When the transaction is processed that night, you may not have enough funds in your account to cover the increased amount of the transaction and it will overdraw your account. This means, unless you promptly transfer or deposit enough available funds, when we receive the debit card transaction, it will overdraw your account. However, you will not be charged an overdraft fee by the Bank.

What overdraft setting is applied to the SafeBalance Banking account?

We automatically apply our Decline All transactions overdraft setting to your SafeBalance Banking account. With the Decline All transactions overdraft setting, we do not authorize or pay any transaction unless we determine that at the time of the transaction you appear to have enough available funds in your account to cover the transaction. This means that we will decline or return these transactions unpaid. You may be assessed a fee by the merchant if this happens.

What happens if a merchant wants to use my account number and routing number for a payment?

Be careful when you give out your account number and routing number to an originator that you authorize to process debits from your account. At times, an originator may process such a payment as a check and submit it to us instead of an ACH (Automated Clearing House) transaction. Those checks will be rejected and not paid. You may be charged a fee by the originator if this happens. If you give anyone your account number and routing number, make sure it is for an ACH transaction only. You may want to ask if the merchant can use your debit card number instead. Please see the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* for more details about ACH transactions.

How do I pay my bills if I don't have checks? What if I need to write a check?

You can pay bills using our Online and Mobile Bill Pay service or transfers, your debit card, cash, or by making electronic payments. If you find that you need to write checks on a regular basis and these alternatives do not work for you, you may need a traditional checking account that offers check-writing capability. Cashier's checks are also available for a fee in our financial centers.

What happens if my employer asks for a voided check for direct deposit?

Since the SafeBalance Banking account does not include checks, you cannot provide a voided check. You can provide the account number and routing number and indicate that it is a checking account so that your employer can set up a direct deposit to your account. Or, you can complete the printable enrollment form in Online Banking. You can also ask us for a direct deposit enrollment form that you can provide to your employer.

How does Online and Mobile Bill Pay work with the SafeBalance Banking account?

SafeBalance Banking accounts have different Bill Pay features than traditional checking accounts. When you use Online and Mobile Bill Pay with your SafeBalance Banking account, payments will be withdrawn from your account before delivery to the payee. The date that payments will be withdrawn from your account and the delivery date of the payments will be shown in Online Bill Pay. If there are not enough funds in your account when we attempt to withdraw the payment amount, the payment will not be sent. Please refer to the *Online Banking Service Agreement* for more details on how Bill Pay works for SafeBalance Banking accounts.

(continued)

Other Important Account Information for SafeBalance Banking *continued*

What happens if I want a different account instead of my SafeBalance Banking account?

To change to a different account type, you must open a new checking account. If you choose to open a new checking account, you will be assigned a new account number. This will impact any situation where you use your account number, such as any direct deposits to or automatic withdrawals from your account. You will need to provide the updated account number to any third parties that you gave the original account number to for payments or direct deposits. You can close your SafeBalance Banking account but keep in mind any payments that may be outstanding; these payments may be rejected. Please look closely at the terms and conditions of your new account since important features such as fees and overdrafts will change.

If you use our Online and Mobile Bill Pay service, payments will be made differently. Please see the *Online Banking Service Agreement* for more details.

What happens if I want a SafeBalance Banking account instead of my current account?

You must open a new SafeBalance Banking account. If you choose to do this you will be assigned a new account number for your new SafeBalance Banking account. This will impact any situation where you use your account number, such as any direct deposits to or automatic withdrawals from your account. You will need to provide the updated account number to any third parties you gave the original account number to for payments or direct deposits. You can close your existing account but keep in mind any checks or other payments that may be outstanding.

Some other important things to know about SafeBalance Banking include:

- You cannot write paper checks with the SafeBalance Banking account. Please see the account description on page 2 for more details and restrictions.
- You cannot use checks from your existing account with your SafeBalance Banking account and any outstanding checks will not be paid once the existing account is closed. This may result in fees assessed by merchants for returned items ("bounced check" fees).
- Overdrafts will typically not be paid on your new SafeBalance Banking account. If you do not have sufficient funds in your account to cover an item, the item will usually be returned unpaid. You may be assessed a fee by a merchant if this happens. There are circumstances when an overdraft will occur. Please see the other questions in this section for more details on how that can happen.
- You will have a separate statement for your SafeBalance Banking account.
- If you use our Online and Mobile Bill Pay service with your new SafeBalance Banking account, payments will be made differently. Please see "How does Online and Mobile Bill Pay work with the SafeBalance Banking account" on page 5.

Please review the product description on page 2 and this schedule of fees for more information about the SafeBalance Banking account.

What happens if I have to choose between "Checking" and "Savings" to start a transaction?

Please choose "Checking" if you are trying to access your SafeBalance Banking account. While the SafeBalance Banking account does not have paper checks, choosing this option will allow you to access the funds in your SafeBalance Banking account if you are at an ATM or need to complete a deposit slip.

Can I combine my SafeBalance Banking account statement with my other deposit account statements?

No, combined statements are not available with the SafeBalance Banking account. The "Combined Statements" section of the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* is amended accordingly.

What does it mean to link accounts for pricing?

Some of Bank of America's accounts can be linked for pricing. However, the SafeBalance Banking account cannot be linked to any other account for pricing purposes. If you have another account with Bank of America, like a CD or savings account, you won't be able to link it to the SafeBalance Banking account for pricing purposes. The "Combined Balance Service" and "Limits on Linking Accounts" sections of the *Deposit Agreement and Disclosures* do not apply to the SafeBalance Banking account.

What are paperless statements?

With the paperless statement option, you get your account statement electronically through Online Banking and you do not get a paper statement. You can enroll in paperless statements at a financial center or through Online Banking. When you enroll at a financial center, you'll need to log into Online Banking from your computer to confirm your choice.

Keep the Change® Savings Service

When you enroll in our Keep the Change savings service, we round up the amount of any Bank of America debit card purchase made by you or a joint owner of your SafeBalance Banking account to the next whole dollar amount, and transfer the amount in excess of the purchase price to your savings account.¹

We aggregate the round-up from purchases that post to your SafeBalance Banking account each business day and make a single transfer (the "Keep the Change" transfer) at the end of the business day. If on a business day you do not have sufficient available funds in your SafeBalance Banking account, or if any transaction has overdrawn your checking account, we do not round-up purchases posted on that business day and we cancel the Keep the Change transfer for that day.

If your debit card purchase is subsequently cancelled or reversed, the corresponding Keep the Change transfer will remain in the savings account.¹ We may cancel or modify the Keep the Change service at any time.

¹If your savings account enrolled in Keep the Change is converted to a checking account, Keep the Change transfers will continue to be made into that account. Should you have any questions on the Keep the Change program, please contact your nearest financial center.

Keep the Change® Patent No. US 8,301,530B2.

Notice for Maine Deposit Account Customers:

If you have a dispute with us regarding your deposit account, you may contact us and attempt to resolve the problem directly. If you feel we failed to resolve the problem, communicate the problem and the resolution you are seeking to:

Bureau of Financial Institutions
36 State House Station
Augusta, ME 04333-0036

To file a complaint electronically, you may contact the Bureau of Financial Institutions at the following internet address: http://www.state.me.us/pfr/bkg/bkg_consumer.htm

The Bureau of Financial Institutions will acknowledge receipt of your complaint promptly and investigate your claim. You will be informed of the results of the investigation.

When your complaint involves a federally-chartered financial institution, such as Bank of America, the Bureau of Financial Institutions will refer it to the appropriate federal supervisory agency and inform you to whom it has been referred.

EXHIBIT C

This Card Agreement and the applicable Schedule of Electronic Fees and Dollar Limits on Transactions are a contract between you and us ("Card Agreement") regarding your Bank of America debit card or ATM Card (Business ATM Card, or Access Device). It describes the electronic banking services you can use with your Card (as defined below) and includes information about our and your rights and obligations. The Card Agreement, which is part of the Deposit Agreement and Disclosures and any related Personal Schedule of Fees or Business Schedule of Fees (collectively the "Deposit Agreement") apply to each Bank of America deposit account that you link to your Card. If the Card Agreement and any other provisions of the Deposit Agreement are inconsistent, this Card Agreement governs. For purposes of this agreement, references to the Personal Schedule of Fees shall include the Personal Schedule of Fees for SafeLink Banking.

Throughout this Card Agreement, the words "we," "us" or "our" refer to Bank of America, N.A. "You" and "your" refer to each natural person, when we issue a Card and the entirety of each deposit account to which a Card is linked. Unless otherwise noted, references to checking accounts include SafeLink Banking accounts.

"Access Device" means a card, code or other means of access to a consumer's account or any combination that may be used to initiate electronic funds transfers. Electronic Funds Transfers include all transfers resulting from debit cards, ATM cards, electronic payments, credits and transfers, telephone transfers, and online banking transactions.

"ATM" means an automated teller machine.

"ATM Card" means a card that can only be used at an ATM and at limited PIN-based point-of-sale (POS) terminals.

"Business ATM Card" means an ATM Card that is linked to a deposit account opened for business purposes.

"Card" means a personal Bank of America debit card, personal ATM Card, Business ATM Card, mini-card, mobile tag or any other Access Device that is linked to at least one deposit account with us.

You agree to the terms of this Card Agreement by activating, using a Card or by allowing another person to use a Card. If you are the owner of a business deposit account to which a Business ATM Card is linked, your agreement that activation or use of a Card by any authorized signers or others you authorize to use a Card constitutes your agreement to the terms of this Card Agreement.

1. **Your Responsibility**

When you open or maintain a Bank of America deposit account, you may choose to receive a Card. You agree to use your Card only in the manner and for the purposes described in the Card Agreement. If you attempt to use your Card in any other manner or for any other purpose, we may decline the transaction or your discretion may be complete without incurring any liability to honor the same type of transaction on future occasions. If a signature panel is provided on your Card, you must sign your Card. You are responsible for all transactions and charges incurred through use of your Card by you or anyone you allow to use your Card. You agree to take reasonable precautions to prevent unauthorized use of your Card or disclosure of your PIN. You will notify us promptly if such use or disclosure occurs. If you overstate your account in connection with a transaction, you must promptly repay us. You agree not to use or attempt to use an expired, recalled or otherwise invalid Card. If you breach or do not fulfill any term of this Card Agreement, you are responsible to us for all damages and losses.

2. **Getting Started**

a. Linking Accounts. You must link your Card to at least one Bank of America deposit account. We may limit the number of deposit accounts you may link to your Card. If you have a debit card, you must link it to your primary checking account. You may be permitted to link your Card to a visiting Bank of America credit card account. If you do so, you may then use the Card to obtain credit on that account under terms previously disclosed in the applicable credit card agreement. You may not be able to link certain Bank of America accounts to your Card.

You may also link your debit card to certain Merrill Lynch brokerage accounts as long as your debit card is attached to a primary checking account. If you close your primary checking account, any Merrill Lynch brokerage accounts will be deleted automatically from your debit card.

b. Your PIN. If you do not select your Card when you request your Card, a randomly selected PIN will be sent to you and should arrive within one week after you receive your Card. If you do not receive your PIN, call us at the number listed in Section 10 below. If you currently have a PIN, it continues to apply in any replacement Card issued to you with the same Card number.

c. Activating your Card. When we send you a Card, for your protection, the Card is not activated. Before using your Card, you must activate it by either calling the number on the sticker affixed to your Card or by completing an ATM transaction. If you received a mini-card or mobile tag, activating your Card also activates the mini-card or mobile tag. If you do not wish to use your Card, please dispose of the Card carefully by cutting it up.

Special Rules for Mobile Tags

The mobile tag cannot be used for ATM transactions. You may use your mobile tag to make point-of-sale transactions at merchant locations that accept mobile tags. The mobile tag does not have your 16-digit Card number or expiration date so you must refer to your full-size Card when that information is needed (e.g., to establish recurring preauthorized payments or to return merchandise). The mobile tag does not have a separate purchase link; it is shared with the link applicable to your Card.

If installing, removing, and/or using a mobile tag on your mobile phone, it is possible that the warranties covering your mobile phone are voided and that your mobile phone, you or your property may be damaged. Bank of America is not liable for any damage to you, your mobile property or your mobile phone, including but not limited to, loss of, or warranties, physical damage, data corruption, phone interference, inability to make or receive phone calls, degradation of phone capabilities, change in specific application data entry, software corruption, and/or lost data, to

your mobile phone. You are responsible for determining what warranties may be voided by the use of the tag with your mobile phone. You assume all liability for any damage and loss of warranties.

d. Using your ATM Card. You may use your ATM Card to perform transactions at ATMs. If you link your ATM Card to a checking account, you may also use your ATM Card to make purchases at merchant locations that accept PIN-based payments.

e. Using Your debit card on/for Access Device. If you have a debit card linked to your checking account, you may use your debit card to make purchases at merchants that accept debit cards and you may also obtain cash from financial institutions that accept debit cards.

3. Services Available at ATMs

You authorize us to honor the instructions you give us through ATMs. Different services are available at Bank of America ATMs than at non-Bank of America ATMs and fees may apply for use of non-Bank of America ATMs. From time to time we may amend, add or delete services available at Bank of America ATMs and we may place or change limits on the number or dollar amount of transactions you may make. Some transactions may not be available, or may not be immediately available, at all cardholders at some ATMs.

a. Bank of America ATMs. A Bank of America ATM is an ATM that prominently displays the Bank of America name and logo on the ATM. These ATMs are generally available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, except during routine systems maintenance and occasional system down time. At some locations, business hours may restrict access. Specific hours of operation are shown at an ATM with restricted access. You may use your Card at ATMs to perform the following transactions:

- Make deposits on your linked deposit accounts;
- Withdraw funds from your linked deposit accounts;
- Obtain balance information about your linked deposit accounts, credit card accounts and lines of credit;
- Make payments to your linked Bank of America accounts;
- Transfer funds between your linked deposit accounts, credit card accounts and lines of credit;
- Transfer funds between credit products (as not permitted); and
- Obtain a cash advance on the line of credit.

*Lines of credit cannot be linked to Business ATM Cards (except as provided in Section 17).

PLEASE NOTE: All services may be available at all Bank of America ATMs. Services are available only for designated Bank of America accounts linked to your Card.

To the extent any of the above transactions involves a loan, line of credit or credit card account, such transactions shall be governed exclusively by the applicable loan, line of credit agreement or credit card agreement. Please refer to your loan or line of credit agreement for use and fee details.

You may use your Card at most Bank of America ATMs to perform the following transactions with Merrill Lynch brokerage accounts linked to your debit card (see Section 19 for additional details):

- Make deposits to your linked linked brokerage accounts;
- Withdraw funds from your linked linked brokerage accounts;
- Obtain balance information about your linked linked brokerage accounts;
- Transfer funds between your linked linked brokerage accounts (not available for International CMA Account); and
- Transfer funds between your linked linked brokerage accounts and your deposit accounts (not available for International CMA Account).

To the extent any of the above transactions involves the Merrill Lynch Margin Lending Program, such transactions shall be governed exclusively by the Margin Lending Agreement (as defined in Section 19).

b. Non-Bank of America ATMs. A non-Bank of America ATM is an ATM that does not prominently display the Bank of America name and logo on the ATM. These ATMs may be owned by, be one of our affiliates or by someone else. You may use your Card at non-Bank of America ATMs to perform the following transactions with the primary Bank of America deposit accounts linked to your Card:

- Withdraw funds from your linked primary deposit accounts;
- Transfer funds between your linked primary deposit accounts; and
- Obtain balance information about your linked primary deposit accounts.

You may access only one checking and one savings account at non-Bank of America ATMs. If you have more than one deposit account linked to your Card, we will automatically restrict primary access for you to the ATM screen at which account you want to use for this service. You cannot use your Card at non-Bank of America ATMs to access Merrill Lynch brokerage accounts linked to your Card.

c. Limitations on some ATM transactions.

Withdrawals. We may decline your request to make a withdrawal if your available account balance, including your optional protection coverage, if any, is not sufficient to cover the transaction. If you want us to authorize and pay an overdraft on your ATM withdrawal at a Bank of America ATM, you can agree to the overdraft on the ATM screen at the time of the withdrawal. Your consent applies to that withdrawal. The ability to overdraft at the ATM is not available with SafeLink Banking accounts.

Deposits. We may deposit paper currency and checks at most Bank of America ATMs. You may not deposit checks at other items. Some Bank of America ATMs do not accept deposits. If the ATM will not accept your deposit, please call us at the number listed on your statement or use a teller or one of our banking centers for assistance. When you make a deposit

at a Bank of America ATM, only a portion of the amount may be immediately available for withdrawal or other use. The remaining funds are generally available the next business day. Business days mean days the availability of funds that you deposit by check. Please refer to the Deposit Agreement for additional information regarding availability of funds. Immediate credit is not given for deposits to business accounts.

Balance Information. The information about your account balance that you receive at an ATM is usually the balance as of the beginning of the day on the calendar date shown. The balance may not reflect transactions that post to your account during the calendar date shown.

d. Bank of America ATM with Teller Assist

Selected Bank of America ATMs provide you with the option to connect to a teller using real time video during expanded business hours beyond when banking centers are generally open. Specific hours of availability are shown at ATMs with "Teller Assist." You can also choose to use standard ATM functionality when Teller Assist is not available. ATMs with Teller Assist permit you to perform an expanded list of transactions including:

- Deposits to your checking or savings account and receive cash back;
- Deposits to the checking or savings account of other Bank of America customers;
- Split deposits between up to two of your checking and savings accounts;
- Payments to your credit card on loan account or the credit card or loan account of other Bank of America customers;
- Getting a check for the most amount including the receipt of coins;
- Transferring funds between your checking and savings accounts.

Please note that transactions involving Merrill Lynch brokerage accounts are only available when using the standard ATM functionality.

e. Point of Sale Purchase with Your Card

You may use your Card to pay for goods and services and to receive cash back from the transaction at retail locations that accept Cards. The merchant may limit the amount of cash back. You may use your debit card to obtain cash at financial institutions. The merchant or financial institution may charge a fee for these transactions. We are not liable if a merchant or financial institution does not accept your Card or if a merchant or financial institution does not accept your Card to purchase goods or services or to obtain cash at a merchant or financial institution. You authorize us to deduct the amount of the transaction, including any fees, from your deposit account. Even if the merchant's terminal allows you to choose debit or credit, the amount of the transaction is deducted from your deposit account. It is not a credit transaction and your Card is not a credit card.

f. Eligible accounts. To use this purchase service, you must have a checking account, linked to your debit card, you may not use this purchase service with savings or money market savings accounts.

g. Holds. When we accept a request from a merchant or other financial institution to authorize a transaction you conduct with your Card, we may place a hold on the funds. The hold reduces the available balance in your account by the amount stated in the request. Because the hold reduces the available balance in your account, your remaining available balance may be sufficient to cover checks and other items that post to your account (such as interest and ATM withdrawals, electronic funds transfers, and other debits) but may not be sufficient for overdrafts or items we decline or return unpaid. Please refer to the Personal Schedule of Fees for your account for more details on applicable fees. In most cases, the hold expires when the transaction posts to your account or three business days after the request, whichever occurs first. When the hold expires, the amount being held is added to or subtracted from your available balance. The amount not applied to a specific transaction (Please note that placing these holds reduces the available balance) by your account and remaining these holds either increases or decreases the available balance in your account. We occasionally decide not to place a hold and usually do not place a hold if we believe the requested amount is an estimate. As an example, some merchants may request an authorization for the amount that they estimate you will spend. The estimated amount is likely to be different (either more or less) than the actual transaction amount. If we do place a hold, however, please note that the hold may impact your available balance by its amount either more or less than you expected and the transaction posts. We are not responsible for damages or losses of any type, including wrongful disburse for any transaction that is not authorized or that is returned unpaid because of a hold.

h. Refunds, stop payments and merchant disputes. You do not receive cash refunds for returns of merchandise or services purchased using your Card. When a merchant gives you a refund for a purchase made using your Card, the refund is credited back to your account and will appear on your next statement. You may not place a stop payment on a purchase transaction. You must settle any disputes you have about goods or services you purchase using your Card directly with the merchant. If a merchant's merchandise, the quality, price, or warranty of goods and services you purchase using your Card, we are not liable for you or responsible for any damages or losses that result from the merchant's misrepresentation.

i. Recurring preauthorized payments. Recurring preauthorized payments occur when you authorize a merchant to automatically initiate a payment using your debit card on a recurring basis. If we issue a new Card with a different number to you, we may first send you a request to provide your new Card number and expiration date to a merchant with whom you have set up a recurring preauthorized payment.

Stopping payment. To stop payment on a recurring preauthorized payment or to notify us that your authorization is no longer valid, call us or write us using the telephone number and address listed in Section 18 below in ten or so to receive your request at least three (3) business days before the next payment is scheduled to be made. We will get your request to stop payment less than three (3) business days before the payment date, we may not be able to stop the payment. If you call, we may also require you to provide us with your request in writing within 14 days after you call.

You must tell us the exact amount of the payment you want stopped, as well as other identifying information that we request. If you want to revoke authority for future preauthorized payments from a particular merchant, or if you want to stop payment on a particular transaction, you should contact the merchant and tell the merchant to cancel the recurring preauthorized payment. We may require you to provide us with a copy of your written notice of revocation to the merchant. If we require written confirmation of your revocation and do not receive it, we may remove the stop payment order after 14 days. We may charge you a fee for each stop payment request and each removal of that request. If you request us to stop payment and have provided us with the information we require within the above time periods and we fail to stop payment, we will be liable for your damages directly caused by our failure to stop payment.

Mobile or recurring payments. If these recurring preauthorized payments vary in amount, the merchant you authorized to initiate the payments is required to send you written notice of the amount and date of the transfer at least 10 days before the scheduled date of transfer. You also have the option to receive notice only when a transfer falls outside of a specific range of amounts or only when a transfer differs from the most recent transfer by more than an agreed-upon amount.

a. Merchant acceptance of your Card. We have no liability or responsibility, if for any reason, your Card is not honored for all or part of a transaction on any establishment or the merchant fails to abide by the applicable network rules and regulations when accepting your Card.

b. Foreign Transactions

If you use your debit card to purchase goods or services in a foreign currency in U.S. dollars with a foreign merchant ("Foreign Transaction"), we will assess an International Transaction Fee. Please note that Foreign Transactions include U.S. currency transactions made in the U.S. but with a foreign merchant. If the foreign transaction is made in U.S. dollars, the International Transaction Fee will be 3% of that U.S. dollar amount. If the foreign transaction is made in a foreign currency, "Visa" or "MasterCard" will convert the transaction into a U.S. dollar amount, and the International Transaction Fee will be 3% of that converted U.S. dollar amount. If you use your Card to obtain foreign currency from an ATM, "Visa" or "MasterCard" will convert the transaction into a U.S. dollar amount, and the International Transaction Fee will be 3% of that converted U.S. dollar amount. Other ATM fees may apply per your Schedule of Fees. Please note that if you are a personal account holder and a U.S. Trust Bank of America Private Wealth Management Client, Merrill Lynch Wealth Management Client who maintains a certain asset level or maintains Associate status, we will not assess the International Transaction Fee, but we will do so if you no longer maintain that status. The currency conversion rate used by "Visa" will be either (1) a rate selected by "Visa" from a range of rates available in wholesale currency markets for the applicable central processing date, which we may differ from the "Visa" market, or (2) a government-mandated rate in effect for the central processing date. The currency conversion rate used by MasterCard will be either (1) a wholesale market rate selected by MasterCard, or (2) a government-mandated rate. The rate used by "Visa" or MasterCard on the processing date may differ from the rate on the date of your transaction.

c. Dollar Limits on Transactions

When you use your Card at ATMs and for purchases transactions, you may apply a daily limit to the amount you are authorized to withdraw from your deposit accounts during each day—a cash limit and a purchase limit. These limits are listed in the Schedule of Dollar Limits on Transactions. The limits are based on your relationship with us and the type of Card you have with us. In addition, we may establish higher or lower limits upon your request.

Unless we have established another limit for you, your limits that set forth in the Schedule of Dollar Limits on Transactions. If we agree to establish a higher or lower limit for a temporary period, your limit will return to the limit set forth in the Schedule of Dollar Limits on Transactions for other agreed limits when the temporary period expires. We may issue our authorization, and permit withdrawals and purchases, interest of your daily limit. We may decline any transaction if it does not have enough available funds in your account, including your overdraft protection coverage. If any of these transactions will not be completed, the transaction and overdraft your account. We may decline any transaction if it appears to us to be suspicious or high risk.

Cash Back. For all cardholders the cash limit is the total amount you are authorized to withdraw each day from your deposit accounts (ATM using your Card, Your cash limits include: (a) purchases of money orders, cashier's checks, or other similar instruments and other things of value and (b) cash you obtain from a financial institution. Please note that some ATMs may not be able to dispense the full amount of your cash limit in a single transaction in which case you may need to perform more than one transaction.

Purchase limit. The purchase limit is the total amount of goods or services you are authorized to pay for each day from your deposit accounts by using your Card. Cash back you may receive from financial institutions counts against your purchase limit. Cash back also includes (a) purchases of money orders, cashier's checks, or other similar instruments and other things of value and (b) cash you obtain from a financial institution. Your purchase limit generally is in addition to your cash limit.

For security purposes, we may place other restrictions on the purchase limit from time to time.

7. Overdrafts and Unpaid Transactions

If you do not have enough available funds in your account, including optional protection coverage, if any, to cover every day non-recurring debit card purchases or ATM withdrawals, we will decline the transaction and you will not be subject to overdraft fees. For checks, ACH recurring debit card transactions and online bill payments, we may decline or return the transaction unpaid or we may complete it, and overdraft your account. The Schedule of Fees for your account which is a part of and was provided with the Deposit Agreement and Disclosures, explains when we charge you a fee for overdrafts and declined or returned items and the dollar amount of each fee. Please review the Schedule

of fees carefully. If use of your Card results in an overdraft on your account, you agree to immediately repay us the amount of the overdraft. If you participate in an overdraft protection program, a transfer to cover an overdraft instead of having your Card subject to the terms of the agreement for that program. If your deposit account is closed, leaving outstanding but unpaid transactions originated by using the Card, we may remove your deposit account and post these transactions to your deposit account. You agree to immediately repay us the amount of these outstanding transactions.

8. Reconciliation of Transactions

ATM transfers. You can get a receipt at the time you make any transfer to or from your accounts using an ATM. However, this receipt is not final since each transaction is subject to verification by us. If the receipt and our records conflict, our records will govern.

Purchase receipts. When you make a purchase or cash back withdrawal, the merchant or financial institution usually gives you a receipt.

Deposit account statements. We send you a monthly deposit account statement unless there are no transfers in a particular month. In any case, we send you a statement at least every three (3) months. Your deposit account statement lists each transaction and the date it was posted to your account. The date the transaction posts to your account may differ from the date on your receipt, which shows the day you conducted the transaction. If you think your deposit account statement or ATM receipt is wrong or if you need more information about a transaction, call us or write us at the number and address listed in Section 18 of this Card Agreement.

9. Business Days

Our business days are Monday through Friday, excluding federal holidays. Please note that we may switch from one business day to the next business day before the end of the calendar day.

10. Electronic Banking Fees

We charge fees for electronic banking services to your deposit account. The ATM fees are listed in the Schedule of Fees for your account which is part of and was provided with your Deposit Agreement and Disclosures. For other fees that apply, please refer to the Schedule of Fees for your account and the Deposit Agreement and Disclosures. We may also charge you a handling fee if you request a special service.

a. Transactions at Bank of America ATMs. There are no ATM fees to make withdrawals, deposits, payments, transfers or balance inquiries using your Card at Bank of America ATMs.

b. Transactions at Non-Bank of America ATMs. We charge you a fee for each withdrawal, transfer and inquiry you make with your Card at non-Bank of America ATMs. For details, see the Schedule of Fees for your account which is a part of and was provided with the Deposit Agreement and Disclosures. When you use a non-Bank of America ATM, you may be charged a fee by the ATM operator or any network used and you may be charged a fee for a balance inquiry even if you do not complete a fund transfer.

c. Other Electronic Banking Fees. A fee applies when you authorize another financial institution to use your debit card or debit card number to conduct a transaction (such as a withdrawal, transfer or payment) and the other financial institution processes the transaction as a cash disbursement. For money market savings accounts (Money Market Savings and Cash Management accounts), we charge an Excess Transaction Fee for each transaction—including electronic transactions—that exceeds the number of limited transactions you may make each statement period. For savings accounts, if your minimum balance falls below the minimum balance requirement during the month, we may charge an excess withdrawal fee for each withdrawal you make (including withdrawals made by electronic debit) during the month in excess of the specified limit. We charge a stop payment fee for each request to stop payment on a transfer. For details, please see the Schedule of Fees for your account which is a part of and was provided with the Deposit Agreement. When you use your Card to purchase a transaction, the merchant may assess a fee. These fees are normally disclosed at the ATM or merchant's location and may be included in the transaction amount that appears on your account statement.

11. Handling Information to Third Parties

Our privacy policy for consumers is described in our brochure U.S. Consumer Privacy Notice. We provide our privacy policy brochure to consumers who open a personal account with us when they open an account and annually thereafter while the account is active. Our privacy policy brochure describes our general policy on handling consumer information and describes the situations where we may disclose information, including some examples.

12. Electronic Fund Transfer Rights

Error Resolution. In case of errors or questions about your electronic transfers, call us at the number or write us at the address listed in Section 18 below. Call or write as soon as possible. If you think your statement or receipt is wrong or if you need more information about a transfer listed on the statement or receipt, We must hear from you no later than 60 days after we have sent you the first statement on which the problem or error appeared. When you call or write us:

- Tell us your name, account number and, to the best of your knowledge, when the error occurred;
- Describe the error or transaction you are inquiring about, and explain as much as you can why you believe it is an error or why you need more information; and
- Tell us the dollar amount of the suspected error.

If you tell us of an error, we may require that you send your complaint or question in writing within 10 business days. We will determine whether an error occurred within 10 business days after we hear from you and will correct any error promptly. If we need more time, however, we may take up to 45 days to investigate your complaint or question. If

the alleged error involves a transfer resulting from a point-of-sale transaction, a transaction initiated outside a state, territory or possession of the United States, you may take up to 90 days (instead of 45) to investigate. If we decide to do this, we will provisionally credit your account within 10 business days of the amount you think is in error, so that you will have use of the money during the time it takes us to complete our investigation. If we ask you to put your complaint or question in writing and we do not resolve it within 10 business days, we may not provisionally credit your account. We will ask you the results within three business days after completing our investigation. If we decide that there was no error, we will send you a written explanation. You may ask for copies of any documents that we used in our investigation. If you are a new customer and the error or question concerns an electronic transaction that occurred within 30 days after the first deposit to the account was made, we will ask you the results of our investigation within 20 business days after we hear from you. If we need more time, we may take up to 50 days to investigate. In this case, we will credit your account within 20 business days for the amount you think is in error so that you have the use of the money during the time it takes us to complete our investigation.

Additional Information for Massachusetts Customers.

- Any documentation provided to you which indicates that an electronic fund transfer was made that is attributable to evidence of the transfer and shall constitute prima facie proof that the transfer was made and
 - The initiation by you of certain electronic fund transfers from your account may effectively eliminate your ability to stop payment of the transfer.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN OUR ELECTRONIC BANKING AGREEMENT, YOU MAY NOT STOP PAYMENT OF ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFERS. THEREFORE, YOU SHOULD NOT EMPLOY ELECTRONIC ACCESS FOR PURCHASES OR SERVICES UNLESS YOU ARE SATISFIED THAT YOU WILL NOT NEED TO STOP PAYMENT.**
- A. Our liability for failure to complete transactions.** The following description of our liability to you is not meant to be a full explanation of either your or our legal rights or obligations, which may vary depending on applicable law. There may also be other exceptions not specifically mentioned below. This liability disclosure does not apply to Business ATM cards.

- If we do not complete a transfer to or from your account on time or in the correct amount according to our agreement with you, we will be liable for your losses or damages. However, there are some exceptions. We will not be liable, for instance:
- It through no fault of ours, you do not have enough available funds in your account to make the transfer;
 - If the machine where you are making the transaction does not have enough cash;
 - If the ATM terminal or system was not working properly and you knew about the breakdown when you started the transaction;
 - If circumstances beyond our control (such as power outages, equipment failures, fire or flood) prevent the transaction, despite reasonable precautions that we have taken to avoid these circumstances;
 - If your Card or PIN has been reported to be or suspected of being lost or stolen, and we have taken action to prevent transactions with the Card or PIN;
 - If your account is subject to some legal process, right of seizure or embargo restricting the transaction, or if the funds in your account are not immediately available for completing a transaction;
 - If there are other exceptions stated in our agreement with you which cover the particular type account or accounts involved in a specific transaction;
 - If the transfer would go over the credit limit on your credit line account; or
 - If an account becomes dormant, in which case we may remove Card access to that account.
- B. Limit of American's "Zero Liability protection" policy for Unauthorized Transactions.** Federal law (described in the Regulation E Liability Disclosure in Section 12.2 below) may limit your liability for unauthorized use, but you may still be liable in some circumstances.

Under the Bank of America "Zero Liability protection" policy, you may incur no liability for unauthorized use of your Card up to the amount of the unauthorized transaction, provided you notify us within a reasonable time of the loss or theft of your Card. Card number or PIN or its unauthorized use, subject to the following terms and conditions.

Excluded transactions. Our zero liability policy does not apply to any unauthorized electronic fund transfer on an account which does not involve use of a Card or Card number.

"Unauthorized" defined. A transaction is considered "unauthorized" if it is initiated by someone other than you (the cardholder) without your actual or apparent authority and you receive no benefit from the transaction. A transaction is not considered "unauthorized" if (1) you furnish the Card, Card number or other identifying information to another person and expressly or implicitly give that individual authority to perform one or more transactions, and the person then exceeds that authority; or (2) if any other reason we conclude that the facts and circumstances do not reasonably support a claim of unauthorized use.

"Reasonable time" defined. Reasonable time will be determined in our sole discretion based on the circumstances, but will not be less than the time frames specified under the Electronic Fund Transfer Act or Regulation E. Under the Regulation E Liability Disclosure in Section 12.2 below, if you have a Business ATM Card, the same definition of "reasonable time" will apply to you but the consumer protections of the Electronic Fund Transfer Act or Regulation E will not apply to you or your Business ATM Card.

Other considerations. We may deny you the benefit of this policy if (1) we ask you for a written statement, affidavit or other information in support of the claim, and you do not provide it within the time requested or within a reasonable time if no date is stated; or (2) under any other unusual circumstances where we believe denial is appropriate.

Limitation of our liability. Our liability under this policy is limited to reimbursing you for the amount of your loss up to the last amount of any unauthorized Card transaction covered by this policy. We are not liable for any claims of special, indirect or consequential damages.

Your rights under Regulation E. If your claim does not meet the prescribed conditions for reimbursement under the above policy you still retain any consumer rights you may have under Regulation E, as described in section 12.2 below, and we will automatically re-examine the claim in accordance with those rights. Those rights do not apply to business cards.

4. Regulation E Liability Disclosure. Your Responsibility in Case of Card, Theft, or Unauthorized Transactions. The following provisions apply only to accounts established primarily for personal, family or household purposes and do not apply to business accounts. Tell us AT ONCE if you believe your Card, Card number, or PIN has been lost, stolen or if you believe that an electronic fund transfer has been made without your permission using information from your check. Reporting is the best way of keeping your possible losses down. You may call us or write us at the telephone number and address listed in Section 12.2 of this Card Agreement. If you tell us within two business days after you learn of the loss or theft, you can have no more than \$500 for an unauthorized electronic funds transfer or a series of related unauthorized transfers that someone else used your Card or PIN without your permission.

If you do NOT tell us within two business days after you learn of the loss or theft of your Card or PIN and we can prove we could have stopped someone from using your Card or PIN without your permission if you had told us, you could lose as much as \$500. Your losses could include all of the money in your account plus any advances on a credit line or overdraft protection linked to your account.

Also, if your statement shows transfers that you did not make, including those made by Card, Card number, code or other means, tell us at once. If you do not tell us within 60 days after the statement was mailed to you, you may not get back any money you lost after the 60 days if we can prove that we could have stopped someone from taking the money if you had told us promptly. If a good reason (such as a long trip or a hospital stay) kept you from telling us, we may extend the time periods.

Massachusetts customers can lose no more than \$500 if we fail to give us notice of your lost or stolen Card or PIN, and your Card or PIN is used without your permission. Note: These liability rules are established by Regulation E. Our Zero Liability policy, as described in Section 12.2, above, regarding unauthorized transactions on personal accounts that involve use of a personal Card, may give you more protection, provided you report the transactions promptly. Also, the state law applicable to your account may give you more time to report an unauthorized transaction or may give you more protection.

You should also note that when you give someone your Card or PIN, you are authorizing that person to use your Card and you are responsible for all transactions that person performs with your Card or PIN. These transactions are authorized transactions. Transactions are considered unauthorized only when you notify us that the person is no longer authorized. Transactions that you or someone acting with you initiate with fraudulent intent are also authorized transactions. Remember, do not write your PIN on or carry the PIN with you. This reduces the possibility of someone using your Card without your permission. It is lost or stolen.

13. Security.

A. Confidentiality of PIN. You agree not to disclose to anyone the PIN furnished by us or selected by you to be used in ATM or point-of-sale transactions with the Card.

B. ATM safety. Please refer to the safety tips for using your Card as a PIN found on the marker that came with your Card for important information about how to protect yourself when using your Card at an ATM.

NOTICE: As part of the security system to help protect your Card and PIN, we may use hidden cameras and other security devices at some ATMs to determine who is using a Card at an ATM.

14. Our Right to Cancel or Block Your Card

We may decide to issue or remove a Card and we may cancel or suspend your Card privileges with or without cause or notice, other than that required by federal or state law. Your Card remains our property and we may repossess it at any time. If we cancel your cardholder privileges, you must surrender the Card to us or our authorized agent, upon demand or upon notice of cancellation. If the Card is used other than as permitted by this Card Agreement, we may at our option and without violating your rights, complete the transaction and debit or credit your account accordingly. The cardholder's Card privileges does not affect other terms or your Card Agreement. If we restate your Card privileges, the Card Agreement is also automatically reinstated.

If the Card we send you is returned undelivered or if a Card or PIN is reported as lost or stolen, we may reissue use of any Card with the same number or may reissue this use of any Cards with all your accounts. If you lose or card your Card to conduct a transaction within the last 12 months, we may block or cancel your Card without any notice to you.

15. General Terms

a. Release and severability. You waive and release us from any obligations that could arise due to defenses, rights and claims you have or may have, against any third party on account of the use of the Card. We may deny enforcing our rights under the Card Agreement without losing them. If we waive a provision of the Card Agreement, the waiver applies only in the specific instance in which we decide to waive the provision and not to future situations or other provisions.

If any part of this Card Agreement is inconsistent with any applicable law, then to the extent the law can be amended by contract, you and we agree that this Card Agreement, governs and that the law as amended by the Card Agreement.

A determination that any part of this Card Agreement is invalid or unenforceable will not affect the remainder of this Card Agreement.

B. Sales and purchase slips. We report Card transactions on your deposit account statements. We do not return copies of sales slips or other items related to the use of the Card. You may obtain a copy of a sales slip or debit slip upon your prompt request.

C. Amendments. We may change this Card Agreement at any time. For example, we may add new terms and conditions and we may delete or amend existing terms and conditions. We generally send you advance notice of the change. If a proposed change is favorable to you, however, we may make the change at any time without advance notice. If you continue to use your Card, you agree to the revised agreement. If you do not agree, you must cancel this Card Agreement by notice to us and destroy your Card(s).

D. Joint accounts. If your checking or savings account is jointly owned with one or more other persons, each of you is subject to this Card Agreement and each of you is individually and jointly responsible for all obligations arising from the use of your Card. Any notice given to us will be deemed given to all parties on a joint account. If mailed in writing (or electronically sent), then you agree to receive notices electronically to any one person bound by this Card Agreement at the address we have for that person in our records.

E. Credit or information inquiries. You authorize us to make from time to time such credit, employment and investigative inquiries as we deem appropriate in connection with the issuance and use of your Card. We may furnish information concerning your account or credit file to consumer reporting agencies and others who may properly receive that information and otherwise provided in the Deposit Agreement.

F. Legal proceedings. You agree that you will only use the Card for transactions that are legal. You agree that you will not use your Card for any illegal transactions or activity, for example those prohibited by the Unlawful Internet Gambling Enforcement Act, 31 U.S.C. Section 5361, et seq. ("Display of a Visa," MasterCard" or other payment card logo by an in-line merchant does not mean that an internet transaction is legal when you conduct it. You agree that we may charge your account for such transactions and that we are not liable to you if you engage in an illegal transaction. For example, we reserve the right to decline transactions with merchants we have identified as gambling establishment owners but we are not obligated to do so. We do not decline such transactions; you authorize us to deduct the amount of such transactions from your account.

G. Applicable law. You and our rights and obligations under this Card Agreement are governed by and interpreted according to federal law and the laws of the state where we open your account or if we transfer your account to another location, where we currently maintain your account. If state and federal laws are inconsistent or if state law is preempted by federal law, federal law governs.

16. Other Agreements

None of our electronic banking services may also be affected by the agreements between you and us for your deposit, loan and credit card accounts. When you link an account to your Card, you do not change the agreements you already have with us for that account. You should review those agreements for any applicable fees, limitations on the number of transactions you can make, and for other restrictions which might impact your use of an account with our electronic banking services.

17. Business ATM Card and Business Accounts

This section applies to Business ATM Cards and business accounts linked to personal cards only in all states except California. Many business checking, savings and credit card accounts can be accessed using a Business ATM Card. You agree that any authorized signer to whom we issue a Business ATM Card is authorized to use the Business ATM Card to conduct transactions on accounts linked to the Business ATM Card.

Your Business ATM Card can be used for the same transactions as a personal ATM Card, except as follows:

- You are not given immediate credit for deposited items at ATMs;
- You cannot use your Business ATM Card to access personal accounts;
- You are subject to other limitations set forth herein or in other materials provided to you and
- Generally, you may not use your Card to access funds of funds. However, in some states, such access may be available. For more information, please call us at the number listed on your statement.

We are not liable for transactions conducted with a Business ATM Card or Business ATM Card number before you notify us of any loss or theft except as set forth in our "Zero Liability" policy described herein. You understand that federal law does not protect you from unauthorized transactions with a Business ATM Card. You as the account owner (whether a sole proprietor, partnership, corporation, limited liability company or other business type), and each authorized signer to whom a Card is issued acknowledges that neither the federal Electronic Fund Transfers Act nor Regulation E applies to any transactions made with a Business ATM Card or Business ATM Card number.

If you are a sole proprietor, you may access your business account by linking it to a personal Card. If you also link a personal account to the personal Card, then the transactions on the personal account are subject to Regulation E and the Electronic Fund Transfers Act but the transactions on the business account are not subject to that regulation or law. When a business account is linked to a personal Card, the business account is not subject to Regulation E but is otherwise subject to the terms of this Card Agreement. Certain fees may apply. Please review your current Business Schedule of Fees. Sole proprietor business accounts linked to a personal Card may be subject to fees as described in the current Personal Schedule of Fees.

You agree to report lost or stolen cards immediately. This may help to reduce your potential liability. If you have questions about your Card or any transaction, please call 1.800.85.SNEX31 (1.800.857.7631).

18. Telephone Number and Address to Be Notified in Event of Unauthorized Transfer and Lost or Stolen Bank of America ATM cards and debit cards

If you believe your Card is lost or stolen, your PIN has been discovered, or that someone has transferred or may transfer money from your account without your permission, you must notify us immediately by calling the number listed below. If unauthorized activity occurs, you agree to cooperate during the investigation and to complete a Lost/Stolen Card and Fraud Claims Report or similar affidavit.

Telephone:

Altitude:

English: 1.800.432.1000

Spanish: 1.800.568.6086

TDD: 1.800.286.4409

Outside U.S.: 1.800.848.6050

Or write:

Bank of America

Dispute Resolution Services

P.O. Box 53137

Phoenix, AZ 85072-3137

19. IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR INTERNAL CREDIT CARD MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS AND INTERNATIONAL CASH MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS.

If you request your debit card to be linked to your Cash Management Account ("CMA" account) or International CMA Account (each a "Reimbursement Account"), the following provisions apply:

Your checking account through Bank of America, N.A. is governed by the Deposit Agreement. Your Reimbursement Account through Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated is governed by the CMA Account Disclosures and Account Agreement or the International CMA Terms and Conditions, as applicable (each a "Reimbursement Account Agreement"), is amended from time to time. All references in this Card Agreement to the "Deposit Agreement" shall be deemed to also refer to the applicable Reimbursement Account Agreement with respect to your Card's access to Reimbursement Accounts.

Also, certain references in this Card Agreement to "deposit account" shall include the Purchasing Power (as defined in your Reimbursement Account Agreement) of your Reimbursement Account, and the provisions of this Card Agreement are generally applicable to your use of a debit card in connection with the Reimbursement Account. However, in some respects, additional or different provisions may apply.

For example, see your Reimbursement Account Agreement for a description of the order in which the various assets in your Reimbursement Account are accessed when you make any type of withdrawal, including ATM withdrawals. There may be other provisions relevant to your use of a debit card in your Reimbursement Account Agreement that are particular to your Reimbursement Account, such as transaction limits at ATM. Also, there may be certain provisions of this Card Agreement that are inapplicable, or only partially applicable, to Reimbursement Accounts. For example, your ability to make balance inquiries at ATM will be limited to the Purchasing Power of your Reimbursement Account. Reimbursement Account transactions and the value of your Reimbursement Account will not be included in your balance inquiries at ATM.

Investment products provided by Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated.

ARE NOT FDIC-INSURED	MAY LOSE VALUE	ARE NOT BANK-GUARANTEED
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For safety tips on using your Card at ATMs, please see the reverse side of your Card carrier.



08/2014
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Important Information Brochure: Card Agreement and Disclosure

Personal Debit Cards, Personal ATM Cards, Business ATM Cards and Access Devices

Effective July 1, 2014, for cards and other Access Devices associated with deposit accounts opened in all states and the District of Columbia.